"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; clouding and warmer Thursday; east to south winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,918. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1909.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark / Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

COULDN'T AWAKEN HYPNOTIST'S SUBJECT

Friend Cries in Vain to the Man Dead in the Morgue That His Heart Is Beating.

FORMER PIANO MOVER HELD

Must Answer to Grand Jury in Somerville, N. J., for Death of Man He Hypnotized for Exhibition.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Nov. 9.—All the hypnotists, mesmerists, and other varieties of trance inducers in the country seemed to be trying to get into communication with this place to-day to offer suggestions to "Prof." Arthur Everton as to how to awaken Robert Simpson, who died last night in the cataleptic state into which Everton had thrown him during an exhibition of "stunts" in the Somerville Opera House.

William E. Davenport of Newark, an amateur hypnotist of some note, spent a long time over Simpson's body in the dead room of the hospital this afternoon trying the awakening process. He touched the dead man's cheeks and bent over him, alternately whispering and shouting invitations to him to come to life.

"Bob, your heart action—attend. Listen, Bob, your heart action is strong, Bob, your heart begins to beat. Bob, [loud] do you hear me? Bob, [whispering,] your heart is starting."

But Simpson was beyond awakening—dead of a rupture of the aorta, as a subsequent autopsy disclosed, and Everton, the hypnotist, seems likely to-night to have to stand trial on a charge of manslaughter. He has employed counsel and will fight the case. It is suggested here that he may make the novel plea that the man was still alive when the autopsy was performed, citing various cases of suspended animation as proof of this. Dr. John Quackenbos, Professor Emeritus of Columbia University and one of the leading authorities on hyynotism in the country, said this afternoon before the autopsy was made that it was not unlikely that Simpson's was a case of suspended animation, and that an autopsy should be attempted with caution or perhaps deferred until there was no possibility of life.

But the autopsy was made, and seems to have disposed effectually of the suspended animation theory. Eight physicians assisted in it. They issued a statement at its close that death was due to rupture of the aorta, one of the great blood vessels close to the heart. This indicated to the Coroner that death was primarily due to natural causes and that the man had probably been suffering for some time from an aneurism or similar affection of the ruptured vessel. Death was practically instantaneous, and evidently occurred just as Simpson was coming out of the trance into which Everton had throw him

Piano Salesman in Hypnotism.

"Prof." Everton, who recently was a piano salesman in Newark, and before that a traveling hypnotist, began an engagement at the Somerville "Opera House" on Monday night. He was just starting out anew on his old business of hypnotizing; he had finished a week at the Arcade Theatre in Newark, where he had done well. Manager Weldon of the Somerville "Opera House" was sure that he had a better hypnotist than Manager Ralph Edwards of the Bijou Theatre, a few blocks further up Main Street.

Everton brought with him to Somerville two "horses" or "leaders," as they are sometimes called. These are men who travel with the hypnotist for a small salary and let him do stunts with them. When he calls on the audience to send up volunteers to act as subjects they go up first, and encouraged by their example local volunteer subjects usually follow.

The two "leaders" brought to Somerville were Robert Simpson of Newark, 35 years old, a discharged motorman, who worked with Everton the week he was in Newark, and was a good and tractable subject. The other was Edward Thompson, 18 years old, also of Newark.

Monday afternoon the "Professor," just to show Manager Weldon that he could make good, hypnotized the ticket girl at the Opera House, the pianist, and one of Mr. Weldon's female singers. He promised that at the night show he would not only do the ordinary hypnotic stunts, but would put a man into a cataleptic state and stand on his stomach. Manager Weldon went out and invited all the local physicians to come and witness this performance, and roped off seats for the profession. Three physicians were there.

Stood on Subject's Stomach.

Everton, a tall, black-haired, black-mustached man of about 35, with a suave manner, made his subjects fish on the stage floor and otherwise amuse the audience. Then for a climax he announced that he would put Simpson, a big, blowsy man, into the cataleptic state.

He made a few passes, told Simpson to be rigid, and he was. Everton then had attendants lay the body on two chairs, the head resting on one and the feet on the other, and stepped up on the subject's stomach and then down again. Two attendants, acting under his orders, lifted Simpson to a standing posture, and Everton, clapping his hands, cried out "Relax!"

Simpson's body softened so suddenly that it slipped out of the hands of the attendants to the floor, his head striking one of the chairs as he slid down.

The attendants carried the body behind the scenes. The subject failed to awaken Everton asked Manager Weldon to call a doctor. Several went up from the audience, tried to recuscitate Simpson, and gave it up The hypnotist was distracted. Edward Pelham, the rival hypnotist at the Bijou Theatre, sent word that if Everton would "transfer his control" he [Pelham] would do what he could with the patient. But Simpson was plainly beyond any human control, and at midnight Pelham gave up the job, saying that the man was dead. Chief of Police Bellis then put Everton under arrest, though he was allowed for hours longer to continue trying to call Simpson back from the state into which he had sent him. After mid-

Continued on Page 2.

MORGENTHAU BUYS A TOWN.

Pays $3,000,000 for Land and Houses in Long Island Suburb.

As a result of what is probably the largest real estate deal in the history of the New York suburban district, the entire town of Woodmere, L. I., near Lawrence and Cedarhurst, was purchased yesterday from Robert L. Burton by a syndicate organized by Maximilian Morgenthau, President of the Hudson Realty Company. L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. represented the sellers, and Clarence G. Galston the Morgenthau interests.

The property comprises 250 acres of upland, 150 acres of meadow land, and 38 houses and buildings, together with all the stock of the Woodmere Land Association. No announcement was made concerning the price, but it is said to have been in the neighborhood of $3,000,000.

Mr. Morgenthau has organized a syndicate, in which strong New York financial interests are represented, to handle the property and continue to develop it as a carefully restricted suburban residential town, in accordance with the plans and ideals of Mr. Burton. When the Pennsylvania tunnels are opened it will be about thirty-five minutes from New York. On one side it adjoins the Rockaway Hunt Club, and is the centre of one of the most fashionable residential districts on the Long Island Coast.

Woodmere was developed by Mr Burton into a modern town, with churches, schools, stores, Post Office, drug store, garages, &c. The models for many of the houses were found in the fashionable suburbs of Philadelphia and Boston.

The clubhouse and tennis courts now being built for the convenience of Woodmere residents will be completed by the new owners, as will all other improvements which had been planned. A private golf course for residents is also to be built. Woodmere Bay is to be deepened, its creeks deepened and widened, and the meadow lands filled in.

Among the present residents of Woodmere and its vicinity are James McCrea, Vice President of the Long Island Railroad and son of the President of the Pennsylvania Road; J. H. Burton, brother of the founder of the town; James Timpson of the Mutual Life Assurance Company; Henry Ziegler, President of the Steinway Piano Company; George L. Stebbins, Hartman K. Evans, Henry Otis Chapman, John J. Livingston, Daniel L. Cox, Arthur N. Peck, and Edward L. Smith.

MELLEN OPPOSES PUBLICITY.

Says It Works Havoc with the Affairs of Corporations.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—"Publicity is all right theoretically, but practically it works havoc with business," declared President Charles S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in the course of a hearing given him to-day by the State Railroad Commissioners, sitting with the Banak Commissioner and the Commissioner of Corporations. The hearing was in relation to that portion of the last annual report of Attorney General Dana Malone in which he advised the Legislature that the railroad company had subjected itself to the forfeiture of its charter.

"The company," said Mr. Mellen, "does not come here feeling that it has willfully and willingly violated any of your statutes in any respect."

He complained of the road's difficulties arising from supervision by the authorities of different States.

"The great difficulty in this present situation," he continued, "is that our company has tremendous interests in the State of New York. We are at present expending there $35,000,000, and it may be, it may very well be, that we shall be obliged to build a subway into the city to take care of our suburban business. Is it fair to our patrons who are to be benefited by those improvements that we should be obliged to ask the consent of the authorities of Massachusetts before we can issue the securities to pay for them?"

He said the company believes it was subject to the laws of Connecticut only as to the issuance of all securities.

GETS $552,000 JUDGMENT.

Small Chance That Missouri County Will Pay B. J. Burke.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 9.—The history of a railway which was never built was told this afternoon in the Federal Court. As a result Bernard J. Burke of New York City obtained a judgment of $552,321.88 against St. Clair County, Mo.

In 1870 St. Clair County floated bonds for the Lebo & Nosho Railway, which St. Clair County thought was about to be built. But the railway was not built. Time passed and the holders of the bonds wanted their money, especially Mr. Burke, who had about $200,000 worth of the bonds.

For the last ten years the matter has been in the State and Federal courts. Several judgments have been rendered, but none of them was every satisfactory to both. Years of maturing and litigation have piled compound interest upon the principal until the amount due to Mr. Burke alone is now more than $500,000. He received judgment for it all.

St. Clair County may carry the case into the Supreme Court. Officials of the county admit that the payment of the judgment probably would bankrupt the county.

All the power of the United States Courts was used for years in an effort to collect from the county. Compromises were attempted, but the people of St. Clair County always elected County Judges who were sure to refuse to obey all orders of the United States Courts. Elections to vote bonds to pay the debt were ordered by the courts many times, but always the St. Clair County Judges refused to call the elections. For contempt of court more than fifteen judges served terms in jail, still drawing a salary of $3 a day for their time while imprisoned.

Mr. Burke, in his home in Dobbs Ferry, didn't want to talk of his fight against the county.

"What do you think are your chances of collecting the judgment?" Mr. Burke was asked.

"Ah, that's another matter," he replied, laughing.

THIEVES AT TENEMENT FIRE.

One Woman, Carried Downstairs by Policemen, Says She Lost $50.

After a slight fire in the basement of the six-story tenement at 98 Christopher Street last night, all the doors of the apartments in the house, which had been deserted by their accupants, were found to be open. Two women declared that they had been robbed.

Mrs. Ellen Young said that she lost $50. Two policemen, she said, carried her down from her apartment. Mrs. Tassee, who lives on the top floor, said she lost a gold watch. Adolf Bontini, who lives on the third floor with his wife, said that the glass panels in the door to his flat had been broken, the door opened from the inside, and the house ransacked.

DEWEY'S SUPERIOR OLD PORT WINE.
The most strengthening wine we make.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 188 Fulton St., New York.
—Adv.

KING'S FRIEND DIES ON HUNTING FIELD

Montagu Guest Was Shooting with Edward at Sandringham Royal Birthday Party.

FESTIVITIES CALLED OFF

Admiral Sir John Fisher, Opponent of Lord Charles Beresford, Is Elevated to Peerage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A great shock to the royal party gathered at Sandringham for the King's birthday to-day was caused by the sudden death of Montagu Guest, an old friend of Edward VII. and one of the best-known men in London. Mr. Guest was out shooting with the King and the Prince of Wales in the afternoon, and fell dead while walking across a plowed field. He had been suffering from heart trouble for some time, and no inquest will be necessary.

The King immediately ordered the shooting stopped, and a theatrical performance arranged for the evening was countermanded. Queen Alexandra, Princess Victoria, and the Queen of Norway had gone out to lunch with the shooting party and had all conversed with Mr. Guest an hour or so before his death.

Montagu Guest was born in 1839 and had been a famous figure in the inner circles of London society for nearly half a century. Few who have been about London in that time can have helped knowing him, at least by sight. He was more than 6 feet in height, with striking features accentuated by such oddities of costume as a very big hat with a curly brim, and an old-fashioned heavy-rimmed tortoiseshell pince-nez. He might have stepped out of the pages of Thackeray.

Montagu John Guest was a brother of Sir Ivor B. Guest and the third son of the late Sir Josiah John Guest. He was educated at Harrow School. He was a Lieutenant in the Dorset Yeomanry Cavalry and a former Lieutenant in the Rifle Brigade, with which he served from 1855 to 1859.

Mr. Guest sat in Parliament as the representative of Youghal from 1869 until 1874, when he retired to become Magistrate and Deputy Lieutenant for Dorsetshire, and also a Magistrate for Middlesex. In 1880 he was again elected to Parliament as the representative of Wareham, and after serving in that capacity for five years was elected as a Liberal-Unionist to succeed John G. Sawbridge-Erle-Drax.

Mr. Guest served as Provincial Grand Master of the Dorset Freemasons from 1877 to 1902, and on the Committee of Awards of the French Expositions, which were held in 1878 and 1901. He was also formerly a member of the Dorset County Council. He wrote a book on the Royal Yacht Squadron. Among the numerous clubs in England of which he was a member are the Turf, Marlborough, White's, Royal Yacht Squadron, Union, and the Paris.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—King Edward celebrated his 68th birthday to-day at Sandringham Palace, surrounded by most of the members of his family and a few intimate friends. Telegrams of congratulations were received from all parts of the world. His health is considerably improved.

From early morn the tenantry of Sandringham were feasted by the King and Queen Alexandra, who made a point of personally looking after the wants of their guests.

Admiral Sir John Arbuthnot Fisher, Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty and first and principal naval aid de camp to the King, was elevated to the peerage today, in connection with the King's birthday.

DINE IN KING'S HONOR HERE.

G. T. Blackstock of Canada Pleads for a British-American Alliance.

In the gold and white banquet hall of Delmonico's, hung with the colors of this country and Great Britain, 125 Englishmen and Americans prominent in this city and elsewhere, gathered last night to celebrate the sixty-eighth birthday of King Edward VII. The incident of the evening that provoked greatest applause was the vigorous advocacy of an offensive and defensive alliance between this country and the British Empire by George Tate Blackstock, K. C., of Ontario, Canada.

The speechmaking opened when George Massey, President of the British Schools and Universities Club of New York, whose dinner this was, read two cablegrams, one sent early in the evening to the King, the other from the King in answer. The first, signed by Mr. Massey, read:

> The members of the British Schools and Universities Club assembled at their annual dinner, send his Majesty the King loyal and dutiful greetings on the occasion of his birthday.

The answer, signed "Knollys," and dated Sandringham, said:

> I am commanded by the King to thank you for your kind congratulations and good wishes.

Mr. Blackstock, responding to the toast, "The Empire," said in part:

"There are three nations that must survive beyond all others—the great Republic in which we now stand, the Empire of Russia, and the British Empire. But the second is a survival of the Byzantine Empire, different in tradition and aspiration. So on two great communities, the great Republic of the United States and the British Empire, the hopes of the world are founded.

"I know one of the policies of the Republic has been to 'avoid entangling alliances abroad.' Yet obviously England needs political reconstruction if the empire is to endure; and if this Republic is to fulfill her destiny, many of the great maxims of the past must be set aside; and if, as I believe, there comes a great change in the political situation, may that change be one by which those countries will have a firm and lasting alliance, offensive and defensive, toward the rest of the world, and for the maintenance of peace."

Mr. Blackstock ceased amid cheers and the clapping of hands. His speech had followed that of Senator Depew, who sat on the President's right. Mr. Depew said that England, "from being the most autocratic had become the most democratic country of the world." He had great praise for the King, declaring the great quality of a statesman was tact and that the Kink's tact amounted to genius."

"To-day the leading nations are exhausting their resources in launching warships. It is plain the situation is critical; the world is becoming a powder magazine. Yet in the critical situations of the last few years, as diplomats everywhere admit, the most powerful factor for peace has been the personal influence and tactful diplomacy of the King."

Alexander Gilbert also spoke. At the speakers' table besides were W. H. McElroy, M. Caswell Heine, Julius M. Mayer, James MacGregor Smith, Walter L. McCorkle, Reginald Walsh, Capt. Joseph B Murdock, U. S. N., W. B. Duncan, E. B. Stoddard, the Rev. Anthony H. Evans, and W. Frank Marshall.

CALLS CHICAGO SHANTY TOWN

Cornell Professor Says It's Built of Wood Veneered with Brick.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 9.—"Chicago is a wooden city with brick veneer to cover it up," said Frank Albert Fetter, Professor of Political Economy at Cornell University, in a lecture delivered to-day on the subject of philanthropy and public health.

"Chicago is a city of dilapidated, second-hand houses," he continued. "The visitor there sees a veneered city of brick, covering a wooden tumble-down shanty town. Chicago is built on a swamp, and the streets are elevated six or eight feet above the level of the ground.

"Chicago has a luxury of alleys. New York has no alleys. As they are used, they are not exactly thoroughfares of enjoyment. The garbage cans would not be so bad if they were emptied once a week, but if one visits an alley in August, when the cans have not been emptied since July, he realizes that here is a sanitary problem of some importance.

"A man started out to hunt for the pavement there. He was told by the officials that there had never been any pavement, but after considerable excavating he found it in a fair state of preservation due to the exclusion of the air, perhaps.

"Lodgers sleep in relays, and the bed clothes never get cold. The day workers sleep there during the night, and when they go to work in the morning the night workers take their places."

CURTISS TESTS NEW DEVICE.

His Landing Runner Minimizes Shock of a Sudden Descent.

HAMMONDSPORT, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Glenn H. Curtiss, the aviator, made a short flight here to-day for the purpose of testing a new device upon which he has been working for some time. The improvement is a landing runner which hangs between the wheels of the machine and is dropped into place when the machine is about to descend. It is intended to take up the jar and shock of a sudden landing.

The device worked satisfactorily to-day.

J. K. RICE, JR., & CO.
of 33 Wall St., New York, have good markets in Unlisted and Bonds. Inquiries and correspondence invited. Telephone 5100 & 5101 Broad. —Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

EIGHT IN AUTO CRASH; TWO LIKELY TO DIE

Car, Believed to be Rodman Wanamaker's, Turns Turtle in Newtown, L. I.

HIT A BOULDER IN THE ROAD

Owner Not in the Machine—Chauffeur Was Taking Out Friends—Three of the Six Hurt Are Women.

A big boulder which rises from the grass at the juncture of Caldwell Avenue and the Hoffman Boulevard, Newtown, L. I., wrecked an automobile at midnight last night and caused injuries to two persons, a man and a woman, from which they both will probably die. Six others, four men and two women, were cut and bruised, but not seriously hurt. They hurried away from the spot after seeing that their injured companions were taken to the hospital.

All of the six denied knowing the name of the women who was knocked unconscious and who may die. She was taken to St. Mary's Hospital in Jamaica. Besides her the injured were:

CULKINS, Miss ANNIE, 426 West Forty-eighth Street.
FOX, FRANK, 316 East Forty-seventh Street.
GOREY, FRANK, 237 East Fortieth Street; may die.
HOWARD, HARRY, 212 East Fortieth Street.
QUINN, Miss MARY, 529 West Twenty-sixth Street.
STEFFINS, HENRY, 469 Broadway, Brooklyn.
VAN COTT, WILLIAM, 112 Norman Avenue, Brooklyn.

The auto, which was completely wrecked, is said by the police to have belonged to Rodman Wanamaker, a son of John Wanamaker of Philadelphia. Gorey, the police say, was the driver.

The auto was running rapidly along the Boulevard when it approached the junction with Caldwell Avenue. The two streets join at a sharp angle in the very apex of which rests the big boulder. It is dark in the vicinity. Apparently Gorey did not see the rock, or else did not realize that he was approaching the junction of two roads.

The car struck the rock with crashing force, bounded off it into a field beside the road, ran along over hillocks of grass for several yards, and then toppled over. Gorey and the girl, whose identity is not now known, were thrown out. They were injured internally and knocked unconscious. The rest of the party fell in soft grass, and beyond bruises were practically unhurt.

The men picked up Gorey and the girl and carried them up the Boulevard a short distance to where Nowack's Hotel stands. The proprietor was aroused and the chauffeur and the girl were put in the hotel office while ambulances were summoned by telephone from St. Mary's Hospital and from the Flushing Hospital.

The uninjured women of the party made bandages from bits of their clothing and tried to revive Gorey and the injured girl. In this they were unsuccessful and both were still unconscious when the physicians arrived from the hospitals.

Gorey, it was found, had several ribs broken and was hurt internally. The girl's injuries were not so easily diagnosed, but it was thought she was hurt internally too. Gorey was taken to the Flushing Hospital and the girl to St. Mary's. At both institutions it was said later that the patients would probably die.

As soon as Gorey and the girl were in the hands of the hospital authorities, the rest of the party left, going, it is believed, to their homes, and abandoning the auto where it lay, a wreck in the field.

None of the uninjured members of the party had anything to say about the affair. It is believed that the car was traveling out on Long Island, however, and was not returning to Manhattan.

LORD MAYOR'S FEAST STONED BY WOMEN

Suffragettes Smash Window in Guildhall at London Inauguration.

PREMIER NOT DISTURBED

Mrs. Asquith Both Frightened and Angry — Another Woman Accosts Churchill and Is Put Out—2 Arrests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—It is impossible to exaggerate the depth of the impression created by a suffragette outrage at the Guildhall to-night, when two women who had gained access to the roof threw stones through a stained glass window while the banquet in connection with the inauguration of the new Lord Mayor was on.

The window was smashed just as the Lord Mayor began his toast to the King. Mrs. Asquith, who sat at the right of the new Lord Mayor, Sir John Knill, looked both frightened and angry. Mr. Asquith, who must be prepared by this time for almost anything on the part of the militant suffragettes, had an expression like that of the smile on a figure carved in marble. The speeches which followed fell very flat.

The women who threw the stones were arrested. Another Suffragist, in evening attire, who accosted Winston Spencer Churchill, President of the Board of Trade, in the vestibule, was ejected.

Premier Asquith, in his speech, kept to the comparatively safe ground of international politics and avoided any reference to the question that has been brought to the diners' attention by the suffragette outbreak or to the situation created by the fight over the budget. Although there were still possibilities of disquiet in the Near East, he said, there was nothing, in his opinion, that would not yield to time and tact. He knew of nothing that need prevent a full and friendly understanding with Germany. It was to be hoped that Belgium would make such reforms in the Congo as would justify her annexation of that country. He spoke in complimentary terms of the manner in which Admiral Seymour had expressed Great Britain's sentiment toward the United States while representing his country at the Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

Count Kato, the Japanese Ambassador, said that a continuance of the relations of amity between Great Britain and Japan was sincerely desired by his country.

Many persons of note were at the banquet, including representatives of the army and navy and the Diplomatic Corps.

HIS HOROSCOPE QUITE TRUE.

One of Four Horse Thieves Was Said to be Fond of Animals.

Chief of Police McCabe of Poughkeepsie became suspicious a few days ago of four men who had taken two horses to a livery stable in Poughkeepsie last month. When they told several varying stories about having got the animals in New York, he notified the police here. Detective McKeown found that Frank Knief of 94 and Christian Behlmars of 55 Third Avenue had lost two horses which they kept in the same stable at 429 East Thirteenth Street, and he took the men to Poughkeepsie, where they identified the animals, McKeown says.

The four men were arrested, and McKeown had an interpreter put in a cell next to theirs, who heard them say, so McKeown says, that so long as there was only one policeman and four of them "it ought to be easy." McKeown thereupon sent for Detectives Cavone, Devoti, and Gegan, and yesterday they brought the prisoners to this city.

The men said they were Vermello Gervasi of 233 Bergenline Avenue, Jersey City; Giuseppe Lagautto of 48, in the same street; Francesco Gaglio of 403 East Twenty-ninth Street, and Giuseppe Lopes of 193 First Avenue. The police say the men are members of a band of horse thieves, and that they have associates in Hoboken. Gaglio and Gervasi, they say, are out on bail for horse stealing in Hoboken. Lagautto had on him a horoscope saying he was fond of animals, "especially horses."

Lopes, according to the detectives, is a nephew of John Lopes, whose daughter, Jennie, was kidnapped on Sept. 7 and mysteriously returned to her home on Oct. 18. That was the day, the police say, that the four men left this city for Poughkeepsie.

WINS $150 BY A RUN.

Policeman Varley Goes 6½ Miles in 40½ Minutes on a Wager.

Policeman James Varley won $150, which he had bet on himself, when he ran completely around Central Park, a distance of about six and a half miles, last night in 40½ minutes. He had bet that he could accomplish the feat in less than 45 minutes.

Varley, with several trainers, Referee Cummings, and Judges Shaughnessy and Sheehey, all policemen attached to the East Fifty-first Street Station, where Varley is assigned, came to the starting point, in Fifty-ninth Street opposite the Hotel Plaza, in taxicabs.

Varley ran alone, and the referee and the judges followed him in the taxicabs. The first mile was made in 5½ minutes, and after that Varley steadied down to a regular pace which carried him over the ground on time. The course was up Fifth Avenue, through 110th Street, and down Central Park West to Fifty-ninth Street and back to the starting point.

Latest Shipping News.

Reported by Wireless—SS George Washington, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 338 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 P. M. yesterday. Due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-night.

LOSES $10,000 NECKLACE.

Vesta Victoria Misses Her Pearls at Lord Mayor's Show.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Vesta Victoria, the vaudeville artiste, while in America recently purchased a pearl necklace for $10,000.

She lost it to-day at the Lord Mayor's show.

RELIC IS 4,000 YEARS OLD.

Clay Figure Found in House Dating from the Stone Age.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—A clay figure of a goddess, about 4,000 years old, has been found at Ottitz, near Ratiber, in Silesia, Prussia, by an excavating expedition under Johannes Richter.

It was discovered in a house dating back to the stone age. Fifteen of these, forming a village, were unearthed.

ROYAL ROAD TO GEOMETRY.

Committee of Professors to Undertake the Task Euclid Gave Up.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Geometry, the stumbling block of so many High School students, is to be reformed.

A National committee of fifteen professors, seven from universities and eight from secondary schools, will undertake to make the study "more practicable." Prof. Herbert E. Slaught of the University of Chicago is Chairman.

FOSS SPENT $40,000.

$18,000 Advertising Items in His Massachusetts Campaign Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—According to a statement of expenses filed with the City Clerk this afternoon Eugene N. Foss, the low-tariff Republican who ran on the Democratic ticket for Lieutenant Governor, expended $40,757.82 in the campaign, of which $22,000 went to the Democratic State Committee and $18,757.82 to the Foss Campaign Committee.

According to the statement filed by Joseph Weeks, Treasurer of the Foss Campaign Committee, $15,000 was given to an advertising agency and $3,757.82 was expended on billboard advertising. Foss was defeated by about 6,000 votes.

NEVER AGAIN—BANNARD.

As to Running for Governor, He Is Out of Politics for Good.

Otto T. Bannard, recently Fusion nominee for Mayor, returned from Milwaukee yesterday only to be told that he was being talked of as the next Republican nominee for Governor. Mr. Bannard threw up both hands and laughed.

"No," he said, "I am out of politics for good. From now on I will stick to business, and, as is the duty of every citizen, do all I can for the public good on the side. I made the race for Mayor merely because of the hopes entertained by my friends that by becoming a candidate I might do something to better the municipal administration in this city."

In discussing the causes leading up to his defeat, Mr. Bannard ascribed the latter to the impression spread broadcast by the Hearst newspapers that "a vote for Bannard was a vote thrown away," while Mr. Hearst stood a good chance of being elected. All of this, he believes, led many Republicans to vote the Civic Alliance ticket as a means of defeating Gaynor.

ROOSEVELTS TO LEAVE ROME.

Wife Utterly Discredits Report of Former President's Illness.

ROME, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt has completed all arrangements for her departure from Rome on Wednesday, when she will proceed to Naples, accompanied by her daughter Ethel.

She has received no further communications from Nairobi regarding the reported illness of the ex-President, but to-day expressed her belief that there was no truth whatever in the report.

DEAD OF HYDROPHOBIA.

Symptoms Developed After Three Months—Wife and Children Sitten, Too

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, Nov. 9.—William Scheerer of 571 South Front Street died this afternoon in the Elizabeth General Hospital of hydrophobia. Scheerer was bitten more than three months ago by his pet dog. Up to Saturday he felt no ill effects.

When he was bitten, the head of the animal was sent by Dr. Frederick A. Zucker of this city to the Pasteur Institute in Manhattan. After an examination it was reported that the animal was a sufferer from rabies in its worst form. Immediately Scheerer's friends and several physicians of the city tried to persuade him to take the Pasteur treatment.

"I don't fear hydrophobia," he told them, "and, besides, it's a useless expense."

Scheerer was in more than moderate circumstances.

Physicians are closely watching the condition of Scheerer's wife and three children, who were bitten by the dog at the same time. None of them has developed any symptoms of the disease, but they are not regarded as being out of danger. It is said that several children in the neighborhood were bitten by the dog.

$T50,000 GIFT TO HOSPITAL.

W. D. Sloane Again Aids Institution He and His Wife Founded.

William D. Sloane, it was announced yesterday has given to Columbia University a gift of about $150,000 for additions to the Sloane Maternity Hospital, at Tenth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, which he and his wife founded. This will be devoted to the erection of a seven-story wing for the treatment of diseases of women.

The gift is particularly welcomed by the university, as it will afford the students of the neighboring College of Physicians and Surgeons in Fifty-ninth Street the opportunity of studying under one roof the closely allied problems of obstetrics and women's diseases. The Faculty, it was stated yesterday has long desired that this should be possible. In his two last reports President Nicholas Murray Butler has spoken of the need of a hospital of this kind. He said yesterday:

"The educational and clinical value of the hospitals under university control is vastly increased by this gift. Not only have Mr. and Mrs. Sloane given largely of their fortunes to the college, but they have followed the administration of the Sloane Maternity Hospital with the closest personal supervision and attention in a way that has been exceptionally helpful."

"Ilkit," the stylish eyeglasses at Spencer's; see new Bisight Toric Pebbles. 21 Maiden Lane. —Adv.

DIVORCE MADE EASY FOR THE WEALTHY

Many Lawyers Deplore Procedure Exemplified in the Astor Private Suit.

SHIELDING THE GUILTY

Bench and Bar Divided in Opinion Whether This Isn't Worse Than Publishing Testimony.

The ease and secrecy with which the rich and prominent in New York State may obtain divorce, illustrated in New City on Monday when Mrs. John Jacob Astor obtained a decree from Col. Astor without the name of either being mentioned in court, was condemned by some prominent lawyers here yesterday. It was upheld by some of the Justices of the Supreme Court, on the other hand, as preferable to the publication of the details in such cases.

All were agreed that the divorce evil should be checked, if possible, but not all believed that publicity would do so to such an extent as to justify the publication of details in the newspapers.

Ex-Justice Roger A. Pryor was one of those who said that society was being injured a thousand times more by the spectacle of the rich and influential obtaining divorces in secret, with the law seemingly aiding them, than by the publication of the testimony in divorce cases. He declared that hundreds, and even thousands, of the cases now before referees, with the cloak of secrecy thrown about them and the law furnishing the lubrication with which they slip noiselessly along, would never have been brought at all if the parties to them thought the details would be made public.

Denounces Collusive Divorce.

"I am not opposed to divorce on the one ground on which it is obtainable in this State," said ex-Justice Pryor last night, "but I am opposed to the granting of divorce in the numerous cases where the parties to the suit are getting it solely to be able to marry again as soon as free, and where the opposing lawyers are in collusion to get the decree, the defense being nothing more than a farce, so that the testimony may be heard in secret instead of in open court."

To show that publicity would deter many seeking divorce for selfish ends Judge Pryor cited this case:

"I headed off one such case not long ago," he said, "and drove it out of New York and out of America. A rich woman wanted a divorce, so she could marry an opera singer. The husband was willing enough, but neither wanted the publicity, so his lawyer trumped up a defense and the court appointed me referee. I was to hear the testimony in my office, and when the lawyers and the witnesses, including the infatuated woman, assembled in my office on the day set there were several reporters present.

"It was amusing to see the opposing lawyers, acting together at every step, shaking their heads, and putting them together in consultation. I knew what the trouble was, but presently one of the lawyers said: 'Your Honor, there are reporters present. We would request you to have them excluded from the hearing.'

"'Not so,' said I. 'I am now sitting as a court, and I am going to hold open court.'

How Publicity Killed One Case.

"Immediately the lawyers' heads went together again, and a few moments later, when the woman had been questioned as to the date of her marriage, counsel asked for an adjournment. That was the last of that case in this country. The suit, I believe, was later renewed in Europe. But that divorce would have been added to the records of this city if I had not insisted on publicity."

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff said he could well see room for two opinions on the subject of greater publicity in divorce suits. Officially, he said, the law left him no choice of action, but personally he did not think that the testimony, or even the findings of the referee should be published, because of the effect such details would have on the public mind.

"The name of the guilty party to the divorce is published," said Justice Bischoff. "The very fact that a divorce is granted against a person in New York State is in itself the assertion that that person has been guilty as charged. He is thus condemned among respectable people. But what good would it do the public to know all the ins and outs of the testimony which convinced the court that he was guilty? What good would it do the public to know who the other guilty person is?

"On the other hand, I believe a great deal of harm would be done innocent persons by the publication of the testimony in such cases. I recall an instance now where a woman, suing for divorce on grounds which entitled her to one, had a sixteen-year-old daughter in a boarding school near the city. This mother was afraid that testimony, getting into print, would be read at this school, almost killing her young daughter with mortification. This innocent girl and the innocent children and near relatives in such cases should be considered."

Law Mandatory, Says Truax.

Neither Justice Truax nor Justice Gerard thought full publicity should be given to testimony in all divorce cases. Justice Truax, turning to the law, pointed out that a Judge or a court clerk had no option as to the sealing of the papers in such suits. It is made mandatory, the Judge being permitted to open the papers only for persons actually concerned.

"I have never, so far as I recall, ordered the papers in such cases sealed," said Justice Truax, "because I have not thought it necessary to to do so, the law being binding on the clerk to withhold them from the morbidly curious, but I do not believe nauseating testimony should be published."

"What do you think of the idea of having only the findings of the referee made public?" Justice Truax was asked.

"I have not thought about that," was the reply. "That might be very well indeed."

Justice Gerard, presiding when the suit of Helen Maloney to have her marriage with Samuel Clarkson annulled came up for final action, lifted the veil from the testimony which had been put upon it by the clerk. Having that recalled to his mind yesterday, he said that it was not a parallel case to a divorce. He did not believe in putting a lot of sickening details common to the Divorce Court before the public.

Justice McCall, who sat originally in the Maloney-Clarkson case, refusing application to him to order the papers made public, said at his house last night that

however much the divorce evil might be deplored, he did not believe the remedy for it would be found in publicity. It was explained to him that people were saying that the rich and influential could have their cases decided in secret practically out of court, while the poor had to stand the glare of the open court. He was told of the assertions that the motive for many divorces was to be found in the desire of the parties to get married again, not a few such persons actually breaking the law for the purpose of getting a standing in the divorce court. He was told of the statements that many of the defenses in such cases were farces, pure and simple, concocted for the purpose of having a referee appointed so that testimony would not get into the newspapers.

"I dislike to hear it stated that the rich can get divorces in secret when the poor cannot," replied Justice McCall. "That is not so. The poor can have referees appointed just as well as the rich can."

"But does it not cost a good deal of money for one to have a suit for divorce heard by a referee?" Justice McCall was asked.

"Yes, that is true," he said, "and that may deter the poor from divorces or else send them to the open court.

Sham Defenses Not Allowed.

"But it is a mistake to think that the court allows a sham defense. The courts require the referee to file with the papers in the suit an affidavit that the defense was genuine. It is also the duty of the referee to report to the court at once on suspecting that there is collusion and sham in the effort to obtain divorce. But if the referee reports everything regular and his finding is supported by the sworn testimony the court has no option but to issue the decree. To protect itself the court usually appoints ex-Judges as referees.

"It is a wholly erroneous idea, however," said Justice McCall finally, "for one to have the idea that the court seals the papers to shield the defendant, no matter how prominent or rich he may be. If an application to do such a thing were to come to any court in this city the defendant would be told at once that he had no standing in court and that he ought to have thought of the mortification when he broke the law. It is to protect the innocent that the court keeps the papers out of print, and to protect the public itself from the revolting character of such papers. I do not believe the fullest publication of the testimony in these cases would act as a brake on the divorce mill, for the reason that, while bringing the innocent to the deepest humiliation, the notoriety would be actually pleasing to the depraved persons whose conduct and violation of the most sacred vows made divorce possible."

THINK THIS MEANS MURDER.

Cut and Blood-Stained Clothing Found in Queens—No Body Found.

Michael Delevan of 75 Sixth Avenue, Woodside, driving along the Shell Road, near Calvary Cemetery, Newtown, yesterday, on his way home to dinner, saw a bundle. He opened it and found within a man's business suit of fair texture, underclothing, a pillow and pillowcase. All were soaked with blood.

After finding the package Delevan remembered that the evening before he had noticed two packages at the same spot. He had not then stopped, and the matter had slipped his recollection until yesterday noon, when one of the bundles had caught his eye. He now believes that the other bundle may have held the body of the murdered man, and regrets that he did not stop to examine the two packages.

Delevan shouted to Policeman W. D. Lawlor, who notified his precinct. In a short time the police from four precincts and detectives from Headquarters were at work. They gave out this detailed account of the contents of the bundle:

A waistcoat, cut in the back as if by a knife, the back showing clots of blood. A cutaway coat, bloodstained, but not cut. A pair of suspenders, a gray woolen shirt, underclothing, one gray woolen sock, a white shirt, a blue flannel shirt, a pillow, and pillow case. Some of these articles are believed to have become bloodstained through being in the bundle with the vest.

Before the clothing was packed, everything had been removed from the pockets, and if there were any marks on the clothing they had been carefully removed.

The police, who believe the wearer of the clothes was stabbed in the neck while lying partly on his face, and afterward possibly stabbed in the back. They will strive to ascertain if any of the men reported as missing wore gray woolen socks and a cutaway coat of black diagonal.

German Socialists to The Call's Aid.

The management of The Daily Call, the organ of the Socialist Party in this city, announced yesterday that the Executive Committee of the Social Democratic Party of Germany has donated 10,000 marks in support of The Call. This is about $2,100, and is the largest individual contribution The Call has ever received. The money is to be forwarded by draft at once.

New York Theatre Managers Meet.

The New York Theatre Managers' Association met yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Knickerbocker, and appointed a nominating committee to chose a list of officers to be voted for at the annual meeting. It was decided to hold the annual dinner on Jan. 6. Andreas Dippel of the Metropolitan Opera House withdrew his request that the association act on the differences between the Metropolitan Opera House and the Musical Union, this matter having already been settled.

DEMAND RECORDS OF STETSON CHURCH

Deposed Leader's Opponents to Go to Court If Trustees Refuse to Give Them Up.

TO CUT OFF HER SALARY

Meeting Votes to Put Accountants to Work on the Books—Counter Move to Oust Strickler.

Trustees of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, will be ordered this morning to turn over the books of the church, together with all documents and vouchers for money paid to Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson during the last few years to a committee appointed by the congregation, which committee will in turn employ expert accountants to go over the church documents, in an effort to get at the actual financial standing of that body. In the event of their refusal the Supreme Court will be appealed to this afternoon for an order compelling the surrender of the documents.

This action was decided on last night at a meeting attended by 200 or more anti-Stetsonites held on the second floor of the Hotel Imperial. A petition to the Directors and to the Supreme Court was signed by each man and woman who attended.

It was learned for the first time last night that Mrs. Stetson tendered her resignation as a trustee of First Church several weeks ago to the Board of Trustees, and that it was not accepted. It was also learned that Mrs. Stetson wrote to Mrs. Eddy telling her that she had resigned. This was just after Mrs. Stetson had been admonished by the Mother Church and had had her license to teach revoked.

One cause which led to the meeting last night was the fact that the roster of the church, containing the list of members eligible to vote, is supposed to be in the possession of the Trustees, and without it Virgil O. Strickler and the others who are heading the opposition to Mrs. Stetson and her Trustees find themselves unable to communicate with the majority of the congregation.

Without it they will also be unable to pass upon the eligibility of many who will vote at the congregational meeting next Monday, when the Trustees are going to make an attempt to vote First Reader Strickler out of office. The Trustees have preferred charges against Mr. Strickler, and the congregation will be called upon to oust him.

After Mrs. Stetson's Salary, Too.

It was also announced that the payment of $5,000 a year to Mrs. Stetson by the Board of Trustees must cease, and it is likely that an effort will be made to recover whatever money has been paid to her by the Trustees since she ceased to be First Reader in First Church.

Still another fact which throws an interesting light on the troubled affairs in First Church came out last night. It was announced that the Board of Trustees had been asked to resign and name their successors several days ago. This request was made in writing by a committee appointed by the anti-Stetsonites, but it was laid on the table by the Trustees.

There was no discussion at last night's meeting. Richard Verrall, one of the leading practitioners in First Church, outlined the situation which confronts the congregation. He said that as the church is a corporation every member has by law a voice in its management. He said that the Trustees had delegated to themselves spiritual as well as temporal power, and that when they did not represent the wishes of the congregation they should not be allowed to continue dictating the financial affairs of the church.

It was announced that Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson had been retained as lawyers by the anti-Stetsonites and that last night's meeting was called on their advice. Mr. Verrall explained, however, that the contemplated legal action was not inspired by the mother church.

William H. Taylor, a Trustee of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, and the wealthiest follower of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, gave yesterday what he termed "the other side" of the controversy. Mr. Taylor is President of the Goodwin Car Company, Vice President and Director in half a dozen other concerns, and is the largest individual operator in the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania and Arkansas. He is close in the confidence of Mrs. Stetson.

Mrs. Stetson Loyal to Mrs. Eddy.

"Mrs. Stetson has often said to me: 'Even if my leader [Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy] should grind my face into the mud of the street I would never leave her,'" said Mr. Taylor.

He added that Mrs. Stetson has always been opposed to a schism in the church, and that even if she should be excommunicated she will not allow her students to leave the mother church.

"I have been with Mr. Strickler many times when he has been with Mrs. Stetson," said Mr. Taylor, "and at no time has he ever said to me, either in the presence of Mrs. Stetson or at any other time, one word of reference to the things he claims to have written in his diary, or has he ever made any complaint regarding anything wrong whatsoever in the First Church or with Mrs. Stetson.

"In December, 1908, Mr. Strickler manifested deep resentment toward Archibald McLellan, editor of The Christian Science Sentinel, on account of the editorials which reflected on the First Church here. But on the morning of July 24 last he telephoned to Mr. Dittemore, Secretary of the Mother Church Directors, to come here, and at the Hotel Belmont Mr. Strickler and Mr. Dittemore had a conference on the situation in the New York church.

"This action of Mr. Strickler was in direct disobedience to a by-law of the Mother Church, the substance of which is that a First Reader of a branch church cannot present a complaint against any branch church to the pastor emeritus or to the Directors of the Mother Church.

"On July 28 Mr. Strickler was in conference here with Mr. Dittemore and Mr. Lellan, Chairman of the Mother Church Directors. They were together from 10 o'clock that night until 5 o'clock the next morning. That was about the time Mrs. Stetson was being examined by the Mother Church Directors in Boston.

"On Aug. 4 a telegram was sent to Mrs. Stetson, which said, 'The charges against you have been dismissed.' A letter was also sent by the Boston Directors to Mr. Strickler, inclosing a copy of a letter sent to Mrs. Stetson, notifying her that the charges had been dismissed, but Mr. Strickler never told the Trustees he had received this letter. On the surface nothing further occurred until Mr. Strickler went to Boston voluntarily in August and took his diary with him.

Attacks Strickler's Diary.

"This diary was not made from notes taken at the practitioners' meetings, but entirely from memory. Mr. Strickler's going to Boston apparently gave the Directors the opportunity to start another investigation, although Mr. Strickler late in October, and during his appearance as a witness before the Committee of Inquiry here, stated that he had never filed any complaint against Mrs. Stetson.

Mr. Taylor then told of the visit to Boston of six out of the nine First Church Trustees in response to an order for their appearance before the Directors of the Mother Church. Archibald McLellan asked Mr. Strickler if he had admonished Mrs. Stetson.

"Mr. Strickler started to reply, when I interrupted and told him he could make no such statement in Mrs. Stetson's absence," said Mr. Taylor. "Judge Clifford P. Smith thereupon suggested that there would be 'no objection if the visitors retired.'"

Mr. Taylor said that before they left a small part of the testimony against Mrs. Stetson was given to them, but that when they asked for a complete copy of the testimony it was refused. He added that before he and his fellow-Trustees left the Directors' room they were told that no charges were pending against Mrs. Stetson. Two days later Mrs. Stetson received the letter suspending her as a teacher.

In reference to Mrs Kate Y. Remer, whose testimony in Boston was against Mrs. Stetson, but whose testimony here was in her favor, Mr. Taylor said that Mrs. Remer, in response to a letter received from the Mother Church officials a few days ago, said that if there was anything in her Boston testimony which conflicted with what she said here she would not stand by her Boston testimony, as she had failed to protect herself from the "messmerism, hypnotism, and malicious animal magnetism" while in Boston.

Mr. Taylor said that Mrs. Remer was called to the office of Eugene R. Cox in this city, where she was met by Clifford P. Smith and Director Dittemore, who, said Mr. Taylor, threatened her unless she supported Mr. Strickler. They told her, Mr. Taylor said, that they were speaking to her as mortals, to which she replied: "Well, I am immortal."

INVESTIGATE BROOKLYN FIRE.

Coroner Thinks City Officials Should Have Known Building Was Unsafe.

A thorough investigation by the District Attorney's office in Brooklyn and Coroner Brewer into the factory disaster at 150 and 152 Columbia Street on Monday began yesterday. This is to fix the blame for the ten deaths in the fire. Before it is finished it is not at all unlikely that some of the city departments will be brought in. Coroner Brewer believes that somebody is to blame for allowing a factory amid the tenements of that crowded section.

It was learned yesterday that the Building Department did not know there was a factory there. Denis J. Donovan, the Superintendent, submitted a letter which he received from one of his Inspectors in which he was informed that the building was illegally converted into a factory from a storage building without notice to his bureau.

Deputy Fire Commissioner Wise said his department had nothing to do with fire escapes on buildings. He said that regular inspections of the building had been made by the Captain of Engine Company 103, at Hicks and Degraw Streets, and he reported on Oct. 15 last that everything at the buildings was right.

In speaking about the disaster Coroner Brewer said yesterday:

"There seems to have been some criminal negligence here, and it will be the duty of the jury to find out where it was. It appears to me that the Building Department, the Fire Department, the Bureau of Combustibles, and the Department of Labor are all mixed up in it. I found out that the Captain of a local fire engine company was a frequent visitor to this celluloid factory."

Assistant District Attorney Elder admitted yesterday that his office was making an investigation into this factory fire. Before taking any steps toward a Grand Jury investigation he will await the result of the Coroner's inquest.

CHESTER DECLINED TO BE A COOK JUDGE

Admiral Replies to Explorer's Criticism and Again Cites Midnight Sun Observations.

COOK'S STORES WERE KEPT

Peary's Man Got Receipt in Full from Doctor—Orders Given for a Search for Cook.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester, U. S. N., retired, who has declared that Dr. F. A. Cook was no closer than 542 miles to the north pole, resents the suggestion of Dr. Cook that he wanted to serve upon an official board for the purpose of examining the records of the explorer.

"I want to make it clear," said the Admiral to-night, "that I never intended to and never would serve on any board for the consideration of Dr. Cook's arctic records. I so stated to the Board of Managers of the National Geographic Society when I was appointed a member of the Peary board, and I have persistently so stated since. I would not go to Copenhagen to inspect the only records that scientific men could consider, because the original records, or part of them at least, have been left in the arctic covered with ice and snow, as Dr. Cook has widely proclaimed."

Continuing Admiral Chester said: "Dr. Cook makes this statement:

> The only point raised by Admiral Chester is the suggestion of erroneous location of the midnight sun. This sight of the midnight sun on April 7 is no evidence of our position. Though the days had been clear, the northern skies had not been clear at night for many days previous to this. A low haze or cloudiness obscured the horizon, and the sun sank into this. We did not use the sun at night for nautical observation, nor did we stay awake all night to watch effects.

"Lest Dr. Cook forget, I quote from his own description as follows:

> On April 8 the barometer remained steady and the thermometer sank. The weather became settled and clear. The pack became a more permanent glitter of color and joy. At noon there was now a dazzling light, while the sun at midnight sank for but a few moments, leaving the frosted blue bathed in noonday splendor.
>
> The night of April 7 was made notable by the swing of the sun at midnight. For a number of nights it made grim faces at us in its setting. A teasing mist, drawn as a curtain over the northern sea at midnight, had given curious advantage for celestial staging; settling into this haze, we were unable to determine sharply the advent of the midnight sun but here was a spectacular play which interested us immensely.
>
> Now the great bulk was drawn out, egg-shaped, with horizontal lines drawn through it. Again it was pressed into a basin with flaming fires, burning behind a curtain of frosts, blue at other times, it appeared like a huge vase, and it required very little imagination to see purple and violet flowers.
>
> The change was often like magic, but the last display was invariably a face—distorted faces of men or animals were made to suit our fancy.
>
> We had, therefore, followed the sun's northward advance from its first peep, at midday above the south ice of the polar gateway to its sweep of the northern ice at midnight. From the end of the polar night, late in February, to the first of the double days and midnight suns, we had forced a trail through darkness, blood-hardening temperature, and over leg-breaking irregularities of an unknown world of ice, to an area 200 miles from the pole. To this point our destinies had been guarded very well, and ultimate success seemed within our grasp, but we were not blind to the long line of desperate effort still required to push over the last distance.
>
> Now we had the sun unmistakably at midnight, and its new glory was quite an incentive to our life of shivers. Observations on April 8 placed camp at latitude 86 degrees 38 minutes, longitude 94 degrees 2 minutes.

"From the foregoing there can be no question that on April 8 the midnight sun sank only for a few moments. This point was not apparently made clear to Dr. Cook before. It should be noted that the maximum altitude of the sun on the 3d of April was 12 degrees, (11 degrees, 29 minutes, taken from Dr. Cook's latitude sight April 8,) equal to about twenty-five diameters of the sun, and that the sun's actual position was about one-eighth of its total altitude from the horizon, and that the cloud bank must be four diameters in height above the horizon to cover the sun.

"Owing to Dr. Cook's rapid transit north, the sun was rising at the rate of nearly one and one-half of its diameters each day, due to increased declination plus the northern advance. If, therefore, Dr. Cook had seen the sun set into a 'high dawn' on the 3d of April, equal in height to the four diameters necessary to cover it, he must range it up a full diameter each of the following nights, until it becomes a very long-handled broom, to seven diameters in length, to 'sweep the northern ice at midnight' of the 7th.

"If the midnight sun was not seen during the nights preceding the 7th of April, whence the magic picture of its setting? Of course there were no settings prior to April 3."

SOUTH POLE NOT FOR PEARY.

Gives Free Field to Scott, but Would Aid American Explorer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—While reiterating his oft-expressed belief that the United States should attempt a National expedition into antarctic regions, Commander Robert E. Peary to-night repudiated the announcement printed in several newspapers that within five years he would head an expedition to seek the south pole under the auspices of the Peary Arctic Club, and dictated the following:

> That statement is erroneous. In May, 1908, I sent a brief announcement through the medium of the International Polar Commission at Brussels saying that on my return from this expedition I hoped to organize an expedition that should secure for this country its share of honor and scientific material yet to be obtained in the antarctic regions. I noted in that announcement also that President Roosevelt was interested in the general proposition and approved of it.
>
> When I came back from this present expedition to the North, I stated explicitly that my field work, both in the arctic and antarctic regions was at an end, but that I should be very glad to assist in any way possible in the promotion or organization of further work in these regions.
>
> In view of that fact that Commander Scott is working on an expedition for the attainment of the south pole, any attempt to utilize his route or the regions in which he is to work would be entirely improper to attempt.
>
> I still believe that this country ought to attempt a National expedition into the antarctic regions, but under existing conditions I have not given it further thought since my return. The Peary Arctic Club has not been approached or sounded in regard to the matter.

Commander Scott led the British National expedition toward the south pole in 1901, and is now engaged in raising money to lead another expedition next Summer.

PEARY SAVED COOK'S STORES.

Instructed Custodian to Let Latter Use Them If He Returned.

When Dr. Frederick A. Cook came out of the North with his announcement that he had discovered the pole, and his word was challenged by Commander Robert E. Peary, the Brooklyn man gave out interviews declaring that Peary had been guilty of a grave offense in seizing and looting the stores Cook left at his base of supplies at Etah in the Winter of 1907, and that Peary had apparently proposed leaving Cook to his fate. In a letter to Capt. Bernier of the Canadian Government steamer Arctic, written last May, Dr. Cook made similar charges.

Gen Thomas H. Hubbard, President of the Peary Arctic Club, made public yesterday the letter given by Commander Peary to his boatswain, John Murphy, when Peary left Etah for the north pole in August of last year. This letter Dr. Cook referred to many times in interviews after his return. Besides this letter Gen. Hubbard made public a signed statement by Dr. Cook, left with Murphy at Etah last Spring, in which Cook made it plain that, instead of Peary having raided the Brooklyn explorer's stores, he merely used eight pounds of coffee, two cans of biscuits, and thirty bags of coal, the equivalent of which, upon Cook's reappearance, was turned over to him. This is in Dr. Cook's handwriting and is now in Commander Peary's possession.

Gen. Hubbard saw the written acknowledgment when he visited Commander Peary shortly after the latter's return from his successful quest for the north pole. Commander Peary did not desire to have it published at that time. He also showed Gen. Hubbard the letter of instruction he left with Murphy. Gen. Hubbard now has this letter and a copy of the acknowledgment written by Cook.

In his letter to Capt. Bernier, Dr. Cook wrote as follows on May 23 from Upernavik:

> It was the supplies which you left in care of Mr. Whitney that saved us; all my other property had been taken by Peary, under the guise of establishing a relief station for Dr. Cook. Mr. Murphy, the man in charge of the station, however, was instructed not to engage in any relief efforts, not to allow the Eskimos to cross and search until the following March, when, of course, all relief efforts would be useless.
>
> My large store of supplies and my station were used to barter with the natives to satisfy Peary's commercial greed. * * *
>
> Deep snow, hard ice, and open water made the return journey slow and arduous, and after a run of hard luck we reached Annatok on April 7, 1909. Here we were met by Mr. Whitney, only to find that Peary's men had misused our station, with its equipments, under protest of Mr. Whitney.

Exactly what Commander Peary did toward providing for Dr. Cook's care by the men Peary left at Etah in the event that Cook returned there is indicated in the letter which follows, containing Peary's instructions to Murphy. Not only did Commander Peary instruct Murphy explicitly to allow Cook free use of the stores at Etah, but he left word that if Dr. Cook did not return to Etah early in the Winter, a relief expedition should be sent after him. For this purpose Commander Peary had already arranged with Eskimos, to whom he had offered rewards if they found Dr. Cook. Commander Peary's letter of instructions, dated Aug. 17, 1908, said:

> The following are instructions for your guidance while in charge of the station here for the relief of Dr. Cook: You will exercise the utmost care and guidance in using and protecting all supplies and equipment left here.
>
> No active measures can be taken toward searching for Dr. Cook until next February or March, and it is probable that he will return himself some time during the Winter as soon as Kare Basin closes, so that he can come across from Ellesmere Land, where he undoubtedly now is.
>
> Should he not return it will be better for you to send the Eskimos in search of him while you remain in charge of supplies and the station.
>
> You have with you Eskimos who accompanied Dr. Cook last March and whose previous experience with me in that region makes them thoroughly familiar with Ellesmere Land. By fitting them out with supplies they will, after the instructions which I have given them and the reward offered, do as effective work in searching for Dr. Cook on the other side alone as they would if you were with them.
>
> Should Dr. Cook return or be brought back in bad condition, you will take every possible care of him and endeavor to bring him around as speedily as possible. Should he return in good condition, you will still remain absolutely in charge of the station and will not permit Dr. Cook to interfere with you or with your control of the natives.
>
> Dr. Cook authorized his assistant, Francke, to go home on the whalers if he himself did not reurn this Spring. This would have meant the abandonment of all his supplies and euqipment to the Eskimos. Francke has now turned over all these supplies and equipment to me, so that Dr. Cook has no longer any claim upon them.
>
> You will, however, take all possible care of his equipment and supplies, and on his return allow him to use them. Any of the supplies landed from the Roosevelt which Dr. Cook needs you will give him and take his receipt for.

Commander Peary furthermore instructed Murphy that in trading with the Eskimos for skins, he should promise, in exchange various things that were aboard the Roosevelt, not portions of Dr. Cook's supplies, as Dr. Cook intimated. As to this the letter said:

> In taking over these skins from the Eskimos have them tell you what they want for them, write it down in your log book, and tell them that when the Roosevelt comes down next Summer I will give them the things they want for them. You know I have on the Roosevelt guns, ammunition, traps, lumber, knives, saws, hatchets, tobacco, &c. You can promise as much tobacco as you please.

When Dr. Cook returned to Etah, Murphy carried out to the letter the instructions left with him by Commander Peary. He even went so far, so Dr. Cook said on his return here, as to show Cook the letter written by Peary. That Dr. Cook was not dissatisfied at that time with the situation at Etah is evidenced in the written acknowledgment he gave Murphy, reading as follows:

> Annatok, April 21, 1909.
>
> The following goods have been taken from my supplies and Mr. Murphy has returned similar goods of like amounts from his supplies:
>
> Eight pounds coffee, two cans biscuits, (fifty pounds;) also thirty bags of coal, to be delivered at Etah.

Gen. Hubbard remarked yesterday that it did not seem, judging from Dr. Cook's own acknowledgment and the letter of instructions left by Commander Peary with Murphy, that Cook had been so badly treated after all. He regards the two documents as effectually setting at rest Cook's charges of inhuman or even unfair treatment at the hands of Peary's men.

COULDN'T AWAKEN HYPNOTIST'S SUBJECT

Continued from Page 1.

night he was locked up in the jail with Edward Thompson, held as a witness.

Davenport, who is secretary to William L. Hays, Postmaster of Newark and is an old friend of Everton's, came to-day in response to his summons. He said to-night that he had told Everton not to put Simpson through any cataleptic stunt because he was a continuous drinker. Mrs. Everton said she also had cautioned her husband not to use this "horse" in that way. Everton said he had used Simpson because he seemed the most likely subject and he did not know Simpson had been drinking.

Hypnotists Offer Aid.

Everton early to-day was taken before Judge Sutphen, charged with manslaughter, and remanded to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. He was utterly unable to control himself, often breaking down and weeping. His wife came over from Newark on an early afternoon train. He has a four-year-old son. All day telegrams kept coming to him from hypnotists, who offered their assistance if it was wanted. One who signed himself Svengali said:

"Suggest heart action to subject."

On Everton's appeal an autopsy was postponed until Davenport could come from Newark and make a test, and at 5 o'clock this was made. Davenport, Mrs. Everton, Everton's personal manager, County Physician Long, and two other local doctors entered the dead room. The body lay on a slab covered with a black oil-cloth. A skull and an articulated skeleton stood near by. Waiting on the front porch of the hospital for a call for their services were Manager Edwards of the Bijou Theatre, Edward Pelham, his hypnotist, armed with his diploma from some hypnotic school, and supplied with a photograph of himself in case it should be needed.

The test failed as told, and Davenport went back to the jail and told his fellow-hypnotist that he believed Simpson was dead.

"I suppose he is, then," answered the prisoner, burying his face in his hands.

Mr. Davenport went back to Newark; Mrs. Everton stayed behind to talk to her husband. She is a hypnotist herself, and believes in telepathy. She said that on Monday night in her home in Newark, about 8:30 o'clock, she felt something dreadful pass through her and make her shiver. She knew something was wrong with her husband, and got up early to ask Somerville about him. Then she heard what had happened.

Bequests to Hebrew Guardian Society.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, held at that institution yesterday, these bequests were announced: $6,000 from the estate of Rose Schreiber, $4,000 from the estate of Morris Littman, $1,000 from the estate of Louis Strasburger, $1,000 from the estate of Adolph Scheftel, and $600 from the estate of Dr. William J. Dodd of Jersey City.

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HUNT FOR AUTOISTS WHO ATTACKED GIRL

Police Trying to Find the Men from Whom Dorothy Byrnes Said She Escaped.

HER SKULL FRACTURED

Not Intoxicated, Say Doctors After Autopsy, but Magistrate Voorhees Insists That She Was.

The injuries disclosed yesterday by the autopsy on the body of Dorothy Byrnes, who died in the hospital on Blackwell's Island on Monday, so aroused Coroner's Physician O'Hanlon that he denounced the treatment of the girl who had been committed to the Workhouse after being arrested for intoxication as "the most brutal and inhuman I have witnessed in all my experience as a Coroner's Physician."

"The commitment of this young girl to the Workhouse was a damnable outrage," he added. "Any medical school freshman or any ordinary person should have been able to tell at a glance that this poor girl was suffering a terrible injury and was not intoxicated. Magistrate Voorhees was guilty of the most refined kind of cruelty."

Magistrate Voorhees, who committed the girl to the Workhouse, declared in his own defense yesterday that he had done so at her request.

"The girl was arraigned in the Fifth Avenue Court before me," he said, "and pleaded guilty to a charge of intoxication. She appeared to have been on a debauch. Her eyes were bleary and her hair was disheveled. She admitted that she had been drunk. She told me nothing about any injury received in an automobile or elsewhere. She did say that she was sick.

"I asked her if she wanted to have a doctor visit her or if she wanted to go to the hospital, and she replied that she wanted me to send her to the Workhouse until she could straighten herself out. I asked her if she had parents, saying that I would rather send her to them than to an institution, and she replied that she had no one, and repeated her request that I commit her. I am sure that she showed no signs of a fracture of the skull when she was before me. I am always most careful in the cases of women prisoners.

Dr. O'Hanlon at the autopsy found a fracture of the girl's skull, extending clear across the base, and there were many lesser bruises on her body. Prof. John H. Larkin of Columbia University assisted Dr. O'Hanlon and said afterward:

"I have no doubt that this young girl received her fatal injury while trying to escape from some men in an automobile, as she said before she died. She lost her life in defending herself from their attacks."

The story told by the girl to Dr. Etkin, the house physician in the Blackwell's Island Hospital, was that she had entered an automobile at Coney Island with some men, and that on the way to Brooklyn they became objectionable, and to escape them she jumped from the car. Inspector Harkins has been conducting the police investigation into the girl's story. He said last night that he had been unable to get any trace of the automobile.

Capt. Murphy of the Grand Avenue Station, Brooklyn, where Miss Byrnes was taken by Policeman Whelan, who arrested her, said that the young woman was intoxicated when brought to the station, at 6:30 o'clock in the morning of Nov. 4. He said that Whelan had found her seated on the curb at Eastern Parkway and Underhill Avenue, and that she admitted she had been drinking with friends.

Mrs. Byrnes, mother of the girl, who lives at 108 East Third Street, Windsor Terrace, Brooklyn, said that her daughter had been away from her home for ten days prior to her arrest visiting a friend.

"My husband and I are glad of the help the police are lending us in our investigation, but we are also conducting one of our own, and if we find the man who is responsible for my daughter's death he will never reach a court of justice. I saw my daughter's body in the Morgue. It was terribly bruised. She was literally kicked to death."

The girl's funeral will be held to-day in Calvary Cemetery. There will be services in the Church of the Immaculate Heart of Mary.

LECTURES ON FINANCE.

Men of National Repute Announced for West Side Y. M. C. A. Course.

In the announcement of the Winter's course in finance at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association the names of more than fifty financiers, economists, and Government officials of National reputation are mentioned for special lectures. First in the list is Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, Chairman of the United States Monetary Commission. Others are Senator Theodore L. Burton of Ohio, James C. Cannon, Vice President of the Fourth National Bank; August Belmont, Henry Clews, George B. Cortelyou, Paul D. Cravath, Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co., John E. Garden, Vice President of the National City Bank; Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Steel Corporation; John Hays Hammond, Otto H. Kahn of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel to the Department of Justice.

To Protect Detroit Southern Bonds.

James N. Wallace, President of the Central Trust Company; William A. Read, and F. M. Ecker have been named a committee to protect the interests of the holders of Detroit Southern, Ohio Southern division first mortgage bonds which were defaulted on Sept. 1. The Central Trust Company will act as depositary, and Joline, Larkin & Rathbone are counsel to the committee. F. E. Mowle of 25 Nassau Street is the committee's secretary.

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TRAINING SCHOOL TO LOSE FARRELL

Managers Vote to Oust Superintendent Charged with Cruelty.

OPPOSE AN OUTSIDE PROBE

Board Defeats Resolution to Have the Commissioner of Accounts Report on the Institution.

Applauded by many citizens of Brooklyn who crowded the general offices of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School, at 4 Court Square, yesterday, one after another of the Board of Managers of the school rose to his feet at the board's monthly meeting and said that he intended to vote for the discharge of the school's Superintendent, James P. Farrell, who has been accused both of general mismanagement of the institution and cruelty to its young inmates.

These statements of the board members were precipitated by Ephraim Byk, the board member who prepared the charges against the Superintendent. When several of the members at yesterday's meeting seemed to want more time to make up their minds as to how they should vote on the charges, Mr. Byk rose and offered a resolution recommending that the accused Superintendent be summarily dismissed and that the investigation into the school's management be continued until all objectionable features of the school were eliminated.

"There is no doubt in the minds of any one here as to the cruelty charges against Supt. Farrell," P. J. Carlin, a member of the board, said. "We've all heard enough, so that we have decided to dispense with Supt. Farrell. But I don't want it to go out that Judge Dike can run the school on $10,000 a year as he said he could. Full justice will be meted out to Farrell and the others. I move, however, that we ask the Mayor to make a thorough investigation of the school through the Commissioner of Accounts."

"I'm ready to discharge Supt. Farrell right now," exclaimed ex-Judge Waddell. "But I don't want the Commissioner of Accounts to do our business for us. If we can't do our own investigating, it is time for us to get off the board."

The Waddell motion to call in the Commissioner of Accounts was lost by a vote of four to three. The board will take action against Farrell at a future meeting to be held as soon as the testimony of the past week's investigation has been printed and gone over.

E. F. Boyle, the Mayor's representative at the investigation, refused to discuss a report that the Mayor intends to investigate the institution.

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CURB LAMBS CAUGHT BY ELY CENTRAL

Small Investors Wiped Out by Slump in Stock Boomed by Scheftels Firm.

DROPS 2⅜ POINTS IN HOUR

Shares Handled by Concern in Which Nat Goodwin Is Interested Now Selling at 1.

Not since the palmy days of the mining sharks in 1905-1906 have so many small fry of the Curb market been found complaining as are now bewailing the slump in Ely Central, the star promotion of B. H. Scheftels & Co., "commission brokers," of 42 and 44 Broad Street. This firm, which advertises a private wire to Chicago, Philadelphia, and Pittsburg, has gone into the mining stock game with more systematic methods than have ever before been seen on the Curb, and the harvest of small and hopeful "investors" has been correspondingly large.

Its offices in the Cable Building, at 42 and 44 Broad Street, overlooking the Curb, have been well filled these past months with a happy crowd of little speculators, who have been watching the price of Ely Central fulfill the "tips" in the market letter of the firm, and also in the daily mining newspaper published in adjoining offices. The firm makes it easy for clients to pyramid accounts, thus tempting the piling up of paper profits. It reduces the possible drain of cash by advertising to accept business on a 33 1-3 per cent. margin, and accept stock certificates as "collateral against additional purchases." Encouraged by this system the investors not only in New York but all over where the extensive advertising campaign of the firm has extended have been leading up with more and more of the shares at advancing prices and unwittingly preparing for the smash which came on Monday.

On that day the top-heavy market began to feel the weight of selling by some of the investors who had been made sufficiently nervous by published stories contradicting the roseate reports of Ely Central furnished by Scheftels & Co. to prefer a little immediate cash to promises of still higher prices. The support which had been a necessary part of the rise was withdrawn, and in less than an hour, on selling of less than 5,000 shares, the price collapsed from 4 to 1⅝. This was sufficiently low to reach the great bulk of the stop-loss orders and the margined holdings, and at the low levels between 1½ and 1 15-16 those who had been pyramiding saw their holdings wiped out.

At the low levels transactions were about twelve times as large as at the start of the decline, and in yesterday's market the transactions of 82,000 sent the shares as low as 1, which is about the lowest price that any of the investors were allowed to buy at.

Yesterday B. H. Scheftels & Co. were putting a brave face on the slump in their widely-tipped stock and laying the collapse to newspaper attacks "instigated by powerful Wall Street interests." They predicted that the "investing public" would come into the market to get bargains at the low prices.

B. H. Scheftels & Co. became prominent on the Curb about the time that George Graham Rice, who, after serving time for forgery and grand larceny, graduated into the race track tipping and mining promotion field and was forced out of the Vice Presidency of the Rawhide Coalition Company, which he and Nat Goodwin, the actor, had been boosting. Scheftels & Co., in which both men have been interested, then took it up. That stock had a very similar experience to that of Ely Central.

After selling up around $2 a share, with widely advertised promises that it would go to $5, the market suddenly collapsed and it is now selling around 19 cents. Another stock which the Scheftels firm has been promising recently also collapsed Monday and yesterday. This stock, Bovard Consolidated, which was started at 10 cents a share and quickly run up to 19 cents, sold as low as 7 cents a share yesterday.

FALLON GETS A RECOUNT.

Defeated Judge Carries Eighth District Ballot Fight to Court.

Joseph P. Fallon, the defeated Civic Alliance candidate for Judge of the Municipal Court in the Eighth District, made two applications yesterday with a view to having the Supreme Court officially review the void and protested ballots cast in the election and Assembly districts comprising the court district.

The first application provides for what amounts practically to a recount of the votes of the Eleventh Election District of the Thirtieth Assembly District. Supreme Court Justice Truax signed this order. Fallon asserts that had the ballots been properly counted his election would have been certain. He makes charges of fraudulent methods employed by the Board of Inspectors and poll clerks in the counting of the ballots.

The second order, also signed by Justice Truax, charges that out of the 16,000 votes cast in the Assembly district comprising the eighth judicial district, a large number were not properly counted, and that fully 200 protested ballots were counted for John J. Dwyer, the opposing candidate, which were really cast for Fallon. The order directs that the Board of County Canvassers be required to count all votes cast for Fallon and to show cause on Nov. 11 why they should not produce for the court's inspection all void and protested ballots cast in the Eighth Judicial District.

At the recent election the returns first showed the election of Fallon by a majority of less than 50 votes. Later returns gave the Judgeship to Dwyer, the future son-in-law of Percy Nagle.

WARRINER SHORTAGE MAY BE $2,000,000

Reports in Cincinnati Are That Big Four Official's Thefts Reached Huge Amount.

TO PUSH BLACKMAIL CASE

County Prosecutor Says He Has Evidence Against Man Accused by Defaulter—Mrs. Stewart Under Guard.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—Apparently well-founded reports to-night suggest that the shortage of Charles L. Warriner, formerly local Treasurer of the Big Four Railroad Company, who is now accused of embezzling $843,000, may exceed $1,000,000 and may possibly reach $2,000,000. The railroad officers caused Warriner's arrest on a charge of embezzling $54,500, and later admitted that the amount would be at least $100,000. When that sum was raised to more than half a million dollars rumors began to circulate that the total embezzlement might reach a figure which would set a new record in such cases.

Whatever may be the culpability of persons alleged by Warriner to have blackmailed him for part of the loot, it appears that as far as the railroad officers are concerned, they have no intention of proceeding against others than the defaulting Treasurer. General Counsel Hackney to-day declared that he possessed no facts that would authorize prosecution of any one save Warriner.

"I believe Mr. Warriner's statement," said Hackney, "that he was blackmailed, but we have only his word for it, and we cannot act on that. That is for the State authorities to do, if they choose."

The facts in the case have been placed in the hands of County Prosecutor Hunt, who will put them before a Grand Jury next week. According to Mr. Hunt, there is a perfect case against both Warriner and the man who Warriner charges as chief participant in the embezzlement. As far as two women who have been mentioned are concerned, both Mr. Hackney and Mr. Hunt say that they have no evidence against them.

Asked how one man could juggle the accounts of a great corporation for so long a time without detection, a high railroad officer to-day said that an upheaval was about to take place in the offices of the Big Four, and that an entirely new system of conducting the finances would be installed.

The officials of the road admit that they are astounded at the revelations made by Warriner, and to-day pressed him for additional details of how he spent the money, the sums alleged to have been paid by him on account of blackmail and in unprofitable speculation still leaving a large amount unaccounted for.

Warriner still insists that he has not a dollar left in the world to transfer to the railroad company.

Railway officials and detectives working under them were mystified to-day over the visit of a strange man and boy to the Warriner home in Wyoming last night. The boy, it is alleged, attempted to pass a note to Warriner. Both left the premises almost immediately without their identity becoming known. Warriner declares he does not know who they were or what was their mission.

That the mysterious messenger offered to deliver to Warriner a note from a woman who sought an audience with him in connection with recent disclosures was the statement accredited to a member of the Warriner household to-day.

Big Four secret service men declared that the woman was the one named by Warriner as having blackmailed him for years. The woman was said to be living in Evanston, a fashionable suburb of this city. She is alleged to have been seen in an automoile some distance from the Warriner home awaiting the return of the man and boy.

Mrs. Jeannette Timmins Ford Stewart, whom the detectives have been seeking for several days in the belief that she can give them some information about the case, is in Cincinnati, and has been all the time, it was learned to-day. Railway officials and detectives said they were looking everywhere for her, and from one source only has there come, up to this time, a statement that anybody knew where she was. That was when a Chicago lawyer, representing Edward S. Cooke, said that he knew where she was and could produce her if the courts asked that it be done.

Mrs. Stewart is at her home in The Sun Building, Thirteenth and Bremen Streets. A former employe of hers went there late Friday afternoon and asked to see her, but was told by Mrs. Stewart herself that she could not be allowed to come in and that no one was allowed to enter. She told the girl that until her affairs were straightened out no one could enter her home. But it is known that in the last three days Mrs. Stewart has received many telegrams at her home.

This afternoon a reporter went to The Sun Building to ask if Mrs. Stewart had returned. He was told that she had not. As he stood there talking to the maid the little daughter of Mrs. Stewart was heard to call out: "Mamma, I want a pencil to write a letter to papa." Evidently the child was hushed by having a hand placed over her mouth, for presently she began to cry. She then came to the door, and asked the reporter if he would take her away, saying that she was not being well treated.

"You don't know who I am, do you?" she asked. "Well, I'm Jeannette Stewart. I don't like it here one bit. I wish they would take that chain away from the door and let me go out."

It is said that Big Four detectives went to Mrs. Stewart a night or two before they made known the shortage of Warriner and told her that she would have to remain away from everybody for a little while. They are said to have then placed several detectives in and about The Sun Building to keep Mrs. Stewart from talking.

CANADA GETS OLD RECORDS.

Expected to Throw Light on Matters Concerning United States.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Nov. 9.—The British War Office has presented to the Canadian Government the original correspondence sent by the Governor General to the British Government during the period from 1791 to 1840, when Upper and Lower Canada were separate provinces. The cause which led to the war of 1812 and the events during its progress are voluminously dealt with. The relations which preceded the signing of the convention of 1818 regulating the privileges of the United States in British North American fisheries receive much attention.

Dr. Doughty, the Dominion archivist, says the papers will have the effect of modifying some data hitherto considered historically accurate, which is of concern to both Canada and the United States.

CANADA TO IMPOSE DUES.

Will Retaliate for American Tonnage Tax on Great Lakes.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Nov. 9.—The reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States in respect to harbor dues, which has been in force since 1885, has come to an end. This agreement provided that neither Canada nor the United States should collect tonnage dues on vessels plying on Lake Ontario.

Under the new American tariff, however, a tax up to 10 cents a ton per annum is imposed on Canadian vessels trading to ports on the Great Lakes. The new tax became effective last month. In view of this action on the part of the United States, Canada has decided to reimpose harbor dues on American vessels.

The scale of fees, which will be collected only at ports where there are harbormasters, will not be heavy. The maximum is $5 on vessels of 700 tons or over, and the fee can be collected only twice a year on any vessel.

HELPING THE GERMAN POOR.

Mme. Oelbermann, Here for the Horse Show, Tells of Charity at Home.

An informal dinner party was given last night by Mme. Emil Oelbermann at the Netherland Hotel, after which the party occupied Box 60 at the Horse Show.

Mme. Oelbermann, who is wealthy, comes from Cologne, Germany, where she is famous for her charitable work. She has been decorated by the German Emperor and Empress several times. She wore last night a famous strand of pearls reported to be worth $250,000. These pearls with her decorations from the German Empress and from the Empress of Japan for contributions for hospital work in the late war are kept in the hotel safe.

Mme. Oelbermann told a TIMES reporter yesterday something about the work she carries on among the very poor in Cologne. At Christmas time she throws open her mansion and entertains several hundred poor folk. Each family receives a month's rent free, two pounds of coffee, six pounds of meat, and household linen.

"We don's subscribe to charitable funds in Cologne," said Mme. Oelbermann. "Instead, we visit personally the homes of the poor, and teach them how to better their conditions. When the pooor are ill the ladies of Cologne lend a servant for several hours a day. Foood from the rich men's tables is taken to the homes of the destitute, where the only food is potatoes and coffee."

ALIENATION OF A CHILD

Is Not Actionable for Damages, Justice Tompkins Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins handed down a decision to-day in which he dismisses the action brought by John Miles, the wholesale milliner, against Thomas N. Cuthbert, a lawyer, for $100,000 damages for the alienation of the affections of his children.

In dismissing the complaint Justice Tompkins said:

"In my opinion the complaint does not state a cause of action against the defendant, Cuthbert, for the reason that no action will lie by a parent to recover for the loss of the love and affections of a child. An action for loss of services may be maintained, but there is no authority for such an action as this."

The suit grows out of the separation of Mr. and Mrs. John Miles many months ago. Their marital troubles are still pending in court.

CONNERS PREDICTS DEMOCRATIC SWEEP

State Chairman Says Victory Over Republicans in Cities Means Triumph Next Year.

SEEKS TO BE RE-ELECTED

Party Is Reunited in Buffalo, Old-Line Cleveland Element Resuming Active Participation in Its Affairs.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 9.—When the Democratic Committee of Erie County met to-day to reorganize, following the victorious campaign which ended in the election of Louis P. Fuhrmann as Mayor, six of the city's most prominent old-line Cleveland Democrats returned to active participation in the party organization.

These men, who represent the "silk-stocking" element of the party in this county, are E. Howard Hutchinson, former Mayor Charles F. Bishop, W. Caryl Ely, Corporation Counsel Louis E. Desbecker, Herbert P. Bissell, and William H. Follette, Mayor of Tonawanda. These six men were elected members of the Democratic Executive Committee, which also included William J. Conners and State Committeeman Henry P. Burgard.

In the election of these men to positions entailing active participation in the party councils, Mr. Conners, it is generally conceded, has accomplished a master coup. He has succeeded in uniting the democracy of Buffalo, and stands to-day without a rival for the leadership up-State. The men who have been taken into his organization are the same men who were represented at the Saratoga conference.

When asked if he intended to be a candidate for re-election as State Chairman, Mr. Conners said:

"I am a State committeeman and I will be re-elected State Committeeman. I am State Chairman and I hope to be re-elected State Chairman. If I am beaten it will be while I am standing up fighting and the victor will know that something has been going on."

At the meeting to-day Mr. Conners made a speech in which he replied to some of the things said by the Republican speakers in the recent campaign. He refuted the charge that Mr. Fuhrmann, who was elected Mayor, was merely a pawn in his hands.

"This talk about owning the Mayor is nonsense," said Mr. Conners. "It's the other way." The next Mayor of Buffalo will own me just as long as he remains a Democrat and continues true to Democratic principles.

"I don't want to Connerize or Tammanyize this city. That was a false cry. Those who know my aims regarding the Democratic Party know those issues were false issues."

Mr. Conners is elated over the results of the local elections, because they indicate to him that the trend of sentiment among the voters is toward the Democratic Party. Twenty-two Democratic Mayors were elected, and fourteen of those will succeed Republican executives. The State Chairman believes that the Democratic victories foreshadow triumph for the Democracy in the election next year, when a Governor and other State officers will be chosen.

Following are Democratic Mayors chosen at the recent election, the stars indicating Democrats who will succeed Republicans:

*Binghamton—John J. Irving.
Buffalo—Louis P. Fuhrmann.
*Corning—Frederick A. Ellison.
Elmira—Daniel Sheehan.
*Fulton—Joseph H. Connors.
Geneva—Patrick O'Malley.
*Gloversville—Wesley M. Borst.
*Hornell—Frank J. Nelson.
Johnstown—Abram Harrison.
*Kingston—Roscoe Irwin.
Little Falls—Timothy Dasey.
*Mount Vernon—Edwin W. Flake.
Newburg—Benjamin McClung.
New York—William J. Gaynor.
*Olean—Peter C. Foley.
*Oneida—Dr. Otto Pfaff.
*Oswego—John Fitzgibbons.
*Plattsburg—Andrew J. Senecal.
Rome—Albert R. Kessinger.
*Schenectady—Dr. C. H. Duryee.
*Utica—Frederick Gillmore.
*Yonkers—James T. Lemmon.

Democrats lost Mayors in Auburn, Amsterdam, Dunkirk, and Tonawanda. Republicans were elected to replace Democrats.

"Aside from the victory which we scored in Buffalo," said Mr. Conners to-night, "I believe that we have shown a greater evidence of Democratic strength in this State than at any time since the early nineties, and I am firmly of the opinion that the Democracy will win the contest for Governor in the State next year.

"The Democratic State organization is in a better fighting position than it has been in a great many years, and the election of twenty-two Democratic Mayors is largely due to the fact that the organization has given encouragement to Democrats everywhere. Here in Buffalo we refused to nominate Mr. Adam, who is not an affiliated Democrat, and nominated Mr. Fuhrmann, a straight party man, who had the support of all the old-line Democrats—the men who had stood with Grover Cleveland. They got back in the harness for the first time since '96.

"In other cities the same conditions prevailed. Democrats who had strayed away got back into the fold. The gain in the Assembly is a further indication of the tendency toward the Democracy in the up-State counties.

"With the Republicans revising the tariff upward in Washington and dividing into factions over matters of party policy in this State, they present a situation which cannot fail to be of advantage to Democrats. I regard the gain in Democratic Mayors in the State a positive evidence of the widespread feeling that it is time to retire the Republican Party from power."

Justice Brown of the Supreme Court has denied the application of Mr. Conners for a vacation of the order obtained by Robert Collier to examine Mr. Conners before the trial of his action against the proprietor of Collier's Weekly for damages for an alleged libelous article published in that magazine some time ago.

Justice Brown says the defendant should be permitted to examine the plaintiff, but only regarding the allegation in the answer, which says that Mr. Conners authorized and consented to the publication of the article in question.

"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY."

Reflection from the Vanquished in Politics—Candidates' Expenses.

Some melancholy philosophy is expressed by Franklin Taylor, a young Brooklyn lawyer, in his account of his expenditures in his unsuccessful campaign for election as Municipal Court Justice in the Second District, that borough. Mr. Taylor, a Democrat, running in a strong Republican district, spent $832.23 to be defeated. His affidavit to this effect, filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office, says:

"The same is a full and detailed statement of all moneys contributed or expended, directly or indirectly, by me or through any person, in aid of my election; all of which serves to demonstrate that 'a fool and his money are soon parted.'"

Nathan Bijur, (Fus.,) elected to the Supreme Court, certified yesterday to the County Clerk that he had spent nothing in this election.

Coroner Julius Harburger, (Tam.,) defeated for Coroner, Manhattan, says: "I have not contributed or expended one cent."

George F. Shrady, (Tam.,) defeated candidate for Coroner, says he spent $2,030.62, of which $1,500 went to the County Campaign Committee and $500 to the Campaign Committee of the Sixteenth Assembly District.

William Haupt, (Rep.,) defeated candidate for Municipal Justice in the Eighth District, says he spent $331. Thomas E. Murray, re-elected in the Third District, says he spent $235.

James A. Foley, (Tam.,) elected to the Assembly in the Twelfth District, (Charles F. Murphy's,) spent $50.75, of which $33 went to the Campaign Committee. Raphael Garfein, (Fus.,) elected in the Thirty-sixth District, says he spent $165.

James Oliver, (Tam.,) re-elected to the Assembly in the Third District, says he spent $220.

FRANCIS AFTER SMITH'S JOB.

He Gets New Members' Pledges for Assembly Clerkship.

The fight against the re-election of Ray B. Smith of Syracuse as Clerk of the Assembly received new impetus yesterday when Assemblyman James A. Francis of the Twenty-third District announced that he was a candidate for the place. Mr. Francis, who has served in the Assembly for five years and made a very good record for himself, will have the support of the fifteen Republican Assemblymen-elect from New York County to begin with.

Assemblyman William M. Bennett of the Fifteenth District, who is leading the fight on Mr. Smith, said last night that he was receiving letters from many up-State Assemblymen-elect assuring him of their support in the fight.

"Despite the powerful backing Mr. Smith has received from the organization," said Mr. Bennett, "I believe we will succeed in having him replaced by a man better fitted for the position he now holds."

One of the most powerful supporters of Mr. Smith in the fight against him before he was first elected Clerk was Republican State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff.

CHALLENGE FROM PARSONS.

He Resents Mere Insinuations Regarding the Customs Frauds.

Herbert Parsons, President of the Republican County Committee, issued a challenge yesterday to his enemies to formulate their attacks on him in connection with the Custom House scandals in such language that the truth can be threshed out in court. The challenge was made in reply to insinuations that the Appraisers' office is an annex to the political machine of which Mr. Parsons is the head.

If any one desires to intimate that he has used either his political or public place to aid the American Sugar Refining Company in any way or to aid anybody to cheat the Government, Mr. Parsons said he wants that charge made straightforwardly, otherwise the insinuation is cowardly.

Mr. Parsons admitted that he had recommended the appointment of George W. Wanmaker as Appraiser, of Harry B. Stowel and Samuel Krulewitch as Assistant Appraisers, and of Charles K. Lexow to a place in the Appraiser's department, for which legal knowledge is required. Wanmaker, Krulewitch, and Lexow are Republican district leaders.

DIVORCEE WEDS IN HASTE.

Mrs. Barton Hurries from Reno to Wed Nathan Frank in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Anna Barton, who got a decree of divorce from her husband, who is a relative of a member of the firm of silversmiths, Reed & Barton of Rochester, N. Y., went from this city a few days ago to Chicago and married Nathan Frank, a stock broker of New York and a politician. The marriage took place on Monday of last week.

Frank Barton, her former husband, was here at the time of the hearing, but did not approach the courtroom nearer than the lower floor of the Court House.

FOUR MUST DIE FOR MURDER.

Court of Appeals Affirms Convictions in the First Degree.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed four judgments of conviction of murder in the first degree.

The findings are against Frank Jackson, who killed Elizabeth Jackson in Sandy Hill Aug. 24, 1906; William Morse, for shooting Policeman Edward Kavanagh in Brooklyn in 1907; John Barobuto, convicted of the killing of two fellow-countrymen in Middletown in May last, and Charles Bowser, a negro, for the killing of Eugene Hutchinson in Thirty-ninth Street, in New York City, in May last.

Lusitania Coming in Fast Time.

The Cunard liner Lusitania appears to be making good time on her present westward passage. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon she was reported from Cape Race to be 1,264 miles from Sandy Hook, and on that showing should dock about 7 o'clock to-morrow night. She brings 350 first-cabin passengers.

Asks Police to Help Find Father.

John Clemons of 999 East 180th Street reported to the police last night that his father, John S. Clemons, had been missing since Sunday. Clemons, Sr., the son said, was slightly demented. At the time he disappeared he wore a three-hundred-dollar diamond ring and a gold watch. A general alarm was sent to all the station houses.

Packard MOTOR CARS

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
1861 BROADWAY

No Change in Wilson's Condition.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 9.—There has been no change to-day in the condition of Midshipman Wilson, who was operated upon on Sunday with the hope of saving his life, previously despaired of, as a result of an injury to his spine during a recent football game. His pulse, respiration, and temperature are normal, but the paralysis continues. The surgeons do not expect any change in this feature of the case for several days.

The Pencils that Last Longest

KOH-I-NOOR Pencils

10c. Each—$1. a Dozen
Pay less and you get less
L. & C. Hardtmuth
New York

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant

Poor electric lights ultimately produce poor eyes.

Most poor lights are due to imperfect wiring. The BOHN electric wiring IS PERFECT.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

Nahan Franko and Orchestra, Restaurant.

30 Years London & Paris Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AV. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Real Lace Fans from Paris
For the Horse Show or Opera
Main Floor.

WE have just received from our Paris office a splendid assortment of exceedingly pretty and dainty Lace Fans, indispensable during the Horse Show, opera or other social functions.

Real Duchesse and Renaissance Lace Fans
Hand-painted and some are spangled in steel or gold. Values to $5.00, at.... $2.95

Real Duchesse Lace Fans
Most beautifully and artistically made pearl sticks. Values to $12.50, at .. $7.95

100 Opera Bags from Paris—Hand-embroidered in all colors. Many have sold at $12.00; choice..... ..... $5.00

The Riviere Opera Glass.
Our own importation of French Glasses. The famous Riviere guaranteed perfect and remarkably penetrative, fitted with achromatic lenses; most beautiful Oriental and white mother of pearl; $7 values; none better, at..... $4.95 and $3.95

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. 6TH AVE'S FINEST STORE.

THE BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS

Handsomest Day Train in the World
NEW YORK TO BUFFALO
LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

Observation Parlor Cars.
Dining Car (service a la carte).
Buffet-Library-Smoking Car.
High Back Seat Coaches.
Electric Lights and Fans.

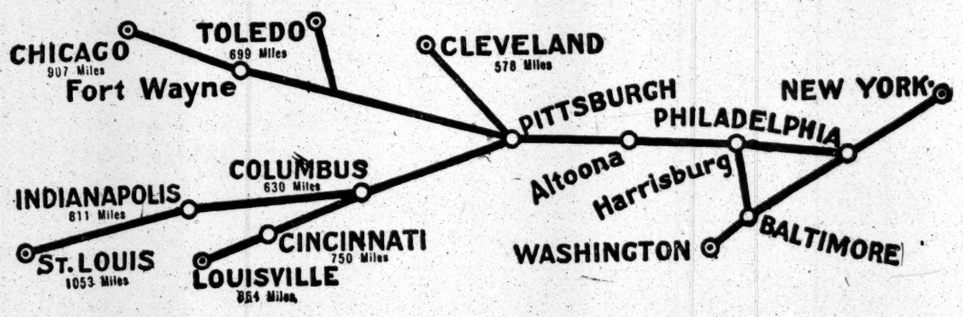
LEAVES NEW YORK (CORTLANDT ST. DESBROSSES ST.) 12.00 NOON, DAILY.
Time from W. 23d St., 5 minutes earlier.

Automatic Electric Block Signals, a stone ballasted road-bed, heavy steel rails and bridges of unusual strength are important factors in contributing to the comfort and safety of patrons.

Other Through Trains Leave New York as Follows:
The Buffalo Express..... 7.40 A. M. | The Chicago-Toronto Express 8.55 P. M.
The Chicago Express..... 9.40 A. M. | The Buffalo Train..... 7.55 P. M.
Time shown is from West 23d Street Penna. Ferry

LEHIGH VALLEY TICKET OFFICES, NEW YORK:
1480 Broadway (near 42d Street) | 140 Broadway (near Liberty Street)
355 Broadway (near Franklin Street) | 245 Broadway (near Park Place)
Hudson Terminal, Fulton, Church and Cortlandt Sts. | 182 Fifth Avenue (near 23d Street) | 225 Fifth Avenue (near 27th Street)
Pennsylvania Ferries, W. 23d St., Desbrosses St., and Cortlandt St.
30 Flatbush Avenue and Brooklyn Annex Ferry, Brooklyn
211 Market Street, Newark

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD



THE SHORTEST LINE FROM NEW YORK

The Pennsylvania Railroad is the shortest route from New York to the commercial centers of the West; and it affords the most direct service in the quickest time with the greatest degree of comfort.

It is 907 miles to Chicago via the Pennsylvania route, and there are six daily trains, three of them making the run in 24 hours or less, and the "Pennsylvania Special" in 18 hours.

To St. Louis it is 1053 miles, with five daily trains averaging 28 hours to the run. "The 24-Hour St. Louis" covers the distance in one round of the sun.

Cincinnati is 750 miles away. To this point the Pennsylvania Railroad offers six fast trains, averaging 21 hours to the trip, one train making it in 17 hours.

Six daily trains cover the distance to Cleveland, 578 miles; three of them in about 16 hours, one in 14 hours.

It is only 699 miles to Toledo. Three daily trains afford excellent service. The "Pennsylvania Limited" makes the trip in less than 19 hours.

To Columbus it is 630 miles, or 16 hours; to Indianapolis 811 miles, or 18 hours; and to Louisville 864 miles, or 21 hours, via Cincinnati. To each of these cities there are six daily trains.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is an important factor in the elimination of time and distance, and is "The Standard Railroad of America" in construction, service, equipment, and convenience.

Lord & Taylor

Sale of All Silk Umbrellas

26-inch for Women

10, 11 and 12-inch handles, etched and engraved silver caps, imported gun-metals, plain sterling silver, and gilt trimmed, with green ebony, pimento, and partridge mounts;

28-inch for Men

handles of pimento, buckhorn, furze, and green ebony, sterling silver trimmed;

$2.95, value $5.00

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE SHOWING AUTUMN MODELS OF THE "FASSO" CORSET, DESIGNED IN SYMMETRICAL LINES TO HARMONIZE WITH THE LATEST FASHIONS IN DRESS; AS WELL AS SEVERAL STYLES OF THE "ESNAH" CORSET, FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

ORAL BETTING LEGAL, APPEALS COURT SAYS

Holds System in Operation at Race Tracks Does Not Violate the Laws.

SUSTAINS GAYNOR DECISION

Decree Discharging Orlando Jones and Sol Lichtenstein Approved Under Interpretation of Anti-Gambling Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 9.—The system of oral betting in operation at the race tracks of the State since the enactment of the Hart-Agnew anti-gambling laws may be continued with the sanction of the highest court of New York. The Court of Appeals decided to-day that oral betting does not constitute bookmaking within the meaning of the law.

This decision was reached in the case of Orlando Jones and Sol Lichtenstein, who were indicted in Kings County on a charge of bookmaking, and discharged from custody by the lower courts. The Court of Appeals sustains the position taken by ex-Justice William J. Gaynor, who held for the Appellate Division, Second Department, that oral betting did not constitute a crime. The discharge of Jones and Lichtenstein is approved.

In his opinion Judge Haight says, in part:

"The ordinary bookmaker is a person who follows the races and is enabled to prepare a list of horses entered with the odds so arranged as to percentages as to give him a profit whichever the winning horse may be. This is the evil which the Legislature sought to prevent by the enactment of the Hart-Agnew laws.

"There has always been observed a distinction between betting and gambling, or the maintaining of a house or place to which people could resort to gamble. The same distinction obtains in this State, where oral betting has never been a crime, while the keeping of a gambling house has been subjected to severe punishment. The laying of odds standing alone does not, therefore, constitute a crime.

"The vice of bookmaking chiefly consists in soliciting and in inducing the public to take chances in the carefully figured and planned schemes of the bookmakers, and this, in order to be made profitable to them, requires the writing out of the list of the odds laid on some paper or material so that it could be seen by those who are solicited to invest.

"If a man should offer to bet the ladies of his party a pair of gloves to a box of candy, it would be the laying of odds and publishing the same. To hold him to be a bookmaker would, in my judgment, be a departure from the rule which gives to the terms of the statute their ordinary and accepted meaning, and would be a construction which was not within the contemplation of the Legislature."

Chief Judge Cullen, in his opinion, says: "Legislation should be practical, and it is at least doubtful whether a statute making every offer or acceptance of a bet or wager a crime could, in the present state of the morals and the habits of the community, be enforced. While the statute makes all bets and wagers void and money lost thereon recoverable, it has made gambling a crime only where it is accompanied by record, registry, or the use of some part of the paraphernalia of professional gamblers, except in the case of pool selling, where probably no writing or record is necessary to constitute the crime.

"While in reality the statute is directed against gambling, not against its incidents, the law has laid hold of certain incidents on the theory that, those being prohibited, the evil itself would be suppressed, because of the impracticability of carrying on gambling on a large scale without some of the accessories denounced by the statute. How far this plan has proved successful in operation is for the Legislature, not the court, to determine, and we cannot hold that the act of these men constitutes a crime unless it falls within the terms of the statute. Whether the plan adopted to suppress the evil is an efficacious one is solely for the Legislature."

In a dissenting opinion Judge Vann says: "The Constitution forbids bookmaking without defining it, and the statute forbids engaging in it without defining it. In view of the explicit command of the Constitution and the history of legislation on the subject, as well as the origin of the word bookmaking and its meaning in the country from which we borowed it, I think the statute prohibits engaging in bookmaking with or without the aid of any writing, because writing is not of the substance and need not be resorted to, and if resorted to, is a mere incident. Engaging in the business of public gambling by quoting and laying insidious odds to a multitude of people was the evil aimed at, not the making of a record of the business, which is comparatively innocent."

Assistant District Attorney Elder of Kings County contended that bookmaking was the gambling scheme which consists of the laying of odds for the purpose of getting bets, and that while memorandum might be useful as an aid to the person who conducts the business, yet it had no essential part in the transaction. In reference to Mr. Elder's contention, Judge Haight says:

"We conclude that the information filed by the District Attorney failed to allege acts which constituted the crime of bookmaking, and that, therefore, the order appealed from should be affirmed."

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—Indictments were returned in the Kenton County Circuit Court, at Covington, Ky., this afternoon against the Latonia Racing Association for permitting bookmaking and gambling at the Latonia race track.

In addition to a blanket indictment against the Latonia Association, wholesale indictments were returned against alleged gamblers. The report of the Grand Jury contains sweeping censure of the Covington (Ky.) police officials for permitting gambling and violations of the midnight closing law.

The decision handed down by the Court of Appeals yesterday upholding the legality of oral betting will not affect the status of the bookmakers on the race tracks in the metropolitan district. In fact, the State's highest court approves a system which has been employed by bookmakers and bettors since the enforcement of the Hart-Agnew law.

During the past season betting at the local tracks has been conducted entirely by word of mouth, with the wagers unrecorded. This method, while, of course, not so satisfactory as the former system of bookmaking to either the betting public or the bookmakers, has been employed for heavy wagers at all the tracks in this district.

That to-day's decision will simply serve to confirm the present system and permit betting to be continued under it was the opinion generally expressed by horsemen who were informed of the court's finding. It was thought, however, that under this more secure protection layers of odds would be exempt from interference on the part of the local authorities, which has been somewhat frequent during the past season.

SAYS CHICAGO WILL PASS US.

New York Has Brilliant Future, However, Prof. Penck Thinks.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Albrecht Penck, Professor of Geography in the University of Berlin, who was the Emperor William Professor at Columbia University for 1908-09, delivered a lecture here last night on his impressions from his journey around the world.

He spoke of the magnificence of New York Harbor at night, and said the city, with its population of nearly 5,000,000, had a brilliant future.

Looking far ahead, however, he thought Chicago would be the greater city.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 9.—Leslie Combs, the American Minister to Peru, left this city to-day for Callao, whence he will sail for the United States by way of Panama.

TOKIO, Nov. 9.—It was officially announced to-day that the Japanese Imperial Diet will be convened at Tokio on Dec. 22.

Perhaps you are looking for a position. See Page 17.

GERMANY BACKS BERNSTORFF.

Public Opinion Behind His Statement of Her World Policies.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Count von Bernstorff's address on Germany's world policy before the American Academy of Political and Social Science at Philadelphia last Saturday has been read with intense interest throughout Germany, where it is recognized that the announcement of imperial aims through the German Ambassador to the United States was made with the full approval of the German Foreign Office.

That portion of the declaration regarding Germany's renunciation of her colonial expansion is considered a more positive and clear expression of the imperial policy than has ever before been made authoritatively and publicly. The imperial Government takes this step in America, it is declared in high quarters, to remove some of the suspicions that are constantly encouraged by the opponents of Germany.

A small group of journals, voicing Pan-Germanic hopes, such as the Tagliche Rundschau and the Rheinisch-Westphaelische Zeitung, attack the speech, but this was expected by the Foreign Office. The great body of opinion supports Count von Bernstorff's declarations.

BRUNSWICK REGENT TO WED.

Duke Johann Albrecht to Marry Princess Elizabeth of Stolberg-Rossla.

WERNIGERODE, Prussian Saxony, Nov. 9.—The engagement of Duke Johann Albrecht of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Regent of Brunswick, to Princess Elizabeth of Stolberg-Rossla, was gazetted to-day.

The wedding will take place on Dec. 15.

Duke Johann was born at Schwerin on Dec. 8, 1857, and accepted the Regency of Brunswick on June 5, 1907, having been elected by the Brunswick Diet in the previous month. His election was apparently the last chapter in the long-drawn-out controversy over the succession to the throne of Brunswick, which was claimed by the Duke of Cumberland, who was the rightful heir to the last Duke of Brunswick. Princess Elizabeth of Stolberg-Rossla was born at Rossla June 23, 1885.

Duke Johann's first wife, who was Princess Elizabeth of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, died in July, 1908.

WOMEN KILLED IN RIOT.

Carabineers, Being Worsted, Fire on Mob in Calabrian Village.

ROME, Nov. 9.—A dispatch received here says that during a riot at the village of Platici, in Calabria, a force of carabineers, in attempting to prevent an assault upon the municipal building, had five men wounded.

The soldiers were being worsted and were forced to fire upon the mob, killing three women and wounding a large number of others.

COMPOSURE IS LOST BY MME. STEINHEIL

Sits Forlorn and Dejected and Lets Gravest Accusations Pass Unchallenged.

TESTIMONY AGAINST HER

Case, However, Still Rests Entirely on Circumstantial Evidence—She Charges Reporters with Torturing Her.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—The sixth day of the trial of Mme. Steinheil accomplished no further advance in the solution of the mystery underlying the murder of the woman's husband, Adolphe Steinheil, and her stepmother, Mme. Japy. While the testimony given to-day was indirectly more damaging to the prisoner, the whole case still rests upon purely circumstantial evidence.

The Judge's attitude toward the accused is becoming distinctly more lenient, and at the same time the defendant's powers of resistance seem already exhausted under the terrific ordeal to which she has been subjected.

"Have pity on me! I am an unhappy woman who should not be tortured," she exclaimed soon after the case opened this morning. The Judge declared that the accused always repeated that cry when she was embarrassed for an answer. During the latter half of the day she sat forlorn and dejected, the personification of grief and misery, allowing the gravest accusations to pass unchallenged.

It is learned that the line of defense to be followed by M. Aubin, Mme. Steinheil's counsel, will be based in large measure on the woman's mental condition. While insisting upon her entire innocence of complicity in the crime, M. Aubin will admit the whole miserable story of her past, and will contend that exposure and the suspicions aroused against her had so affected her hysterical nature that it drove her into a condition of frenzied despair, rendering her irresponsible for her acts and accusations after the murder.

Mme. Steinheil admitted anew that she had had certain jewels, the gifts of her admirers, melted, but she maintained that this was done to keep them from the knowledge of her daughter. At this point she assumed an aggressive attitude, which continued during the examination of several witnesses and resulted in a series of lively tilts between her and Judge de Valles. When reproached for having concealed so long from the authorities that she possessed imitation duplicates of her jewels, she defended her secrecy on the ground that she wished to hide from her friends the real financial condition of the family.

When reporters testified that Mme. Steinheil was in a state of great depression when she confessed to them that she had placed the pearl in Coulliard's pocketbook and then accused Wolf, the prisoner interrupted to declare that the newspaper men had tortured her into speaking, one even having twisted her wrists to make her talk.

The reporters denied that they had used force, but admitted that they had pressed the suspected woman to confess. Their testimony was in sharp contrast with most of that introduced yesterday, in that it was most damaging to the prisoner.

M. Barby, a photographer, testified that when Mme. Steinheil was convinced that she would be arrested she wished to commit suicide. He said that at a critical moment in the interview between Mme. Setinheil and the newspaper men Marietta Wolf, the cook, entered the room, and the two women fell into each other's arms. After a momentary display of emotion, the two withdrew to a corner of the room, where they conversed in whispers. After the cook had left the room Mme. Steinheil told the reporters that the Wolf woman had said that she would deny everything if her mistress was arrested.

"Do you understand fully the gravity of your testimony against Mme. Steinheil?" Judge de Valles asked the witness.

"I accept full responsibility for it," he replied.

The Judge cross-examined the prisoner concerning the photographer's testimony, but the only reply elicited was "I don't remember," after which court was adjourned for the day.

DORANDO RUNS FOR ROYALTY.

Discusses Marathon Races and Methods of Training with King Victor.

PISA, Italy, Nov. 9.—King Victor Emmanuel, who is staying at his hunting lodge, the Cascine di San Rossere, received the Marathon runner, Dorando Pietri, to-day. The King recalled seeing Dorando when a soldier run twenty-one miles in two hours. The latter remarked that he had done much better than that in recent years, dwelling particularly on his performance in the English Marathon.

The King questioned Dorando regarding the value of books on training, and the runner expressed doubt as to their utility, a general method of training being impossible. The training of each individual, he said, must depend upon the physical make-up of the individual himself.

Dorando then gave a demonstration of his running system, and greatly amused the royal children, who had been summoned by the King to see the runner.

Park & Tilford Coffees

offer a large range of selection to suit each particular taste.

Centrally Located Stores. New Catalog Ready.

WHEN THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS become enfeebled through old age or illness, take R42400 after meals. Prescribed by doctors for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. It prevents distress and aids the processes of digestion and assimilation. Sold by druggists everywhere and by

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Hayler's COCOA

Don't let your children acquire the Coffee Habit. Get out of the rut yourself. COCOA strengthens the Nerves.

PUREST & BEST IN THE WORLD

Decoration for F. W. Horne.

F. W. Horne of New York, who has extensive interests in Yokohama and Tokio, received a cable dispatch yesterday announcing that he had been decorated by the Emperor of Japan with the Sacred Order of the Treasury.

Alvin Silver

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

The many recent additions to our stock of Silver Deposit Ware show great advance in the art of combining glass with metal; our collection of diamond and precious stone jewelry contains many pieces of moderate price, but all of excellent workmanship and artistic design.

ALVIN QUALITY IS ALWAYS GUARANTEED.

It will interest you to examine this unusual display, irrespective of any intention of immediate purchase.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
also 52 Maiden Lane

SPARROWS

The Story of an Unprotected Girl

BY HORACE W. C. NEWTE

The Preface to this Powerful English Novel reads:

NOWADAYS, all nice people fall asleep of nights, trusting more or less implicitly to providence (and the policeman) to protect them from harm.

The while they rest in security, outside, in the night, a pitiless struggle is waged between various species of animals and insects, which prey on one another with ruthless ferocity in order to exist. The contrast between those who rest in safety and the beings who fight for life in the darkness is much the same as that furnished by the lives of protected and unprotected women.

The following story is an attempt to describe, with some approximation to truth, the life of one of these latter.

MITCHELL KENNERLEY Publisher, NEW YORK

Crouch & Fitzgerald

Holiday Suggestions

154 Fifth Ave., N. W. Corner 20th St.
177 Broadway, Above Cortlandt St.
723 Sixth Ave., Below 42d St.

Bags, Suit-Cases, Portfolios, of Pigskin, Walrus, Seal, Fine Kip

Light Weight Dress Trunks, Automobile Trunks and Cases.

Wardrobe Trunks

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

Tea is served without charge in the Lounging and Rest Room. Third Floor.

Phenomenal Sale of Women's Coats

The Greatest Event of Its Kind Ever Held in New York.

Samples and "Overcut" Coats

15.00 to 20.00 values at $12.75

19.75 to 27.50 values at $16.50

These coats were made by one of the very finest coatmakers in America—a man whose business is so large he employs a large corps of salesmen, who visit every town of any size in the United States.

Twice a year he calls in his sample garments, to which he adds his showroom samples and all the over-order coats, and sells them at very much less than factory cost.

This year every garment in his possession came to us—they go out in a sensational sale today.

The lot consists of loose, semi-fitting and three-quarter effects.

Coats of broadcloth, satin lined; walking coats of Scotch mixtures and diagonals; traveling and motor coats of English plaid back and novelty cloths; storm and shopping coats of silk and satin rubberized, and English cravenettes.

Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—For Wednesday's Selling.

Greenhut and Company, Sixth Ave., 18th to 19th St., N. Y. C. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

"GET THE HABIT." WEAR

Brill Clothes

Brill stores are double stores. In each Brill store you find two good kinds of clothes.

One kind, produced under Brill direction and sold at $13.50 to $17, is the only popular-priced clothing that is strictly high grade in fabric, tailoring and trimming and advanced in style.

The other kind consists of the best clothes from ten of America's foremost makers, presenting a tenfold assortment for your selection.

Brill clothes are regularly $15 to $45.

Overcoat Sale

Now in its second week, this overcoat sale is as attractive as ever because of the thousands of coats to choose from, the sixty models, the five hundred fabric styles, and, best of all, because of the great values.

Usual $22.50 Overcoats, **$17.00**
Usual $28.00 Overcoats, **$22.50**
Usual $40.00 Overcoats, **$27.50**

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS.

279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers St.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way.
125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich

Harlem Store Open Evenings.

Supremacy in Book Advertising

In October, 1909, The New York Times published 49,355 agate lines of book advertising, a gain of 8,402 agate lines over October, 1908—a greater volume and a greater gain than that of all other New York morning newspapers combined, and 25,590 lines more than any other New York newspaper.

In the first ten months of 1909 The New York Times published 273,439 agate lines of book advertising, a gain of 60,124 agate lines over the corresponding period of last year.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books, with a circulation exceeding 175,000 copies each issue, is read by more persons interested in books and carries more book publishers' advertising than any other literary publication in the world.

The Holiday Book Number of The New York Times will be issued on Sunday, Dec. 5. It will be not only the most important and attractive book number in the history of The New York Times, but it will be the most notable book publication of the year.

It will contain a descriptive list of one hundred best books carefully selected for holiday reading—special articles on gift books—fairy stories and books for children—important essays on literary subjects by authoritative writers and reviewers of current publications.

Order in advance from your newsdealer.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

43d WEEKLY

PIANO SALE

To-day

A Limited Number of

Haines Bros. $400 & $450 Pianos at only $250

These instruments are new and perfect in every particular. This opportunity to save from $150 to $200 is due to the fact that the CASE DESIGN of these pianos has been DISCONTINUED.

The artistic temperament of the renowned ADELINA PATTI was stirred by the rich, melodious tone of the Haines Bros. piano; many of the LEADING MUSICAL COLLEGES of the country have been recently equipped with these famous instruments—proving the unquestioned excellence of Haines Bros. pianos.

To-day's Special Price **$250**

Choice of five new pianos (selling elsewhere for $300) at only **$190**

Cash or $5 Down and $5 Monthly.

We also offer Three **New Player Pianos** Fully worth $750 at only . . . **$390**

Terms to Suit Your Convenience.

WM. KNABE & CO.

Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street

WHAT impresses most the intending purchasers of Furniture, or Carpets, or Draperies, or Household Furnishings?

Is it not true that in these days they FIRST WANT TO BE ASSURED OF THE INTEGRITY of the house they propose to deal with?

Then they want to be certain that THE STOCK IS AMPLE in designs and in scale of prices, so that selection is easy and price satisfactory.

Quality of merchandise—a knowledge that is supreme about it—courtesy to customers—are other matters that influence purchasers.

Then again, some people must have accommodation—CREDIT. It is not every man who can pay spot cash for all of the needs of his home. Therefore, he wants to know where he can get credit WITHOUT PAYING EXORBITANTLY for it.

It is not our purpose to proclaim from the housetops that we are honest—THAT WE QUALIFY IN ALL PARTICULARS, but we ask you:

DOES THE MANAGEMENT OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS INSPIRE YOU WITH CONFIDENCE IN OUR ABILITY TO SERVE YOU WELL?

If it does, try us out; we will make good if anybody can.

Just a closing thought:

ONLY 40 MORE BUSINESS DAYS UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

What SENSIBLE GIFTS do you intend to make? Here's a suggestion: We have hundreds of styles in Desks and Writing Tables at prices ranging from $155.00 down to $5.00.

Ludwig Baumann & Company

8th Av.—Block 35th to 36th St. Also 260-268 W. 36th St.

DOUBLE S. & H. STAMPS WITH MORNING PURCHASES

CONTRACTS SIGNED FOR NEW SUBWAY

Flashlight Picture Taken of the Utilities Board and Contractors as They Do It.

WORK TO START AT ONCE

Chairman Willcox to Turn First Spadeful of Earth—Material Cheaper Since Bids Were Accepted.

The Public Service Commission, in the presence of the various contractors or their representatives, signed yesterday the contracts for the Brooklyn Subway under Fourth Avenue, from the Manhattan Bridge to Forty-third Street, Bay Ridge The contracts were then delivered to the contractors. Work will begin just as soon as a few remaining preliminaries can be taken care of. The Fourth Avenue subway, as laid out under the contracts, calls for the expenditure of $15,886,381, of which $14,886,723 is for the construction of railway and the tube itself, and the balance for pipe galleries along its sides.

The commission came to this task, for which it has been waiting ever since May, 1908, when it first sent the Fourth Avenue contracts to the Board of Estimate, at 3:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Earlier in the day James P. Graham, the successful bidder on Section 1, from the bridge to Willoughby Street, arranged for the assignment of his section to Smith, Scott & Co., a firm in which Mr. Graham is a member, along with several other contractors who have considerable important railroad construction work for the Illinois Central and other roads. The members of the commission were satisfied as to the financial responsibility of the firm as the bid stood after the assignment.

How It Was Done.

The commission was then ready for the formal signing of the contracts. It adjourned to its large hearing room on the third floor of the Tribune Building, and there took the seats on the raised dais. There were present L. P. Harkness of counsel for the commission, the commission's Secretary; Commissioners Maltble, McCarroll, Willcox, Bassett, and Eustis, George W. Coleman, the commission's general counsel; Chief Engineer Henry B. Seamon, Subway Engineer George S. Rice, and Alfred Cramm, another of the commission's engineers.

The contracts as signed by the contractors were then passed up by Assistant Secretary Norton of the commission, and Mr. Harkness announced that they were correctly executed. Then Chairman Willcox and the Secretary of the commission signed them one by one, after which they were all placed in a pile in front of the commission and a flashlight picture taken of the scene. The contracts were then distributed to the contractors.

Following is a list of the contracts and the sums they call for:

The Contractors.

Section.
1—Nassau to Willoughby Street, James P. Graham, Bensonhurst, L. I.—Railroad, $1,020,476; pipe galleries, $101,374.
2—Willoughby Street to Ashland Place, William Bradley, New York.—Railroad, $3,436,019; pipe galleries, $58,695.
3—Ashland Place to Sackett Street, William Bradley, New York.—Railroad, $3,392,091; pipe galleries, $208,135.
4—Sackett to Tenth Street, E. E. Smith Contracting Company, Philadelphia.—Railroad, $2,283,553; pipe galleries, $206,672.
5—Tenth to Twenty-seventh Street, Tide Water Building Company and Thomas B. Bryson, New York.—Railroad, $1,945,640; pipe galleries, $231,076.
6—Twenty-seventh to Forty-third Street, E. E. Smith Contracting Company, Philadelphia.—Railroad, $2,808,982; pipe galleries, $173,665.

In a letter addressed to the Public Service Commission yesterday the Edison Illuminating Company of Brooklyn expressed its desire to furnish electric power for lighting or operation in the Brooklyn subway, just as its Manhattan counterpart has offered to do for subways in this borough.

Wants to Furnish the Power.

"We respectfully ask," says the Brooklyn Edison Company, "that in the preparation of specifications providing for the operation of the road, any contractors who may assume the operation of the whole or of any part of the road be given the privilege of obtaining electric current necessary for the maintenance and operation of the subway from the mains of this company, or any properly equipped electric supply company. We believe that it will be found to the advantage of the City of New York, as well as the contractors who may operate the Fourth Avenue system to contract for their electric light and power service, rather than to make the large investment necessary to provide for a special power plant."

Under the contracts all the contractors on the Fourth Avenue Subway are obliged to get their work under way within sixty days. It is not unlikely that the first spadeful of dirt will be dug, however, some time next week. Chairman Willcox will have the honor.

The contractors have benefited somewhat by the long delay incident to the approval of the contractors by the Board of Estimate, for the materials that they will require in the subway construction are somewhat cheaper now than they were when the contracts were prepared.

INSIST ON PUBLIC CONTRACTS.

Aldermen Won't Let Baker Furnish Headquarters—The Budget Up.

The Aldermen received the $163,000,000 tentative budget yesterday and turned it over to their Finance Committee, which has twenty days in which to pass on it. The board has no power to increase the budget, but can make reductions. Its consideration is usually simply a matter of form, resulting in the confirmation of the findings of the Board of Estimate. Hearings will be held next week.

Police Commissioner Baker appeared before the Board to urge the granting of his request to be allowed to spend the $75,000 already appropriated for furnishing the new Police Headquarters without public letting. Permission was refused after an extended argument. Mr. Baker declared that the advertising for public letting would cost $7,500, besides entailing a long delay, while if he was allowed to ask for bids from reliable concerns and award the contracts under the supervision of the Controller this money could be saved and the building fitted up at once.

Alderman Colgan (Dem.) of Brooklyn declared that the granting of the request would open a loop-hole for the favoring of contractors in the future, and he did not believe in establishing such a precedent. Alderman Doull spoke for the resolution, declaring that under the Commissioner's scheme irresponsible persons could be prevented from submitting bids.

The Brooklyn Aldermen voted almost solidly against the resolution. Most of the Manhattan Republicans refused to vote.

VICHY
CELESTINS
Avoid substitutes so-called "VICHY" offered by unscrupulous dealers

FOR A PARCELS POST.

The Sphinx Club Hears Arguments in Its Favor.

The Sphinx Club of New York, at its one hundred and third dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel last night, went on record as strongly favoring an extension of the parcels post service to meet the needs of all classes of people throughout the country, particularly those in the rural districts, at a reasonable carriage rate of from 1 to 2 cents per pound.

First Assistant Postmaster General Charles P. Granfield, who was to have presented the subject, was unable to be present, and the topic was discussed by Col. William C. Hunter and William C. Thorne of Chicago and Arthur Brisbane of this city. Mr. Brisbane did not mince matters in speaking of the difficulties that had been put in the way of establishing a parcels post.

"It is a fact," he said, "that 79,000,000 of people out of the 80,000,000 in the United States want a parcels post and can't get it. Why? Because the express companies exercise enough influence with the legislators to prevent it. The number of express companies represent exactly the number of objections.

"The absence of a parcels post is a disgrace to America. The people own the Post Offices of the country, and if the rural delivery wagons could carry parcels at a low rate of postage the enormous expense entailed by this part of the service would soon be nearly, if not entirely, wiped out."

Mr. Brisbane advocated as one way of bringing the needs of the parcels post before the people the advisability of all mail order houses inclosing a slip in each package sent out by express stating that if it were possible to send such goods by parcels post the cost to the purchaser would be less by 10, 15, or 20 cents, or even more, according to the size of the package.

President P. A. Corne presided. Among those present were B. J. Greenhut, S. J. Bloomingdale, Samuel Brill, J. L. Childs, William Henry Maule, William Loruenser, W. C. Freeman, J. A. Sleicher, J. P. Day, Conde Nast, F. E. Gunnison, W. R. Hotchkin, and Clarkson Cowl.

$12,000 FOR DAMAGED COURTS

Aldermen Sanction Expenditure for Their Repair.

In response to the request of Acting Mayor McGowan and the committee of city officials which he called together to consider the condition of the Criminal Court Building, the Aldermen appropriated $12,000 yesterday for carrying out the recommendations of the Board of Survey, of which Chief Engineer Lewis of the Board of Estimate was Chairman, which examined the structure. There was no opposition to the resolution, and the Board of Estimate is expected to approve it at its meeting on Friday.

Judges Foster, O'Sullivan, and Rosalsky of General Sessions called upon Mr. McGowan yesterday to talk the matter over and seemed to be uneasy as to the possibility of successfully repairing the building. He assured them, however, that the Board of Survey's findings could be taken as conclusive, adding that every precaution will be taken, and if it is found that the foundations of the building are unsafe it will be ordered vacated at once.

No shoring was started in the Criminal Court Building yesterday. Supt. of Public Building Voorhis prowled about the place the greater part of the day. He was beset by the Judges demanding heat. Mr. Voorhis promised to see Borough President Ahearn about it.

The Coroners' new quarters at Twenty-third Street and Second Avenue are not yet ready, and the dimly lighted old ones in the court building must suffice for a few days. Mr. Jerome declares that he, too, will stay in his regular offices until driven out.

TO ABOLISH CLASS LINES.

Riis Wants College Men to Play with Settlement Boys.

Speaking in St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia University, yesterday, Jacob Riis pleaded for closer relations between the rich and the poor as a means of ameliorating, so far as possible, the conditions under which the poor must live.

Mr. Riis quoted his friend, ex-President Roosevelt, as saying, "As a people we go up or we go down together." The settlement, said Mr. Riis, is doing more to relieve bad conditions among the poor than any other one factor. It takes the place of the gutter as a playground for children, and attracts the adults who might otherwise be drawn to the saloons and dance halls of questionable character.

Mr. Riis declared that the settlements, by bettering the state of the people, defeat the doctrines of anarchy and demonstrate that "it isn't necessary to destroy society in order to rebuild it on lines in justice to the poor man."

Mr. Riis criticised the universities for not manifesting sufficient interest in the settlement movement. "Why don't you invite my settlement boys up to Columbia to play a game of ball with you?" he asked the students. "That would be the way to obliterate class lines.

"When university men get to associating with the settlement boys there will be no necessity of sending Columbia men down to the east side to watch the polls. It's because we don't know the people down there that we mistrust them."

CLEVELAND HOME TO BE A SANITARIUM

Late President's Cottage at Lakewood Given to Aid Youthful Consumptives.

NATHAN STRAUS THE DONOR

Mrs. Cleveland, Miss Dorothy Whitney, and Others Join in This Attempt to Relieve Tuberculosis Ravages.

The old Grover Cleveland cottage at Lakewood, N. J., has been converted into what is called a tuberculosis "preventorium" for children, and, unknown to the outside world, it has been running as an experiment since last July. Yesterday afternoon, at a conference of those interested in the movement, at the home of Henry Phipps, Fifth Avenue and Eighty-seventh Street, it was decided to make the institution permanent and to enlarge its scope.

The institution has been established to give treatment to children of the tenements who have been infected with tuberculosis and to restore them to health by taking hold of the disease in its earliest stages. The work has been made possible largely by the generosity of Nathan Straus, who made a gift for the purpose of the old Cleveland cottage, which he owned and which, for years, the late President rented. The cottage stands in the pines and is surrounded by eight acres of land. Besides giving the cottage, Mr. Straus donated a majority of stock in the Lakewood Hotel, in which he has been interested, the proceeds from which will be applied to the running expenses of the "preventorium."

Steps to open the Cleveland cottage were begun last May, when Mr. Straus told a group of persons interested that he would aid in the fight on tuberculosis. Under the personal direction of Mrs. Cleveland the house was slightly remodeled, the porch being arranged so that six beds could be put upon it, while fourteen beds were put in the interior. These quarters were set apart for girls, accommodations for twenty boys being provided in an open-air camp 100 feet long, near the cottage.

With the assistance of Dr. James Alexander Miller an arrangement was made with the New York Association of Tuberculosis Clinics to select the children to be sent to the new home. The first patients were received at the "preventorium" on July 2. Since then ninety-two children, ranging in years from 4 to 14 have been sent there from thirteen clinics or hospitals, and the doctors at the cottage have reported that all have shown marked improvement.

It is the idea of the "preventorium" to give such speedy relief that the patients may be turned away cured after four months or so of treatment. While the institution is now cramped for space, it is hoped that by next Summer sufficient funds will have been received to permit enlarging the accommodations so as to treat 400 patients at one time.

Marcus M. Marks, President of the Tuberculosis Preventorium, said yesterday that the institution had been founded to cope with the alarming condition revealed by the discovery of 23,325 cases of tuberculosis in New York City in 1908, and by Dr. Herman M. Biggs's estimate that there are 40,000 children in the tenements who have been infected by the disease, most of whom could be saved by proper treatment.

Among those who have interested themselves in the new institution, all of whom have given liberally toward it, are Miss Dorothy Whitney, who sent a check for $100,000; Isaac N. Seligman, Henry Phipps, Jacob Wertheim, Mrs. Walter B. James, and Jacob H. Schiff. With the money given by Miss Whitney a department in practical instruction in carpentering, basket making, weaving, and other branches of industry has been endowed. The management of the institution is in the hands of this Board of Trustees:

Marcus M. Marks, President; Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, First Vice President; Henry Phipps, Second Vice President; Isaac N. Seligman, Second Vice President; Miss Dorothy Whitney, Secretary; Alexander S. Webb, Jr., Treasurer; Archibald S. Alexander, Dr. Herman M. Biggs, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, R. Fulton Cutting, Dr. Alfred F. Hess, John S. Huyler, Miss Mary Harriman, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Mrs. W. B. James, Arthur C. James, W. G. McAdoo, Dr. James Alexander Miller, Eugene Meyer, Jr., Thomas M. Muiry, Celestino Piva, Jacob A. Riis, M. Theodor Rosenberg, Jacob H. Schiff, James Speyer, Henry L. Stoddard, Lawrence Veiller, Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard, and Felix M. Warburg.

The Trustees want an endowment of $1,000,000, the interest on which will pay 40 per cent. of the running expenses. In addition they will need $60,000 a year, the cost of caring for 400 patients a year being $100,000. Membership fees have been fixed at sums ranging from $1 to $1,000, checks for which may be sent to Alexander S. Webb, Jr., the Treasurer, care of the Lincoln Trust Company.

The medical work of the new institution is in charge of Dr. Alfred F. Hess and a staff comprising Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Dr. Herman M. Biggs, and Dr. S. S. Goldwater. Mrs. Anne Thompson, for seventeen years a nurse in the family of Grover Cleveland, is one of the hospital nurses.

JUSTICE FORD A WITNESS.

Appears in Court for Mrs. Barnes's Claim Against Husband's Estate.

Supreme Court Justice Ford was a witness yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Bischoff for his sister-in-law and former client, Mrs. Ida Bertha Van Aken Barnes, widow of Dr. Justin L. Barnes, who has brought an action to restrain the executors of her husband's will from distributing his estate until a claim of hers as a creditor has been settled by the court.

In Dr. Barnes's will his wife was not mentioned, and he only left his sons small bequests. Mrs. Barnes asserts that when he died an allowance made her before his death of $100 a month during her lifetime was in arrears, and she has brought suit against the estate for $9,000, the amount of arrears, and the additional amount she would be entitled to for the rest of her life, according to mortuary tables.

Justice Ford identified some of the records in the case at the time he was Mrs. Barnes's counsel.

Justice Bischoff reserved decision.

AGAINST TARIFF AGITATION.

Manufacturers' Association Doesn't Want It Renewed, Kirby Says.

John Kirby, Jr., President of the National Association of Manufacturers, denied on behalf of that organization yesterday some recent reports that the association is planning a campaign of agitation for further tariff revision at the next session of Congress.

"The National Association of Manufacturers," said Mr. Kirby, "is absolutely opposed to any revival of tariff agitation. The association feels that the tariff question has been disposed of by Congress, and that any attempt to revive the subject will serve not only unnecessarily to agitate business men in general, but will also retard the return of prosperity.

"Reports received from the 3,000 members of our association throughout the country indicate a healthy and decided increase in business. There is proof that we are at the beginning of an extended period of National prosperity.

"Tariff revision cannot be carried on without causing business unrest. We have had enough of it, and the manufacturers insist that the Tariff act be given a fair trial before inaugurating an agitation which can serve no good purpose in the present temper of the people."

TWIN GETS $7,000 VERDICT.

Lawyer Says Plaintiff Introduced Picture of His Uninjured Brother.

Fourteen-year-old John Fiesel obtained a verdict of $7,000 yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Blanchard in his suit against the White Sewing Machine Company for injuries suffered when an automobile owned by the company ran him down. The accident occurred in June, 1906, at Thirty-third Street and Tenth Avenue, and in a previous suit he got a verdict for $10,000, but this was set aside on the ground of newly discovered evidence.

In court yesterday with the boy was his twin brother Charles, and the two looked so much alike that it was only after their mother had pointed out some minute differences that they could be told apart. The plaintiff contended that the White Company attempted to take photographs of Charles, the uninjured boy, as he was running in a foot race, and on his way to school, to aid their case by confusing the jury. The pictures were exhibited and Charles went on the stand and testified that a man came to him some time after the accident and offered him money if he would let his picture be taken while running. John, the injured boy, whose right foot is deformed, then identified some of the pictures as likenesses of his brother.

Mrs. Flagler Unhurt in Auto Accident.

Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, the alienist, who with his patient, Mrs. Ida A. Flagler, former wife of Henry M. Flagler of the Standard Oil Company; her maid, and chauffeur, were in an automobile accident near Central Falls on Sunday night, told a TIMES reporter yesterday that the party, including Mrs. Flagler, had escaped injury. The machine skidded on some loose gravel on a sharp curve and one of the rear wheels came off, but the driver put on the clutch and the car stopped. It did not turn over, as at first reported.

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

ANNOUNCE FOR TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) & THURSDAY

An unusually attractive offering of

3-piece Costume Suits for Women

Designed for present and mid-Winter wear

The models are exquisite examples of the designers' art; distinctive garments which embody the most becoming effects of the season. The costumes are complete, the coats being made to match the dresses and in many instances they may be worn separately if desired.

At **68.00** (Value 95.00) 3-Piece Costume Suits of hand-embroidered chiffon broadcloth.

At **39.50** (Value 60.00) 3-Piece Costume Suits of broadcloth or wide wale chevron, embroidered with cord or soutache.

At **29.50** (Value 49.00) 3-Piece Costume Suits of broadcloth, tailor-made, in plain or trimmed effects.

A MOST REMARKABLE ASSEMBLAGE OF
Tailor-made Suits, at 25.00

A noteworthy display of handsome models at this popular price—proof of the unusual facilities at our command. Long coat models of broadcloths, rough cheviots or wide wales; lined with fine silks. Plaited skirts.

Styles include plain tailored, braid trimmed & embroidered Suits
IN ALL SEASONABLE SHADES AND IN ALL SIZES.

ALSO ANNOUNCE FOR TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) & THURSDAY,

An Important Sale of

Mme. Binner Corsets

Regularly sold from 10.00 up to 22.50—all at 5.00

In 5 Distinctive Models.

We have been fortunate in securing from the makers their surplus stock of this season's models. Binner Corsets are of the highest type, both in modelling and in the quality of materials—only real whalebone and the finest coutil and brocade being used in their manufacture. They have double fancy hose supporters.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

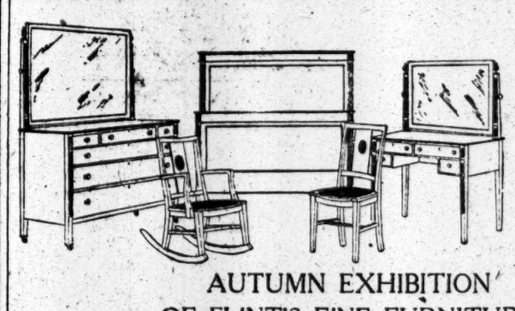
The above Gown is made of old gold satin, front of bodice draped and caught at waist-line with onyx and silver buckle, back of bodice made entirely of lace, kimono sleeves, yoke and collar of white gauze lace; skirt gracefully festooned and draped

$224.00

Large Mushroom-shaped Picture Hat made of olive moire silk, trimmed with folds of self-colored velvet and nine ostrich feathers

$115.00

We've never before shown such a broad variety of fine merchandise—*Gowns, Millinery, Real Laces, Paris Corsets, French Hand-made Lingerie, Millinery, Silk Hosiery, Gloves, Lace Handkerchiefs, Gold and Diamond Jewelry, Bric-a-Brac, Art Pottery*—and our prices are pitched on the old well-known MACY level—prices that have held our patrons for generations. All our efforts are directed *against* extravagance. Beautiful, exclusive goods in plenty, but *no* exorbitant profits. **That policy saves you from ten to forty per cent.—according to the character of your purchase and the basis of comparison you make.**



FLINT QUALITY FFF FOUNDED 1840

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

AUTUMN EXHIBITION
OF FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

No feature adds so much to the beauty of the home as Distinctive Furniture and nowhere can this be studied to such advantage, or found in such a comprehensive collection of styles and designs as exhibited on our ten spacious floors.

Here the characteristic styles of every "Period" are exquisitely reproduced in appropriate woods, with that carefully wrought detail which is so pronounced a feature of the Flint Quality Construction. Many unusual pieces of rare design and singular charm may also be had at extremely moderate prices.

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

43-47 WEST 23d ST. 24-28 WEST 24th ST.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30,
Continuing to-morrow, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at same hour

The Fifth Avenue Art Galleries
546 Fifth Ave. (45th St.)
Will sell the Entire Stock of
Honorable H. H. Topakyan,
Consul General of Persia (New York),
Official duties having made it necessary to retire from business.

Mas erpieces of the Persian Loom

This is an EXTRAORDINARY COLLECTION of the FINEST PERSIAN WEAVES of unique RUGS and CARPETS which lovers of art will view with delightful admiration.

MR. JAMES P. SILO will conduct the sale.

GENUINE IMPORTED BEERS

"ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE"
(Red Hand Brand)
ALLSOPP'S is a household word in Great Britain, the product of the brewery having been known since 1708.

PILSNER, WURZBURGER, KAISER, HUMBSER, MUENCHNER, KULMBACHER, FURSTENBERGBRAU
In Half Bbls. & Bottles.

FRED. HOLLENDER & CO. (Inc.)
C. TIELENIUS, President
123-127 LAFAYETTE STREET
Telephone 3738 Franklin NEW YORK

Smith Gray
-Clothes-

TO one man we don't say in the matter of fit (yes, there are some) there are two hundred we do satisfy, and satisfy completely. Incidentally they are pleased with the saving of time, trouble and money. Prejudices against ready-to-wear clothing, however deep-rooted, we are steadily uprooting. The clothes we are tailoring in our own workrooms simply the dress question for the man who wants it simplified.

Suits and Overcoats
$18 to $45.

New York Fifth Ave. above 27th St. Broadway at Warren St.
Brooklyn Flatbush Ave. at Fulton St. Broadway at Bedford Ave.

MOTHERS should teach their little ones the daily use of *some* good dentifrice and by so doing spare them much pain and annoyance

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, prevents tooth decay and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

YOUNG AND HEALTHY AT 90

LACTAB

WILL DO IT

LACTAB can be eaten or used to make Bulgarian Buttermilk. Write to the

Riker Drug Stores
NEW YORK

and learn all about Lactic Ferments. How to prevent Intestinal Indigestion and keep young, cheerful and healthy.

LACTAB, 50 CENTS

DERMOPHILE
(Made in France)
UNDERWEAR

No cotton cloth,
no open meshes,
no linen underwear
can protect you against chill or Winter's sudden changes.

Dermophile Will,
because it is made of **pure wool**—nature's protector.

Soft as satin—a delight to wear and ***guaranteed unshrinkable*** or money refunded.

AT LEADING DEALERS.
Write for Booklet.
THE DERMOPHILE CO., 456 Broome St., New York.

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

BROKAW BROTHERS

BROADWAY, FOURTH AVENUE AND 17TH STREET

When we speak of Overcoats we must dwell upon the splendid fitting qualities of those we are offering this season. Absolutely perfect fitting collars and lapels, and the garments hang gracefully and naturally. Newest materials in scores of patterns.

Winter Overcoats . . $18 to $75
Winter Sack Suits . . $18 to $48

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

The Deaf Can Hear at the New Theatre

100 Acousticons for the deaf—such is the equipment installed in the New Theatre.

100 persons afflicted with deafness can attend this theatre and hear accurately, distinctly, every word spoken.

Moreover, the Metropolitan Opera House and the Hudson Theatre are also equipped with this Acousticon, besides hundreds of churches in New York City and throughout the country.

The Acousticon increases sound 400 per cent. It has 14,000 gratified users.

It is electric in operation, and so delicate that to the ordinary person's ear the tearing of a sheet of thin tissue paper sounds like the rending of sheets of tin.

TRY IT
At Our Expense

We sell the Acousticon only to deaf persons, who can hear perfectly with it.

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The Record Bond

GLAVIS ATTACKS BALLINGER AGAIN

Former Land Official Says Taft Defended Secretary from Charges Not Made.

LIES, BALLINGER RETORTS

Adds That Collier's Published a Railroad Folder Picture as That of Threatened Power Site.

L. R. Glavis, the chief of the Seattle Field Division of the United States Land Office, who was deposed by President Taft on account of the charges he brought against Secretary of the Interior Ballinger in reference to the Cunningham coal land claims in Alaska, reiterates his original charges in the current number of Collier's Weekly. He asserts that the Government coal lands in Alaska amount to over 100,000 acres, and that of the 900 claims filed, which cover practically all the fields, the majority are fraudulent. He says on this point:

> I assert that the Land Office ordered the Cunningham claims to patent, without due investigation, when Commissioner Ballinger knew they were under suspicion; that while in office Commissioner Ballinger urged Congress to pass a law which would validate fraudulent Alaska claims; that shortly after resigning from office he became attorney for the Cunningham group and other Alaska claims; that soon after he became Secretary of the Interior his office rendered a decision which would have validated all fraudulent Alaska claims. A reversal of that decision on every point was obtained from Attorney General Wickersham. Had it not been for Mr. Wickersham's decision every fraudulent Alaska claim would have gone to patent.
>
> I assert that in the Spring of 1909 the Land Office urged me to an early trial of these cases before the investigation was finished, and when Secretary Ballinger, as the President has stated, knew that the Cunningham claims were invalid. When I appealed to Secretary Ballinger for postponement he referred me to his subordinates. The Department of Agriculture intervened. I was superseded in charge of the cases, and the man who superseded me indorsed my recommendations and the postponement was granted. Immediately thereafter I made my report on the Cunningham cases to President Taft and was dismissed from the service for insubordination.

Went Outside His Department.

Mr. Glavis declares that it was not till he appealed without the knowledge of his superiors to the Department of Agriculture that he could secure a postponement of the investigation of the claims till Summer field examinations could be made. He cites a letter from Commissioner Dennett of the Land Office to the chief of the field service, in which he said:

> Sheridan has gone over the cases thoroughly and thinks that the evidence, which it is hoped to gain from Kennedy's visit to Alaska, will be material, and, therefore, it is best to postpone until Oct. 15.
>
> Sheridan has taken charge of the Cunningham case, and impresses me very favorably; I think he can handle it against any rival they may bring against him. The rest of the Alaska cases are in a bad mess. Glavis is very much enthused on the proposition of canceling them all and getting the lands back in cold storage, and this is just what will happen unless Congress helps out.

In the course of the article Mr. Glavis says that during his investigations in March, 1908, he went to see Cunningham. The latter told him, he says, that some one complained that he (Cunningham) was taking claims for the Guggenheims. Mr. Glavis continues:

> In order to refute this charge Cunningham showed us his books. These books contained a memorandum of agreement, dated 1903, between the entrymen to consolidate the coal lands. This agreement was illegal for two reasons—because it attempted to consolidate more than the law allowed and because the agreement showed that the entrymen took up the land with the intention of deeding it to a company and giving Cunningham one-eighth of the stock.
>
> Afterward, and while Jones and I were taking Cunningham's affidavit, ex-Gov. Miles C. Moore of Washington, one of the Cunningham claimants, came in and stated that he had had a recent interview with Mr. Ballinger in Washington, and that Mr. Ballinger would have patented the Cunningham claims but for my protest. This information given Moore, and announced by him in Cunningham's presence, came near preventing my obtaining the affidavit from Cunningham. In fact, the information obtained by this claimant, Miles C. Moore, from the Land Office in Washington, considerably hampered me in my effort to get evidence. The giving out of such information was contrary to express regulations of the Interior Department.

Attacks President's Letter.

Referring to President Taft's letter exonerating Secretary Ballinger, he says:

> The President has chosen to treat my report as a charge of criminality. I made no such charge, nor do I make it now. The President's letter is a defense of Mr. Ballinger and Mr. Dennett from charges not made in my report to him. I was not investigating either Mr. Ballinger or Mr. Dennett, but the Alaskan coal cases.
>
> Because I knew that these cases were to come before Mr. Dennett and that there was no appeal from his decision save to Secretary Ballinger, because Secretary Ballinger had stated he would not act in these cases and because the next ranking officer of the department was Assistant Secretary Pierce, who had signed the decision which Mr. Wickersham had overruled, I believed the Alaska coal cases were in danger. The President has seen in this nothing but overzeal and insubordination on my part, and an opportunity to praise the Secretary of the Interior.
>
> I have not been informed what answer the Department of the Interior has made to my statement, but the public will judge whether I am right in thinking the Alaska coal claims are still in danger.

Falsehood, Says Ballinger.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Secretary Richard A. Ballinger of the Department of the Interior this afternoon issued the following statement:

"My attention has been directed to the text of an article purporting to have been written by L. R. Glavis which is to appear in Collier's Weekly, and advance copies of which have been furnished by that weekly to the press.

"The Glavis story is a tissue of falsehoods and insinuations and utterly unwarranted in view of the facts easily obtainable by anybody who wants them.

"It is not surprising that a publication which could, in pursuit of this same propaganda, recklessly, under date of Oct. 30, reproduce a view appearing on a familiar railroad folder of the Grand River Canon in Colorado as a picture of an available power site which was in danger of unlawful acquisition on the South Platte River, 200 miles away and across the Continental Divide, should be willing, without the slightest effort to ascertain the real facts, to give wings to a story which had heretofore been submitted to so great and just a man as the President of the United States, who, after a most careful consideration thereof, in which he had before him the entire files of the General Land Office and of the Secretary of the Interior relating to each and every one of the matters presented, pronounced the same disingenuous and without justification.

"The statement of Glavis has gained nothing either as to its veracity or justification in the interval since its presentation to the President, and in view of the complete vindication by the President of myself and the other officers of the department concerned, I will make no further statement at present."

Commissioner Fred Dennett of the general land office in a statement said today:

"The article is simply a repetition of the charges submitted to the President, and which the President after examining all the evidence and the official records, characterized as 'shreds of suspicion' and so disingenuous that he authorized Glavis's dismissal."

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Nov. 9.—Ex-Gov. Miles C. Moore made a statement today in reply to the Glavis article, in which he says:

"Part of Mr. Glavis's communication containing what purports to be a statement from me, has one serious defect. It contains no truth.

"Glavis quotes me as saying Secretary Ballinger would have patented the Cunningham claims but for my protest. No such a statement was made by Ballinger to me or to Glavis. On the occasion mentioned Glavis said:

"'We have been examining Mr. Cunningham's books.'

"To my query: 'How did you find things?' he replied:

"'Everything seems to be all right, and I see no reason why you should not have your patents.'

"I then asked: 'How soon?'

"He said: 'Within sixty days.'"

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 9.—H. C. Henry and C. J. Smith, who are interested in the Cunningham group of claims, denied that any of the entries were fraudulent.

"Glavis," said Mr. Henry, "is an agitator who is being used by some people higher up for ulterior motives of their own to prevent the development of the Alaska coal fields and a fair and judicial examination into the Cunningham coal case."

STRANGE MAN TAKES BABY.

Mrs. De Rosa's Child Disappears While She is Visiting.

"Have you heard anything of my little boy Frank?" Mrs. Joseph De Rosa of 989 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, asked a reporter yesterday when he called to find out if anything had been heard of her missing 5-year-old son. Mrs. De Rosa's eyes were red from weeping, and both she and her husband are exhausted from anxiety as a result of their suspense.

Mrs. De Rosa went to visit her mother, who lives in East Sixty-third Street, last Friday, taking Frank and his brother, Daniel, with her. She left them to play in the street, and when she called them to start for home Daniel came up to her, crying. Daniel is a year younger than his missing brother, and all that he could say between his sobs was that a "great big man" had come up and led Frank away.

Mr. De Rosa, who is a barber, said yesterday that he had received no information regarding the whereabouts of his boy.

ABUSIVE IN SUB-TREASURY.

Fuss Over an Intruding Stranger Starts a Robbery Rumor.

Wall Street's underground telegraph starte da rumor yesterday afternoon that an attempt had been made to rob the Sub-Treasury. A messenger had seen one of the United States officers, who are always on guard at both entrances of the building, escorting a much perturbed man out of the Pine Street entrance, keeping a noticeably firm grip on his arm.

At the Sub-Treasury it was explained that the man was a stranger who had not taken pleasantly the guard's demand to know his business when he tried to push his way insfte. When he became abusive, the Sub-Treasury officials said, he was shown the shortest way out—with a little help.

BURGLARS MAKE FINAL HAUL.

Scared from First House, They Got $1,300 at Their Next Stop.

When John Friedhoff, a retired liquor importer of 484 East 175th Street, the Bronx, and his family awakened yesterday morning they found that burglars had entered in the night and stolen $1,000 worth of silver ware, $300 in cash, and a dozen medals which Mr. Friedhoff won in shooting contests.

Detectives of the Bronx Bureau learned that Mrs. George R. Berner had been awakened at midnight by noises downstairs, and going to the dumbwaiter in her apartment on the top floor of the apartment house at 453 East 149th Street, had seen three men standing in the shaft in the cellar. Mrs. Berner aroused the house and the men fled. The police believe they were the Friedhoff burglars.

Alimony for Mrs. F. V. Alexandre.

Mrs. Sedonga Alexandre, who is suing her husband, Francis V. Alexandre of 718 Fifth Avenue and the New York Athletic and Larchmont Yacht Clubs, for a separation, on the ground of abandonment, obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice McCall yesterday for $150 weekly alimony and a counsel fee of $100, pending trial of the action. She was Miss Bissell of Baltimore, and was prominent in society in that city.

CITY BREVITIES.

The appraisal shows the estate of Jonathan J. Broome of the dry goods manufacturing firm of Stone, Star & Co. of this city, to be $211,836 net. The greater part of it went to his wife, Mrs. Emma Donaldson Broome.

The Aldermen as County Canvassers will begin to-day the canvass of the ballots cast in the last election. Manhattan and the Bronx Aldermen for New York County, Alderman Dowling, Chairman, will meet in the Aldermanic Chamber; the Brooklyn Aldermen, for Kings County, Alderman Diemer, Chairman, at Borough Hall, Brooklyn; the Queens Aldermen, Alderman Emener, Chairman, in the County Clerk's office, Jamaica, and the Staten Island Aldermen, for Richmond County, Alderman Cole Chairman, at Borough Hall, St. George.

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BAKER TRANSFERS AUTO WATCHERS

Denies That There's Graft in the Squad, but Some Members Know Chauffeurs Too Well.

OUT TO STOP SPEEDING

Quick Action Taken by Commissioner After Publication in The Times of October's Casualties.

Following the statement in THE NEW YORK TIMES last week that during the month of October twenty-two persons were killed by automobiles and more than 100 injured in this city, Police Commissioner Baker yesterday took vigorous methods to curb the wholesale slaughter. As the result of an investigation which he and First Deputy Bugher have been making since the publication in THE TIMES, Commissioner Baker transferred to patrol duty five bicycle policemen who have long been working in the upper portions of the city. The Commissioner said he became convinced that these policemen were on altogether too familiar terms with chauffeurs and automobile and garage owners. He denied that there was evidence of any pecuniary interest on the part of the bicycle policemen, but he was sure they had been winking at violations of the speed laws. The Commissioner said that there would be no dismissals and no more transfers for the time being. He thought the transfers made would exert a wholesome influence on the rest of the bicycle squad.

Following the "shake-up" the wheel policemen throughout the city seemed to wake up last night. The policeman at Headquarters whose duty it is to keep the record of the numbers of the automobiles caught by the police, had twenty-eight cases up to midnight. As a rule ten or twelve is the daily average.

The bicycle policemen attached to the West 152d Street and the West 125th Street Stations woke up, too, last night. The former made four arrests, and the latter three. In the West 152d Street Station the first arrest was made early in the evening, and the last shortly before midnight.

Among those arrested was Charles Hanson, chauffeur for Mrs. Lillian E. Selby, wife of Norman E. Selby, (Kid McCoy.) He was charged with going twenty-five miles an hour between 158th and 160th Streets. Mrs. Selby was in the machine with another woman. She gave an office building at 137 Fifth Avenue as bond for the chauffeur.

The bicycle police of the West Forty-seventh Street Station caused the most trouble for chauffeurs. They made twelve arrests during the night, all taxicab drivers.

A few minutes after he had sent out a general police order last Saturday, calling attention to the great number of violations of the motor vehicle laws and urging the policemen to greater activity, the Commissioner learned that the order was posted in many garages, with the result that that night and the following day there were comparatively few violations. The tip which was posted in one garage, it was said, read:

"Sergt. Mallam and his men are out. Be careful."

After issuing the order Mr. Bugher called in Sergt. Benjamin Mallam, a specialist on automobiles and the traffic laws who is attached to the Commissioner's office. He directed Mallam to take twenty-seven men and six automobiles and go after the speeders. The plan was to say nothing to the other members of the Traffic Squad, but to descend without warning. They started from Central Park, and made fifty-one arrests by midnight Saturday, the principal violations being speeding, turning corners without decreasing speed, and for running rapidly at intersecting streets.

Forty more arrests were made Sunday. According to Mallam, if the tip hadn't gone forth so promptly many more arrests would have been made. Commissioner Baker was very much wrought up yesterday over the speed abuse, and he said he was determined to stamp it out if he could.

"Last Thursday," he said, "Mr. Bugher and myself were on the hill at Fifth Avenue and Seventieth Street. It was as much as taking our lives in our hands to cross the street. Although we had a clear view of the thoroughfare in either direction, it was a long time before we could get across safely. After reading the list of the killed and injured in THE TIMES next morning, I talked the matter over again with Mr. Bugher, with the result that we sent out the order to the commanding officers. Saturday night Mr. Bugher and I again went up to Seventieth Street and Fifth Avenue, and the change was astonishing. The taxicabs and other automobiles simply crawled along. It showed that the chauffeurs had been tipped off in some mysterious way, and then we began to investigate the situation in earnest.

"The greatest trouble, I found, was that many of the squad had been on their posts so long they knew more or less intimately most of the chauffeurs and automobile owners. This intimacy made it hard for the policemen to enforce the law if there was any violation. We investigated stories that the policemen could have an automobile whenever they wanted it, either for themselves or their families or friends. I have no doubt this is true, for it is remarkable how easy most people fall for a cop. Even wealthy owners of automobiles think it a high privilege to be on speaking terms with a policeman. Just to break up this intimacy, I had the five men transferred today. I think this will serve as a wholesome lesson."

Commissioner Baker said that the conditions in the city were so bad that something would have to be done by the next Legislature.

"What is needed most," he said, "is a city license law. Any one at present can drive a motor car, whether he has had experience or not. Just look at some of the men we see driving taxicabs. They are absolutely unfitted for the work. Why, a man can't run a boiler in a building without passing an examination and getting a license, but he can go out in a high-power machine in the city streets and run it at top speed, whether he knows anything about the machine or not.

"The law covering the offense is also wholly inadequate. What is needed is more prison sentences. A mere fine is no deterrent. Of course, the Magistrates are not at fault, for they cannot, under the law, do anything but discharge the offenders or hold them for the Sessions. There a man has got to be a three-time offender before he is sent to jail."

Edward C. Young, Secretary of the National Highway Protective Society, said yesterday that the Highway Protective Society would present a bill to the Legislature this Winter for the appointment of a Highway Commission to pass upon all applicants for chauffeurs' licenses.

The five bicycle policemen who were sent to downtown precincts to do patrol duty are James H. Cuff, from the West 125th Street Station to Union Market; William Delaney, from West Sixty-eighth Street to Madison Street; Daniel McIsaacs, from East Fifty-first Street to Mulberry Street; John A. Devanney, from West 100th Street to Leonard Street, and John W. Bullman, from West 100th Street to Oak Street.

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TIGHT LINES ON FORGERS.

Yeggmen Also Suppressed, According to Pinkerton Report to Bankers.

The annual report of the Pinkerton Detective Agency to the American Bankers' Association says that there is at present only one band of dangerous forgers operating, and that their identity is known, although the necessary evidence against them has not yet been perfected. Equally sanguine is the report of the detectives on burglary and hold-ups directed against members of the Bankers' Association. Yeggmen, who make a specialty of blowing safes in small towns, are now doing little work east of the Mississippi. The report shows that 951 professional criminals were arrested on behalf of the Bankers' Association between December, 1904, and September, 1909, and that of these 943 were convicted. The money losses of banks generally from 1895 to 1909 aggregated $1,468,879, while members of the association lost only $147,065.

WALTER OSBORN A SUICIDE.

Shoots Himself in Loft of His Lumber Office—In Ill-Health.

Walter Osborn, Vice President of the Byron W. Greene, Jr., Company of 309 Avenue B, one of the largest housewrecking and second-hand lumber concerns in this city, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the head in the loft of the Greene Company's offices yesterday morning. Mr. Osborn lived at 1,091 Laurel Street, Brooklyn. He was happily married, but had not been in good health for a long time, and only returned from Lakewood, N. J., a few days ago, where he had gone in the hope of bettering his health. Mr. Osborn had been suffering from a nervous affection.

Loan Granted for S. M. Brice's Support

The committee of the person of Stewart M. Brice, son of the late Calvin S. Brice, United States Senator from Ohio, obtained permission from the Supreme Court yesterday to borrow $3,000 to provide for his support. Their application was for $22,000, of which $19,000 was to be used in the payment of pressing debts, but the court refused to allow them to borrow more than was needed for Mr. Brice's maintenance. The money is to be obtained on a note secured by a part of Mr. Brice's stock holdings in the Southern Trust Company. His mental condition is said to be hopeless.

AMERICAN RABBIS MEET IN CONVENTION

Representatives of 250 Reform Jewish Congregations Meet at Temple Beth-El.

SPEAKERS EXTOL DR. WISE

Tributes to Man Who Started the Reform Movement in This Country—Sessions to Last a Week.

The twentieth annual convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, representing about 250 reform Jewish congregations of all parts of the United States, opened at Temple Beth-El, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, last night. The visiting rabbis, to the number of 112, were welcomed by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, rabbi of Beth-El, and heard the Presidential address, a statement of the principles and problems of reform Judaism, by Rabbi David Philipson of Cincinnati.

Throughout the evening the platform of the reform Jewish movement in America was repeatedly stated as a continuation of the old traditional Judaism, interpreted, changed, and adapted, however, to fit modern conditions. It was admitted also, that the reform Jewish movement is facing an unprecedented crisis in this country, owing to the large recent influx of Jewish immigration from eastern Europe, which still inclines rather toward the traditional than the newer reform type of Judaism.

Rabbi Schulman, in welcoming the delegates, said in part:

"I welcome you in the name of this great community, where, more than anywhere else, perhaps, all Israel may be said to be truly represented, and where, despite its many varied cosmopolitan elements, the broadest American and Jewish ideals are also represented.

"If the lips of the sleeping dead speak sweetly to the living ear, surely we must to-night hear voices of congratulation from our founder, the late Isaac M. Wise, and David Einhorn and Samuel Adler, the two leaders of liberal Jewish thought, whose centenary we shall celebrate in the next few days. The immortal record of our revered leader, Isaac M. Wise, is this conference itself, which he founded and which has unified reform Judaism and become the central institution in American Jewish life.

"I welcome you to the inspiration and strength that must come from the contact with the big Jewish heart of this community, for New York is truly a miniature of the Jewish world. Here is represented the grandeur of Judaism, and also the sorrow of Israel; the most ancient Jewish conditions side by side with the most modern Jewish conditions; yearners for Zion, face to face with men who, while respecting their convictions, yet profoundly differ with them and find in the American Republic the best land for the fulfillment of the visions of their prophets."

Dr. Schulman referred to the celebrations of the centenaries of the birth of David Einhorn and Samuel Adler, early leaders of reform Judaism in this city and country. Of Rabbi Einhorn, who was once rabbi at Temple Beth-El, he said:

"He brought out the distinction between what was eternal and what only temporal in Jewish tradition, and anticipated every reform necessary for reform Judaism. As a fearless reformer and conserver alike he should be our model."

Rabbi Max Heller of New Orleans, Vice President of the conference, was unable to attend the opening session last night, and the response which was to have been made by him to the address of welcome was made instead by Rabbi David Philipson of Cincinnati, who delivered also the Presidential message and annual report.

Dr. Philipson characterized the conference as the largest rabbinical organization in the world, united by the principle of development in Judaism. He paid a glowing tribute to Dr. Isaac M. Wise, founder of the conference twenty years ago, and organizer of reform Judaism in America, declaring that this organization was the crown of all his labors.

"Reform Judaism," he said, "is not merely a pale system of negations, but a Jewish religious transformation with positive religious principles, seeking to interpret century-old traditions in terms of modern conditions and environment.

"It represents a forward movement in American Judaism, a distinguishing between eternal values and the temporary expression of those values as contained in old traditions. It values religious traditions, but only in so far as they are able to stir religious emotions in living men to-day. The life of the people is the crucible in which all religious traditions must be put to the test.

"Yet none save those who are willfully blind, can blink at the fact that Judaism, as interpreted by the reformers, is being put to the test as never before, notably in this city with its strong tide of European immigration. Up to recently the reform congregations were in a great majority in this country; this is no longer the case. Yet this crisis can be but temporary; the old traditional forces cannot and will not thrive in the free atmosphere of this country.

"The younger generation of the immigrants, reared in American schools, are drifting from their fathers' point of view. The progressive spirit is abroad. If religion must barricade itself behind the walls of the sixteenth century so much worse for religion."

Dr. Philipson declared that present reformers must adopt different methods than the German and American reformers of sixty years ago. No sentimental romanticism, no 'hazy obscurantism, no artificial mediaevalism, he said, however much that be in fashion in some quarters, could prevent the ultimate triumph of the reform movement.

Some, he said, are seeking to strip Judaism of its religious element and make it altogether a matter of race—"a Jewish statecraft, a racial reawakening, charity organization society, or what not."

In concluding, Dr. Philipson reported progress in the original translation of the Bible, undertaken jointly by the reform and conservative wings of American Jewry, in the distribution of religious tracts, and the extension of religious influences to rural committees.

He declared that the synagogues must take note of the recent exposures of the "white slave trade," and must lead in condemning and combating the evil. He suggested also that an advisory board of arbitration be appointed by the conference to settle difficulties arising between congregations and rabbis, two such cases having occurred in the last year.

The session was closed with prayer by Rabbi Martin A. Meyer of San Francisco. This morning there will be a business meeting at Temple Emanu-El, with reports of officers and a paper on Dr. David Einhorn, by the Rev. Kaufman Kohler of the Hebrew Union College. In the afternoon various Jewish institutions of the city will be visited and committees of the alumni of the Hebrew Union College will meet. In the evening there will be services and memorial addresses at Temple Beth-El in honor of the centenary of the birth of Dr. David Einhorn.

ICE AT $10 A TON NO JOKE.

Little Dealer Stopped Laughing and Sold Out to the Trust.

Several men who were forced to sell their little ice routes to the American Ice Company were witnesses yesterday in the trial of that corporation before Supreme Court Justice Wheeler for violation of the Anti-Monopoly act. This is a fulfillment of the promise made last week by Prosecutor Osborne that the great mass of documentary evidence would be followed by the more human elements in the story of the Ice Trust.

The ice dealers on the stand yesterday belong to a group who did business in Harlem and the Bronx, a district where the American Ice Company controlled the wholesale supply. One of them was Charles B. Matthes, who sold out his business of 150 customers for $200. This was in March, 1900, and Matthes gave a spirited account of his efforts to buy ice at the company's depots.

"I had been buying it for $3 a ton, which allowed me a small profit when sold at retail. One day Jake O'Brien at the depot told me the price had gone up to $5."

"And what did you say to Jake?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I thought it was a joke, but when it went up to $7 that afternoon and $10 the next day, I stopped laughing and sold out in a hurry."

Other dealers told of their troubles along the same line with the Merchants' Union Ice Company, to which evidence Mr. Stanchfield, for the defense, objected on the ground that it did not affect the American.

"But you own the Merchants' Union," said Mr. Osborne. "You own every share of its stock."

"But we don't own the company," objected Mr. Stanchfield.

"Why, what else is there to own of a corporation? You control it, don't you?"

"Certainly not," said Mr. Stanchfield. "I am informed by President Oler here that we do not control the Merchants' Union." Throughout the trial Mr. Oler has sat beside the lawyers of the company.

"Well, we'll see about that," cried Mr Osborne. "We throw down the gauntlet right there."

In support of this declaration the prosecution turned aside the day's course of testimony and brought evidence to disprove the statement mad by the defense. He read aloud from a letter written by Mr. Oler in May, 1904, to the President of the Merchants' Union.

"Don't let your canvassers solicit our trade," wrote Mr. Oler. "We don't want to be competing with ourselves. Let the enemy give us all the trouble."

Frank M. Baxter, clerk in the Hotel Patterson, was the witness in this discussion. He was formerly Vice President, clerk, and cashier of the Merchants' Union, and he testified that all the balance cash made by his company used to be sent to the American Ice Company.

In reserving decision on the point at issue, Justice Wheeler said:

"I am inclined to consider the acts of such a subsidiary company competent evidence, but I am not at all sure that all the declarations of its officers can be held binding on the defendant corporation."

STAND BY LOEB'S POLICIES.

Secretary MacVeagh and Merchants' Association Indorse Collector's Course.

Collector Loeb seemed well satisfied yesterday with the results of a conference he had at the Waldorf late on Monday night with Secretary of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh.

At the conference were also United States District Attorney Wise, who is in charge of the smuggling cases now under prosecution; former District Attorney Henry L. Stimson, who is investigating and prosecuting the Sugar Trust cases for the Government, and W. Wickham Smith, who was delegated by the Attorney General as special prosecutor in the Musica case.

Although Collector Loeb at the Custom House yesterday refused to discuss the details of the conference, it was said about the building that all the Collector's recent housecleaning methods, including the granting of immunity to customs employes who turned State's evidence, were considered and approved by Secretary MacVeagh.

"Collector Loeb would welcome a Congressional investigation," said one of the Collector's friends. "He would find in such an investigation an easy way of comparing his present policies with those of his predecessors in the Custom House. Such an investigation, if honestly conducted, would reveal many interesting things, but the revelations would be all in Collector Loeb's favor."

District Attorney Stimson and his assistant, Winifred Dennison, from now until Nov. 30 will devote practically all their time to preparing the cases against Oliver Spitzer and the weighers involved with Spitzer in the sugar frauds at the Williamsburg docks, of which the Sugar Trust is accused. These trials were postponed until Nov. 22, but there will be another postponement from that date.

Secretary MacVeagh returned to Washington yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, accompanied by his private secretary, Robert O. Bailey, returned to Washington late to-day and established himself in his new home in Sixteenth Street, Northwest. He was at the department only a few minutes.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—First Lieuts. W. R. Dear, Fort Sheridan, Ill.; F. S. Wright, Presido of Monterey, Cal.; C. A. Treuholtz, Fort Baker, Cal.; L. R. Dunbar, Fort Casey, Wash., and A. D. Davis, Vancouver Barracks, Wash., are relieved from duty at posts indicated and will proceed to San Francisco for the Philippine Islands.

Capt. W. P. Coleman, Fourth Infantry, orders of Oct. 19 revoked. Upon expiration of leave granted he will join his present station until arrival of his regiment in the United States.

Capt. A. Williams, Corps of Engineers, detailed as engineer of the Thirteenth Lighthouse District, to relieve Major J. B. Cavanaugh, Corps of Engineers, and upon return of Major J. F. McIndoe to permanent duty will retransfer to that officer the duties of said lighthouse district

Major G. D. Fashon, Medical Corps, to Washington, D. C., and accompany the Surgeon General to New York City, United States Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., and the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., to investigate construction; thence to Boston, Mass., and Battle Creek, Mich.

The Navy.

Lieut. C. A. Gardiner home and wait orders.

Lieut. Rodgers to the St. Louis as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. R. M. Griswold to navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., as assistant Inspector of Machinery.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Mississippi, at Philadelphia; Navajo, at Magdalena Bay; New York, at Boston; Tacoma, at Guantanamo; Stringham, Biddle, Dupont, and Shubrick, at Wilmington, N. C.; Vicksburg, at Acapulco; Supply, at Kobe.

Sailed—Goldsborough, from Mare Island for Magdalena Bay; Rocket, from Norfolk for Richmond; Worden, from Norfolk for Charleston; Helena, from Canton for Hongkong; Porter, from Norfolk for Charleston. The Princeton has been ordered to proceed to the west coast of Central America to relieve the Vicksburg.

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CALL TO CHURCHMEN FILLS CARNEGIE HALL

More Than 1,000 Episcopalians Who Couldn't Get In Hold an Overflow Meeting.

500 SINGERS ON PLATFORM

Meeting at Bishop Greer's Order Merely to Demonstrate the Faith—Diocesan Convention To-day.

To arouse interest in the diocesan convention which begins to-day, Bishop Greer issued a call for a meeting of Episcopalians in Carnegie Hall last night. Every seat was taken. More than 1,000 people could not obtain admission and an overflow meeting was held in the neighboring Church of Zion and St. Timothy, to which the speakers hurried as soon as they had spoken in Carnegie Hall.

On the platform were grouped 500 members of the choirs of the New York churches in their surplices, and were packed so closely that some of the small boys were forced to find seats on the floor at Bishop Greer's feet. As the Bishop entered the whole audience rose to its feet.

"I asked the diocese to turn out to-night," he began. "It has apparently done so. I am sorry that all could not get in."

The Bishop spoke of the present age as one of the seasons of great change, such as the world had already known in the fourth century and in the days of the Crusaders and Schollmen.

"This generation of ours," he said, "will witness more radical changes than any period of equal duration, and so I have asked you to come more to listen to the story of the victory of the faith, which has exerted so mysterious an influence on the lives and consciences of men, that unprejudiced witnesses like Lecky can declare that the simple story of Christ's years on earth has done more to regenerate mankind than all the philosophies or the exhortations of moralists."

Bishop Hall of Vermont in speaking of the victory of the faith in the past, bade Christians not to apologize for their belief, but to remember they were indeed militant Christians. Speaking of the need of spreading Christian principles in foreign lands he said:

"We must spread it in China and Japan. We must spread it in Africa. Perhaps you will allow me to specify—in the Congo Free State."

After declaring that one great victory of Christianity was the spreading of the idea that God is the perfection of moral goodness, he went on:

"The position that woman holds with us, her dignity, independence, equality, is absolutely due to Christianity. I am not going to trespass on woman's suffrage. It is a purely political question with a good deal to be said on either side. But mark this, it is Christianity alone that has made that question possible. The dignity of women involves this in social life—that women have the right to demand the same standard of purity for men that men demand for women. That is woman's right. There is female equality."

George Wharton Pepper, a Philadelphia lawyer, discussed the victory of faith in the present and pointed out that the world, apart from religious agencies, had arrived at certain conclusions that assist religion. Thus men now generally accept the idea of personal immortality and appreciate that a man is at his best when he is acting with loyalty to others.

In speaking of the progress of missions he announced that he had just received a cablegram from Japan stating that the Japanese had for the first time consented to the licensing of a mission school with full religious privileges.

"Such a message," he declared, "was enough to bring life and excitement even into a Philadelphia law office."

The Rev. Dr. Slattery of Christ Church, Springfield, Mass., told the audience of his dreams of the victories of the faith in the future. He spoke of the new vigor which might come to Christianity through its heathen converts, and how much scholars might do for the faith when they had passed from destructive criticism to the discovery of what the faith really is. He had this to say of church unity:

"It seems to me that it is not so much essentials which hold Christians apart as beautiful customs. We have a beautiful custom of a liturgy; others have a beautiful custom of free prayer. We really fear for these beautiful customs and hold back on account of them. I believe that God will show us the way to keep these beautiful customs as well as the essentials and to lift them up to some higher form of unity."

Among the boxholders were J. P. Morgan, William Jay Schieffelin, George Zabriskie, Lawrence Purdy, Justice Vernon M. Davis, R. Fulton Cutting, and E. R. L. Gould.

Dinner of the National Founders.

The National Founders' Association, which is holding its annual convention in this city, held a banquet at the Hotel Astor last night. One hundred and fifty members, many from Canada, attended. T. J. Drummond of Montreal was toastmaster. Among the speakers were the Rev. Dr. W. H. P. Faunce, ex-Gov. Utter of Providence, and Edwin Denby of Detroit, Mich.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina — Local rains Wednesday, Thursday fair; moderate northeast to east winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light northeast to east winds.

Eastern Florida—Local showers Wednesday and Thursday, except generally fair in extreme southern portion; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Western Florida and Alabama—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Fair Wednesday, Thursday partly cloudy; light to moderate winds, becoming southerly.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday; showers and cooler at night or Thursday in northern portion; fair in southern; moderate southeast to south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Cloudy Wednesday, with rain afternoon or night in northern portion; colder Wednesday in western portion and at night in northern portion. Thursday fair.

Utah—Rain Wednesday, possibly snow in southwest portion. Thursday fair.

Oklahoma—Fair, warmer, Wednesday. Thursday partly cloudy and colder.

Arkansas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday partly cloudy, with colder in western portion.

Tennessee—Fair Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy.

Kentucky — Partly cloudy and warmer Wednesday, Thursday partly cloudy probably local rains.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Wednesday; warmer in northern portion. Thursday probably rain; east to southeast winds, becoming brisk by Thursday.

Indiana—Partly cloudy and warmer Wednesday. Thursday rain; moderate to brisk southerly winds.

Illinois—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday; rain at night or Thursday; colder Thursday in western portion; moderate to brisk southerly winds, shifting to westerly Thursday.

Lower Michigan—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday probably rain; brisk southerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Partly cloudy Wednesday; warmer in northern and eastern portions; brisk southerly winds. Thursday probably rain.

Wisconsin—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday; rain at night or Thursday; colder Thursday; brisk southerly winds.

Minnesota—Rain Wednesday or Wednesday night; warmer in eastern portion. Thursday colder, with fair in western and rain in eastern portion; brisk southerly winds.

Iowa—Rain Wednesday or Wednesday night; warmer Wednesday. Thursday colder, with fair in western and rain in eastern portion.

Missouri—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Wednesday; rain at night or Thursday; colder Thursday.

North Dakota—Local rains Wednesday; colder at night. Thursday fair.

South Dakota—Rain Wednesday; colder in western portion and at night in eastern portion. Thursday partly cloudy.

Nebraska—Rain Wednesday or Wednesday night, with colder in western portion. Thursday partly cloudy; colder in eastern portion.

Kansas—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday; warmer in eastern portion; probably rain at night. Thursday fair, colder.

TO KEEP UP GOMPERS FIGHT.

Labor Federation's Council Favors Appeal to the Supreme Court.

TORONTO, Nov. 9.—The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor in its reports to the convention to-day recommended that an appeal be taken to the United States Supreme Court from the jail sentences imposed on President Samuel Gompers, Vice President John Mitchell, and Secretary Frank Morrison for contempt in the Bucks Stove and Range Company boycott case.

The Council also recommends that an appeal be taken in the original injunction case, the alleged violation of which resulted in the contempt proceedings against the three labor leaders.

The report, which was presented to the convention by James Duncan, First Vice President of the Granite Workers' Union of Quincy, Mass., says:

We recommend that an appeal be taken from the decision rendered in both the original injunction as well as the contempt case growing out of it. We cannot permit these decisions to go unchallenged. They affect fundamental rights, and either the courts or Congress must safeguard them.

We again enter our protest against the application of the writ of injunction in labor disputes, (unless where an injunction would lie if there were no labor disputes.) We hold that the ordinary use of the injunction writ in contentions between workers and employers is an unwarranted interference with the rights and liberties of the workers, and is intended and its influence used to intimidate workers, especially when they are engaged in a struggle for improving working conditions. It is a fact, however, that such injunctions are issued.

The Executive Council's report covered a wide range of labor topics, including the matter of the controversy over the secession of a faction of the electrical workers. The report says:

After exerting every means at our command to have State and central bodies comply with the Federation constitution and suspend the seceding unions of electrical workers, there was no alternative but to revoke the charters of the following State and Federal bodies for failure to comply with the constitution: Iowa State Federation of Labor, Ohio State Federation of Labor, and the central bodies of Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Davenport, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Duluth, Minn.; Albany, N. Y.; Hornell, N. Y.; Jamestown, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Newark, Ohio; Toledo, Ohio; Connellsville, Penn.; Dallas, Texas; Sherman, Texas; Ogden, Utah; Everett, Washington; St. Louis, Mo.; Atlantic City, N. J., and Logansport, Ind.

The following central bodies have since complied with the constitution, and their charters have been restored: Logansport, St. Louis, Albany, and Jamestown.

Referring to the work of the Special Committee on Industrial Education, the report says:

Organized labor favors that plan of industrial training, which will give our boys and girls such training as will help them to advance after they are in industry. We believe that as much attention should be given to the proper education of those who work at our industry as is now given to those who prepare to enter professional and managerial careers.

The Council reports extensions of the idea of co-operation between the labor unions and the farmers' organizations, and urges that the work be continued. Concerning the putting to death in Spain of Francisco Ferrer the report says:

The execution of Francisco Ferrer of Spain has aroused a world-wide sense of indignation and protest. At our meeting held at headquarters shortly after his execution, we adopted resolutions expressive of organized labor's protest for the cause of free speech, free press, and free education, which have found in Francisco Ferrer another martyr. We recommend that this convention indorse the preambles and resolutions adopted upon the subject.

Following the submission of the report of the Executive Council the convention adjourned until to-morrow morning. This afternoon the delegates had a trolley ride around the city, and to-night they were entertained at the theatre.

On the subject of old-age pensions the Executive Council reported a bill providing for the organization of the "Old Age Home Guard," to be composed of persons more than sixty-five years of age who do not own property worth more than $1,500 or whose income does not exceed $240 per year. If this bill is passed by Congress, these persons may make application to the Secretary of War for "pension enlistment" and shall receive from the Government $120 per year in quarterly installments.

HUSBAND GONE, WIFE ILL.

Chatham Disappeared While Coming to Clear Up a $9,000 Shortage.

In suite 321 of the Waldorf-Astoria, engaged six days ago by Mr. and Mrs. James S. Brailey of Toledo, Ohio, lies Mrs. J. F. Chatham, wife of the ex-Cashier of the Long Island Railroad Company, with a large shortage to explain. Mrs. Chatham is broken down by the knowledge that instead of coming back to "take his medicine," as he agreed to do, her husband is in hiding and she does not know where.

According to the officials of the railroad Chatham so falsified his accounts as to appropriate $9,000, manipulating them in such a way that the statement of each month would cover the shortage of the one before. Since the middle of August, soon after he resigned from his place as interchange clerk of the road, the company has known of his wrongdoings. Since then the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, which bonded him, has had detectives looking for him.

Not until three weeks ago could they find a trace of the missing man. Then they caught him in Toledo. He was with Mr. Brailey, a well-known Ohio promoter and a relation of his wife. The detective, not wishing to go through the process of extradition, persuaded him to come to this city to arrange a settlement. He started with the Brailleys, his wife, and the detective, and came with them as far as Newark. There he told the detective that he would spend the night, but would come to the city the next day. He did not come. His wife and the Braileys came to say that he had disappeared without a word.

LIES, SAYS GAYNOR

About Rumor That He'll Keep Baker—Reports of Others Who May Stay.

When Mayor-elect Gaynor was asked at St. James, L. I., yesterday if it was true that he would reappoint Police Commissioner Baker and several more of the present heads of city departments, he replied: "If the newspapers wish to continue to invent lies about me they are at liberty to do so."

The Mayor-elect so far has refused to discuss the make-up of his departmental slate. He took occasion on the stump, however, to praise Mr. Baker and Lawson Purdy, President of the Board of Tax Commissioners.

Other men who, the rumor carriers have said, may be left in their present places are Robert W. Hebberd, Commissioner of Charities; Health Commissioner Darlington, Tenement House Commissioner Butler, and Park Commissioner Smith.

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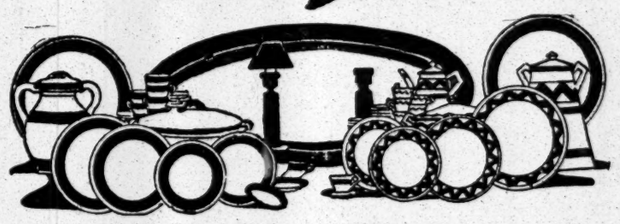

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 10, 1909.

AN EXECUTIVE LEGISLATOR.

The "programme" given out at Washington on the return of President TAFT is one that might make THOMAS JEFFERSON, or even ALEXANDER HAMILTON, turn in the grave. The conception of the duties and functions of the Executive implied therein is wholly alien from any that was entertained at the time of the foundation of the Government, or for at least three generations afterward. Nor is it essentially an American conception. It is rather one that suggests a British origin, as if Mr. TAFT were Prime Minister, the head of a Government charged with legislation quite as much as with administration, a Government originating in the popular branch of the National Legislature, and dependent for its tenure on the command of a majority in that body.

It may be argued that the British system is better than ours, but it must be admitted that at least it is not ours, that it is surrounded by limitations and safeguards which are lacking in ours, and that it is always risky to try to imitate one system with another planned for a quite different purpose. For example—and the point is one of great importance—in the British system the relations between the Executive, the Ministry, and the Legislature are clearly defined, perfectly well understood, and rest on a long line of precedents commanding general respect. The relations between the President and Congress are of a wholly different order. There is no need for a British Prime Minister to bargain with the House of Commons. He is its recognized leader. His intercourse with it is intimate and continuous. He possesses practically the right of exclusive initiative in all important public business. It is not only his right but his duty in connection with his colleagues in the Ministry to frame programmes and to carry them out. He sits in Parliament. He not merely shares in but directs discussion and procedure. He is armed at every point for the discharge of his functions as the legislative leader, and he stands or falls by his success, not in administration but in legislation.

Now, when the President undertakes to form and carry out a legislative plan, or programme, he has no such advantages and he is subject to no such responsibilities. He has no seat in Congress. He has no vote there and no voice save from the outside. He neither is the leader of the National Legislature nor is he accountable in the remotest degree to that Legislature. He has quite other duties to perform, and with reference to legislation he is in a peculiar and not a strong position. Undoubtedly he has, or may have, influence, but it is necessarily indirect and it may be underhanded. He has offices to dispense; he has a weighty voice in the counsels of his party; he may have the ear of the people in Congressional districts; he may help or hinder the ambitions of Congressmen. And he has the right of veto as to everything that Congressmen wish. But this veto and his right of recommendation constitute all the acknowledged resources he possesses to influence the action of Congress. Obviously his means of carrying out a legislative programme are neither ample nor of a sort that can readily be used to the benefit of the Nation at large. These means, such as they are, are unaccompanied by direct and sufficient responsibility. It is a serious defect. It is likely to prove a fatal one.

One fact in the situation created when a President assumes the execution of a legislative programme which it is impossible to ignore and which is pregnant with the most disagreeable significance is the possibility of intrigue. This is inherent in the conditions. Since there is no open way in which the Executive can carry out such a programme, it is impracticable to exclude the suspicion of methods that are not open. In the case of President TAFT his reputation is his defense against the suspicion, but it is not desirable that he should, or that any President should be exposed to it. Even in his case there remains an implication of an unpleasant sort. It is the inevitable relation between a Congress having the decision of matters and a President zealously urging his own policies. That is practically a relation of some dependence on the one hand, of some exaction on the other. To put the concrete case bluntly, Congressmen are notoriously office seekers; the President is the chief dispenser of offices; if each can grant or withhold what the other wishes, their relation becomes almost unavoidably one of—well, of negotiation at least. It may be negotiation in which each pursues his notion of the public good and that alone, but it is a kind of activity that the Constitution never intended should be carried on. It is seriously to be doubted whether the complete accomplishment of Mr. TAFT's programme would not be dearly purchased by the employment of such means to accomplish it.

NEW LIFE IN THE HORSE SHOW.

The twenty-fifth Horse Show is more interesting as a show and more successful as a function than any for five years past. Is it to help the poor horse sing its swan song that society has taken up the show again, after neglecting it for so long, and partly revived its old glory? To be sure, the Horse Show is not what it was in the beginning, when the horse was really renowned as a beast of burden and highly esteemed as a friend of man. The saddle horse and the hunter remain in favor of a few. Old-fashioned persons still have their horses to pull them about in town and country, but the motor car is now perceptibly driving the horse out of existence; self-propelled vehicles are used on farms; the number of motor trucks and drays increases daily. The cab horse is a relic, and the street car horse, except in this city, where he fitfully and miserably survives, is extinct. They have a splendid exhibition of percherons at the Horse Show. Truly the percheron is a noble animal to look at, but his doom has been sounded. A few years more and he will never plod his stately way through the streets.

The revival of interest in the Horse Show is pleasant to note. They are letting the horse down easily. Some folks still believe the race horse and the saddle horse will survive for centuries, but there is no soundness in their reasoning. The airship is at hand, the motor car is being improved and developed. Commerce will soon be done with the horse, and a few years after that he will exist only in museums and zoological gardens, labeled Equus caballus, perissdactyla. Rare.

MR. GOMPERS'S PROTEST.

A famous British barrister once rose in court to make remarks altogether like Mr. GOMPERS's in spirit, and as much like in form as he dared. "Do you wish to take an appeal?" asked the Chancellor. "No," was the reply, "I wish to protest." "Oh, well," was the urbane and illuminating reply, "protest, and let's go to dinner." Similarly it may be remarked that Mr. GOMPERS may be indulged in his protest, and the country may go about its business, pending his final appeal. In other words, the result of the appeal is the thing of importance, and Mr. GOMPERS's bombast is of no more consequence than the barrister's protest. Mr. GOMPERS's suggestion that "the whole people" are aroused and are with him in his struggle for free speech is amusing. It is not a small thing that he represents a million or two of wage workers, whom he is misleading into antagonism to the institutions of their country. But there is a difference between the American Federation of Labor—even if it is unanimous for the wrong, which we doubt—and the whole people. Mr. GOMPERS has no claim to speak for more than about one forty-fifth of the whole people, and possibly one-tenth of the working people. When he assumes to represent the whole people better than the Judges of the courts who agree in declaring him in the wrong it is a jest of a bad sort. In one view Mr. GOMPERS may be laughed at, in another view it is a serious matter that a heresy like his should have gained such headway.

As yet Mr. GOMPERS has not attained his martyr's crown. Until he has actually begun to serve his sentence he owes the court much thanks, and he seems to wish to make his gratitude boundless by his manner of nagging the court into making him suffer at a salary which would be indefinitely continued at a rate which he could not gain otherwise than by attacking the administration of the law. Really he is getting more than should be coming to him when he is allowed both to appeal and to abuse the courts and Judges. Why should not the doctrine which he applies to the Judges be applied to himself and by himself? He says "an unprejudiced, impartial Judge might well have deferred a decision in a contempt case, alleging violation of an injunction while an appeal upon the validity of the injunction itself was pending." But if Mr. GOMPERS thinks that the court might thus have suspended action, why should not Mr. GOMPERS think that Mr. GOMPERS should have suspended his action handing down his decision denouncing the courts while his appeal was pending? If the courts are partial and prejudiced in differing from Mr. GOMPERS's decision, is it not plain that Mr. GOMPERS also, by equality of reasoning, is partial and prejudiced—if the paper will hold the scorching thought—is it not a demonstration that GOMPERS is in contempt of GOMPERS?

We cannot doubt that such a just man as GOMPERS, and such an intrepid patriot as he, will hasten to sentence GOMPERS to what he deserves—not for his contempt of his country's laws, but for his contempt of himself. Let us hope that the sentence will not include all of us who are so bold as to share in his contempt. Let Mr. GOMPERS have his dearly loved protest, and let us go about our business until such time as the final decision is reached. If that decision is against Mr. GOMPERS, let him serve his sentence and go on protesting in jail as long as he likes, or longer. If the decision is that Mr. GOMPERS is sustained in his argument, and it appears that it is the sacred right of every American to ruin his neighbor by cowardly massing of mobs against individual citizens, then let us amend the law so that it shall be exactly what Mr. GOMPERS contends that it is not, and so that the new state of the law shall be exactly what the Judges declare the old state to be, Mr. GOMPERS to the contrary notwithstanding. In other words, if the boycott is lawful, let us make it unlawful. It would be worth while having Mr. GOMPERS's mouth at liberty for such a gain as that.

PROF. SUMNER ON MORES.

Prof. WILLIAM G. SUMNER of Yale College, than whom no teacher is more entitled to reverential hearing, discusses in The Yale Review for November "The Mores of the Present and the Future." By mores Prof. SUMNER means folkways—habits for each and customs for the society—which the moral judgment approves for the general welfare during the stages of civilization. Religion sanctified infanticide when the interest of the tribe seemed to require it; it withdrew its sanction when the killing of babes and old men was seen to conflict with the larger welfare. So polygamy, slavery, and Czarship were once approved.

Prof. SUMNER finds in the mores of the present a characteristic "superstitious yearning for equality." It is evinced in the general nervousness and exertion to advance and progress, in contrast with the ways of the Orient and the mores of the classes during the Middle Ages. The German nation sees itself almost pre-eminent among nations, and strives to become pre-eminent; Englishmen since the Boer War have been excited about their national leadership; the French, taxed and mortgaged, feel themselves to be losing ground, while in the United States hope aspires beyond a great prosperity, and the country flocks to the city.

This nervous, yearning spirit accounts for the universal abandonment of classic models and the wild, unscrupulous, grotesque strivings after wealth and luxury in a degree not now enjoyed. The ancient vow survives only in the wedding ceremony, and even there its binding force is weakened wherever it seems in conflict with the individual welfare. Politics have long been the National superstition. This was inevitable. Natural forces have been controlled, the struggle for necessaries of existence is easier, the globe is comparatively underpopulated. The masses are most needed in the scheme of society. From them springs power. They are gaining wealth, and, in their haste, are forming a plutocracy. Prof. SUMNER predicts confidently the "coming consolidation of political and monetary power," and points to the continued rule of one party without effective opposition.

But the nervous struggle ought to cease. Really, there is enough for all within the secure reach of all. What need of further strain and strife? Why break down our nervous systems and endanger our immortal souls for a livelihood that is assured?

BICYCLE SQUAD IN DISGRACE.

Police Commissioner BAKER reported yesterday that twenty-two persons were killed in the streets of New York by automobiles and more than 100 injured in October. This statement is shocking, but we all know that motor cars have been permitted to travel too rapidly in our streets, to turn corners at full speed, to cross crowded thoroughfares heedlessly. The Commissioner seems to believe that the corruption and inefficiency of his bicycle squad is partly responsible for the sacrifice of human life and for the immunity of reckless drivers. A new bicycle squad has been in training, its members recruited from the ranks of patrolmen, and many, if not most, of the members of the present squad may be subordinated.

Commissioner BAKER is responsible for the misdeeds of his men, and he is right, if he believes that any branch of the force has been negligent or dishonest, to punish them. It seems that dishonesty, if it can be proved, should be punished by dismissal rather than transference. But we assume that the Commissioner knows best. He is certainly in earnest or he would not publish assertions reflecting so strongly on the integrity of the force he controls.

His charges imply that in the various garages an acquaintance with the bicycle squad, regulators of traffic, is maintained, to the pecuniary profit of the policemen. The further implication is that chauffeurs intend to drive as fast as they please through the street, in defiance of the law, when they do not fear arrest, or if, after arrest, they can easily escape through the connivance of the police. This much has been suspected, at least. Its confirmation leads to the further suspicion that some rascally chauffeurs who have killed pedestrians, and then escaped, have had police protection.

The law against fast and careless driving in the city streets should be rigidly enforced, and the legal penalty for breaking it should always be inflicted. A combination against the safety of the public by the police and the chauffeurs is indicated in the statement of Deputy Commissioner BUGHER that last Saturday, when a special order was issued to the police to stop reckless driving, it was privately communicated to the public garages without delay.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Illustrating Alaska's Obstinacy.

Argument moves slowly when those engaged in it are as far apart as New York and Alaska, and yet the facilities for controversy even at as long distance as that are now rather amazingly good, as is proved for us by the fact that there reached us yesterday a copy of The Ketchican Miner, dated no further back than Oct. 26 and containing comments on remarks made in this column only another fortnight before that day. When one remembers the time it took not so long ago to get news to and from Alaska, especially after the cold weather came on, the change is made strikingly manifest.

The Miner, we grieve to notice, sticks, despite our admonition, to its delusion that "the great American principle of bluff is about as highly respected in this country as scientific achievement." We tried to teach it better, to elevate its moral standards, and to inspire it with that loathing for every form of deception which characterizes the East, but the effort seems to have been in vain. Not only does The Miner repeat its shocking heresy, but it now contends that "bluff" deserves as well as gets as much respect as does scientific achievement for the reason that it is scientific achievement—when successful. Showing what we cannot helping thinking a sinister familiarity with ungodly pastimes, it insists that we would share its own convictions if we know the emotions of him who takes part in "a five-handed game of draw, stakes his wife's watch on a six-high bob, with his last lunch check in the kitty, and has to hum a few bars of 'Home, Sweet Home' during the interminable ages while the other fellows are making up their minds to lay down."

That may be comprehensible in Alaska, but it is meaningless in New York, and it is only vaguely that one can glimpse the truth of The Miner's further statement that "a bluff, like an embargo, must be effective to become operative and of any use to society, especially the kind of society we train with." Whether Alaska knows any more about New York than New York knows about Alaska can perhaps be deduced by specialists from the conclusion of The Miner's essay, which runs thus:

> In New York a bluff is one of those lover's leaps that people throw themselves over when they get nervous over seeing some one eat pie with a knife. It is a rugged promontory to some whose feet the waves contritely kiss, and bathe in tears of sorrow. To others it means a surly, brusque old rooster, who doesn't care whether the home team wins or not. In the sense of any of these, which is the New York sense, a bluff is no better than science, nor half so good. But the real, three-ply bluff; the bluff that walks up to the gaping gates of H—l and offers to fight the whole pack of New York Aldermen permanently ensconced there, is the kind we had reference to, and the kind that achieves things.

A Rightness That Does Not Count.

While it is obvious enough to disinterested observers that the "Mother Church" Eddyites are going to deserve as well as to win a complete victory over the Stetsonite faction in the fight now progressing, they should not be deluded into the assumption that there is any great difference between the two sides, or that the rightness of the one as regards the other in this particular matter is any proof of a general rightness or superiority. An analogous case is that of the Russian Government, which earns something of sympathy and admiration when it contends with and suppresses bomb throwers and other enemies, not only of itself, but of all society, and yet is not on that account an institution that can justify its own existence.

Christian Science at its best is radically and irremediably wrong, a public danger of the gravest sort, and the submissive followers of Mrs. EDDY should no less be reprehended and avoided by sane and respectable people than should the rebellious group which Mrs. STETSON is leading to inevitable excommunication. "Malicious animal magnetism," the Christian Science variant of voodooism and witchcraft, is a thing of Mrs. EDDY's own invention. At any rate, she named it, has always believed in it, and has suffered tortures from its imagined exercise against herself. Whether she ever tried to use it against her numerous and fiercely hated enemies is a question to which various answers have been given, each about as plausible as the others, but it is certain that she and those who at any time have happened to be her close allies have repeatedly tried to exert a compulsion on opponents by bringing to bear upon them "mental influences" practically indistinguishable from those to which Mrs. STETSON is charged with resorting.

Both women, of course, insist that their magic is white, not black, but the difference is merely one of point of view. Neither has the slightest real knowledge of the power which they try to use; that is, they have the crudest and most old-fashioned ideas as to the nature of suggestion, and utterly reject the scientific truth that it is always subjective, never objective. Whoever once appreciates that truth can at the same time realize that there is a certain element of reality in "malicious animal magnetism," and at the same time smile scornfully at the possibility of themselves suffering from its effects.

Activity Strangely Belated.

Monday's fire in the Morrison factory has stirred several of the municipal departments to an activity which would be more commendable if it were not so belated. If any official of the inspector class ever entered that building in the years since it was put to its new use, he was either grossly incompetent or he knew perfectly well that exactly what did happen would happen the first time a spark fell on the highly inflammable material which the employés handled. He also knew that inevitably, sooner or later, a fire would be started.

Yet nothing was done. The utter unsuitability of the building for the purpose to which it had been turned excited no condemnatory report, the absence of fire-escapes went unnoticed, and nothing was done even when the placing of strong bars across the windows cut off the desperate escape of a leap to the pavement. Of course there is heavy responsibility somewhere, but it would be too much to hope for anything more than the discharge of some wretched underling who at worst fell in with a long-established system of negligence or graft, and at best was confronted by the physical impossibility of enforcing the law in as many factories as the district to which he was assigned contained.

THE COLLECT POND.

Criminal Court Site Once a "Kolk" Frequented by Fishermen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the interest revived in the Collect Pond by the insecurity of the Criminal Court Building, may I avail myself of your columns to correct an oft-repeated error in regard to the origin of that once beautiful little body of water?

D. T. Valentine, in his Corporation Manual for 1860, referring to the heaps of shell which the Indians are said to have left on the western slopes of the pond, says that they "gave to that promontory in early times the Dutch name of 'Kalchhook,' or, as translated, 'Lime-Shell Point.'" Valuable as Valentine's Manuals are, his Dutch is extremely unreliable, as appears, for instance, in his Dutch version of the Hymn to St. Nicholas in the Manual for 1851, which contains no less than six errors in spelling.

In old Dutch the name for the Collect Pond was the Kolch. From careless writing or careless reading of manuscript the word is frequently printed Kalch, which, perhaps, accounts for the erroneous translation. The word Kolch, spelled Kolk in modern Dutch, has two or three meanings, all relating to water. There are Kolks in Rotterdam, Delft and Delfshaven to my personal knowledge. These Kolks are parts of canals—long locks, or chambers between sluiceways. Aelbrecht's Kolk in Delfshaven has an historical interest for Americans, as it was the point of departure of the Pilgrims.

Originally, however, the word kolk signified an excavation filled by water caused by the inrush through a broken dike. From this it came to be applied to any pond or small lake, varying from a few yards to a mile or more in width. The kolks of Holland, in the latter sense of the term, are favorite resorts for fishing and for duck hunting in season. It is in this meaning of the word that we find the perfectly natural origin of the name of our kolk on Manhattan Island, for it was just such a lake as the Dutch pioneers had at home. That it abounded in fish we have evidence in the law of 1734 forbidding, under penalty of a fine of 20s. for every offense, the use of "any hoop net, draw net, purse net, cod net, bley net, or any other net or nets whatsoever" in catching fish in the pond. And that there was good hunting on and around the pond in season we are assured from the knowledge of the game which abounded in the meadows (later called the Lispenard Meadows) on the west side of the pond and which continued even within the memory of the late Charles H. Haswell, author of "Reminiscences of an Octogenarian."

From the name kolk, the adjacent point or hook of land on the west side was called the Kolch Hoek or Kolk Hook. On the erroneous lime-shell theory of the name, this has sometimes been rendered as Chalk Hook. To say that "Kolk Hook Pond" derived its name from the hook is to put the cart before the horse; and to speak of the "Kolk Pond" is a redundancy of which, however, we have many instances in the conversion of Dutch names, as, for instance, Peeks-kill Creek.

EDWARD HAGAMAN HALL.

New York, Nov. 7, 1909.

GOOD READING.

If Parents Provided It Children Would Learn to Spell.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With respect to the recent discovery at Northwestern University that the freshman class is deficient in spelling, it seems to me that not only the present public school system, but also the fathers and mothers of to-day are largely responsible for such a disgraceful state of affairs. Parents who can afford to send their boys and girls to college can surely afford to give their children the benefits of good reading.

The rudiments of spelling should be instilled in early life, and no better way of accomplishing this may be found than in teaching a child, even at a very tender age, to read, and to love, good books. I myself have never had the "acquirements" of a college education, but numbering among my friends several who have been thus fortunate, I have found in every case that, so far as spelling is concerned, I have the advantage.

I attribute this entirely to the fact that my mother, when I was a little child, taught me to love my books and to note carefully what I read. When I was ten years old I was the proud possessor of a library, "all my very own," containing many volumes suited to my years and understanding, and a certain portion of every day was spent in the society of these beloved companions. Thus, by reading carefully, and sometimes having "big words" explained to me, it became as natural to me to spell correctly as to eat my diner or brush my teeth. And to-day I am a stanch believer in the efficiency of good reading as an aid to correct spelling and of the untild good it might do many of our young people.

BEATRICE E. BARATTONI.

New York, Nov. 3, 1909.

GUMSHOE DIVORCE.

From The New York Globe.

They were not footpads but lawyers who went up to New City, Rockland County, yesterday to obtain a divorce for Mrs. John Jacob Astor. The person who heard the motions and made the orders requested by these lawyers was not a gumshoe expert but a Judge, a perfectly good Judge. The name of Astor was not once mentioned in the course of the proceedings. Yet the proceedings were not a pantomime. They were in reality a part of a veritable suit for divorce.

Never was a divorce proceeding made more thoroughly sound proof. There was not the slightest leak. It takes experts to turn out such a job, and to experts it was confided. They turned aside from their lucrative engagements in corporation and commercial cases to demonstrate their handicraft—let us rather say their art—in a line of litigation that is so frequently bungled. It was art for art's sake, and however fat the fees, they must be regarded as purely incidental.

And thus is divorce made easy. If any one desirous of a silent and frictionless cleaving of the marital bond has sufficient money and discrimination there is no reason why he should find his divorce much more burdensome than the hiring of a new chauffeur.

Well, how remedy the situation? How discourage the seekers of gumshoe divorces? Perhaps the following suggestion will be of some value. Order that the marriage ceremonies of all persons whose wealth and social relations make them potential petitioners for divorce be conducted without any publicity whatever, and that, with the exception of the irreducible essentials, the records of such marriages be sealed. Compel the seekers of marriage licenses to choose between this and the surrender of any right to have their potentially prospective divorce records sealed. The remedy may not be a perfect one; it may not reach all cases, but it would be gall and wormwood in a large number of them.

TELL IT TO THE DANES!

If you have a secret notion
That you've made a great discovery,
Say, one like perpetual motion,
And you wish a safe recovery,
With requital for your pains,
Tell it not in Gotham,
Tell it to the Danes!

If you've made a great invention
That will put a weary world at ease;
If you've found the fourth dimension
Or extracted riches from the seas,
Or whatever fancy feigns,
Tell it not in Gotham,
Tell it to the Danes!

Be it pretense altogether,
If you claim the circle you can square,
Or can regulate the weather,
Or by bristling up your hair
You can run the swiftest trains,
Tell it not in Gotham,
Tell it to the Danes!

If you fear to rank a faker,
And you wish to perpetrate a hoax
That will be a mighty money maker
And deceive all simple-minded folks,
Say, "I've been to Mars, O Thanes,"
But tell it not in Gotham,
Tell it to the Danes!

FORCE LONGACRE.

LORD NORTHCLIFFE HERE.

Finds American News Appreciated in England—Notes on His Tour Here.

Lord and Lady Northcliffe arrived here last evening from Ottawa, where they had been visiting the Earl and Countess Grey, and are staying at the Plaza. Lord Northcliffe, who is the principal proprietor of The London Times, London Daily Mail, and the Paris Daily Mail, in speaking to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter, said:

"I am here for a few days to add to the New York news service of my newspapers in London and Paris. The experiment of greatly increasing Canadian and American news has been most successful, both in London and in Paris. The news is appreciated not only by the ever-increasing army of American tourists, but it is found that people in Europe are taking very much more interest in transatlantic news than formerly, as is evidenced by the fact that The London Times considered it necessary to send Mr. Walkley, the distinguished dramatic critic, to New York for the opening of The New Theatre."

Lord Northcliffe has been touring Canada and the United States for several weeks. Speaking of his long journey he said: "We arrived in Canada by the St. Lawrence steamship route, which is proving a formidable rival to New York, and traveled thence through the Rockies to Western Canada, making a close study of conditions there as far North as Edmonton. English and American capital and immigrants are pouring into Canada at a tremendous rate; two vast transcontinental roads are being built; it is estimated that immigration from Dakota and other States is between 70,000 and 100,000 persons per annum. After leaving Canada our party came through Oregon, Washington, and Northern California; beautiful country, where they need a more truly American population than they are getting. The Americans who are leaving for Canada are not being replaced by the type that made the United States what it is.

"The Canadians themselves are anxious as to the class of their European immigrants. In the City of Winnipeg there are no fewer than forty-three languages spoken. British Columbia is one of the leading fields for the investment of English and American capital. It is a great lumber country, a great fruit-growing country, and a great mining country, and is receiving an immense proportion of the British immigrants who formerly went to the United States. There arrived with me in Canada about 2,000 immigrants from England, most of them of the best agricultural type."

Lord and Lady Northcliffe, who are accompanied by Mr. Grigg of The London Times and Mr. Beach Thomas of the same journal and Mrs. Charles Furse, will probably sail next week on the Lusitania. They will take back with them a further supply of American robins. Some of these birds presented by Dr. William T. Hornaday of the Bronx Park Zoological Gardens have, so far, been successfully acclimatized at Lord Northcliffe's country home in Surrey, near Guilford. The birds have bred well in the Spring and Summer and so far have not migrated.

DR. ABBE SUES COLUMBIA.

Charges Misrepresentation in Choosing Arbitrators to Value His House.

Dr. Robert Abbe, who leases from the Columbia Trustees the house at 11 West Fiftieth Street, obtained from Supreme Court Justice Truax yesterday an order permitting him to amend his complaint in a suit against the Trustees to have the award placed by a board of arbitration on his property set aside, on the ground that Thomas Collins, the third arbitrator, was selected at the instance of the Trustees' agents, and that his valuation of the premises and award of the rent to be paid were exorbitant and unfair.

The Trustees, Dr. Abbe says, leased the premises to Bowles Colgate and John Hillyer in 1888 for twenty-one years. He came into possession, with consent, on Jan. 1, 1906. The lease allowed for a renewal for twenty-one years at the option of the Trustees at a "reasonable" ground rent, the valuation of the premises, and the rent to be paid to be fixed by arbitration.

The lease expired on Feb. 1, 1907, and the Trustees elected to renew it at $1,500 a year. Dr. Abbe considered this too high and nominatd Michael Coleman as an arbitrator, the Trustees nominating Henry E. Andreson. They could not agree, and, as provided under the lease, a third arbitrator was selected. This third arbitrator, the plaintiff contends, was to be a lot owner in the neighborhood, as Collins was not. Dr. Abbe says that, although he allowed himself to be persuaded to consent to Collins's appointment on the understanding that he was a fair and impartial person, he notified Treasurer Nash of the Trustees before the award was made that he withdrew from the arbitration, Collins's appointment having been obtained by misrepresentation. Dr. Abbe says that the award of Anderson and Collins of $46,125 the value of the land and $1,845 as a reasonable ground rent, are invalid and of no effect.

In asking that the award be declared null and void Dr. Abbe asks that the Columbia Trustees be enjoined from proceeding under it until the court can pass on the validity of the arbitrators' action

NEW HOSPITAL FOR THE POOR.

St. John's Guild to Spend $225,000 on One at New Dorp, S. I.

At the annual meeting of St. John's Guild, in the Belasco Theatre, yesterday afternoon, announcement was made of plans to erect a new building on the site of the guild's present Seaside Hospital at New Dorp, S. I., to accommodate the guild's larger activities in the care of sick mothers and children. About $225,000, it was said, would be necessary for this purpose. The amount will be raised by subscriptions for which appeals will be sent out in December.

The report of President John D. Crimmins was read, showing a total endowment fund of $105,083 at the end of the fiscal year, a total of 44,414 women and children carried on the guild's hospital boat, Helen C. Juilliard, and a total of 2,696 women and children treated at the Seaside Hospital, with but 51 deaths. Isaac N. Seligman, Treasurer, reported a balance on hand of $16,933.

Addresses praising the work of the guild among the women and children of the city's congested districts, both in the free outings on the hospital ship and at the Seaside Hospital, were made by Prof. William Milligan Sloane of Columbia, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, and Henry W. Taft. Mrs. Katherine Hanford sang, and a descriptive lecture, with stereoptican views of the work done by the guild, was delivered by Duff G. Maynard, a member of the Board of Trustees.

BRACES FOR THE BRIDGE

Because Williamsburg Structure Was Not Intended for Heavy Trains.

Bridge Commissioner Stevenson and the engineers of his department emphatically denied yesterday published statements that the Williamsburg Bridge has been found to be weak and that $1,000,000 must be spent at once in strengthening it. Mr. Stevenson declared that the bridge is in excellent condition and that the structural bracing he is planning has been made necessary by the prospect of running heavy trains over it in the near future.

"The fact is," he said, "the plans for the Williamsburg Bridge were drawn more than ten years ago, when subway traffic over it was not contemplated. The bridge is amply strong for all the traffic originally contemplated. The addition of subway traffic is another matter, so we have decided to put two extra towers underneath the land spans at each end. The department's engineers have practically completed the plans, and we will soon ask for an appropriation to carry them out.

"The work will not cost $1,000,000, but not much more than $500,000, according to present computation."

TAFT HOME TO-DAY, TIRED OF TRAVELING

Wants No More Journeys for the Present and Gives Up Panama Trip.

STOPS OFF AT WILMINGTON

President Spends the Day in Inspecting North Carolina City and Waterway—Reviews a Parade.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 9.—His 13,000-mile journey through thirty-three States and Territories all but concluded, President Taft is speeding to-night toward Richmond, where he will stop to-morrow until late afternoon, leaving then for Washington, to spend the night in the White House. The President has thoroughly enjoyed his long trip, but is pretty well fagged out and is glad that his travels so soon are to be over.

Mr. Taft has given up all idea of visiting the Isthmus of Panama this Winter, and will make no more long trips of any sort until next Summer, when he hopes to visit Alaska. He will spend the Christmas holidays in the White House with his family. The President is especially glad, in getting home, to know that Mrs. Taft is so much better. The great improvement which began at Beverly during the Summer has continued rapidly, and complete recovery from the nervous breakdown of last Spring is regarded as certain in the near future.

During his fifty-six days on the road President Taft has not let the setting of a sun go by without sending Mrs. Taft a telegram. He has interspersed the daily messages by wire with long letters detailing the most minute happenings of his trip, and in this way has written a complete history of his journeyings.

Received With Enthusiasm.

The President's day in Wilmington called out a great display of enthusiasm on the part of the residents of the State, who came from all sections to participate in his welcome. In many ways the celebration of the President's visit was one of the most significant of his trip. Gov. Kitchin extended the formal welcome of the State in an address which bristled with the patriotism of the South and which embodied one of the most glowing tributes the President has received.

Arriving here before daylight this morning, the President slept until nearly 8 o'clock, when he was escorted to the colonial home of James Sprunt, one of the greatest exporters of cotton in the South, where a Southern home breakfast was served. George Washington and Daniel Webster had known the hospitality of the same mansion. The breakfast was served in the conservatory, which had been made into a grape arbor. At the end of the meal Mayor MacRae of Wilmington voiced the welcome to the city, and created Mr. Taft an "honorary Tar Heel" for life

From the Sprunt home the President motored in review of 1,500 school children of the city arranged in a living flag. He stopped several minutes to listen to their cheers and songs, and then proceeded to another section of the city, where he reviewed the negro children and talked to them.

Takes Trip on Waterway.

Boarding the revenue cutter Seminole at 10:30 o'clock, with a committee of fifty or more citizens as an escort, the President was taken for a sail of twenty-five miles down the waterway and return. Wilmington is desirous of deepening her channel to the sea from 24 to 30 feet, and the ride was to give the President an object lesson as to the need of the improvement. Luncheon was served on board. During the trip the President was saluted by all the craft in the river.

When the river trip had ended President Taft was taken for a carriage ride through several miles of Wilmington streets. The parade ended at the City Hall, where the President spoke. To-night he attended a supper at the Masonic Temple before leaving for Richmond at 8 P. M.

Gov. Kitchin, in introducing the President this afternoon, declared that he wanted Mr. Taft to know that the South was "his country, as the North is our country."

Gov. Kitchin said that while the South was asking no favors, but only justice and a fair chance, there was no one in the entire country more determined that this fair chance should be given than President Taft.

"I have visited North Carolina before," the President said in reply, "and in doing so I have found that you were a little earlier in doing everything that had to be done in the crisis of the Nation than anybody else. I have found that you made a declaration of independence at Mecklenburg about a year before we thought of it in other parts of the country. And I understand that you suppressed the stamp tax and emptied out the tea a very considerable time before they had that tea party in Boston Harbor. It is, therefore, a matter of extreme self-congratulation on my part to have from your distinguished men, and from the people of a State like this, such a cordial welcome.

"I congratulate the people of North Carolina that, next to the State of Mississippi, it has a population more devoted to the soil and its cultivation than any other State in the United States. You do not have large cities, and I do not think that a defect at all in your civilization. The fact is, that the tendency toward concentration of population in the cities is a tendency that ought to be restrained. Country life ought to be made more comfortable and attractive. The pursuit of agriculture, the profession of farming today, may well attract the mental and manual activity of men of the highest education, of the highest culture, and of the highest ambition."

THE SPIRIT OF AMERICA.

Dr. Van Dyke Begins the First of a Series of Historical Lectures Here.

Ambassador David Jayne Hill, United States Ambassador to Germany, introduced Dr. Henry Van Dyke yesterday to the members of the League for Political Education. This was Dr. Van Dyke's first lecture in a series of six on the spirit of America. The lecture took place in the Berkeley Theatre, 23 West Forty-fourth Street. Ambassador Hill arrived in New York a few days ago on a brief visit.

Dr. Van Dyke's series of lectures is the same as he delivered last year at the Sorbonne in Paris. In speaking of the widespread interest these lectures aroused abroad, Ambassador Hill said:

"It was remarkable that in the old Latin Quarter of Paris the great hall of the Sorbonne should be crowded as it was last year with an exceptionally representative audience to hear an American lecture on the spirit of his own country."

Dr. Van Dyke's initial lecture dealt with self-reliance and the Republic. He showed that the ideals of America were imbedded in the remoter past of the country prior to the Revolutionary period. The Revolution, he said, was not a violent break with the past, but simply an effort to preserve the opportunity for the free development of the native qualities of self-reliance and self-control. The American people, said Dr. Van Dyke, are essentially a conservative people, and violent methods of self-assertion are as absent from our temperament as from our history.

MISS CORELLI LAUDS WOMEN OF AMERICA

Says All Have Charm and None Is Guilty of Crime of Dullness.

PRAISES THE MEN AS WELL

Traces Their Chivalry to the Mayflower, When All Were Kind to the Only Woman on Board.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Marie Corelli was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the Society of American Women in London to-day, and in return she delivered a eulogy of American women, in the course of which she said:

"The American woman sparkles and scintillates like a diamond where many women of other nations, beautiful jewels in their way, forget to shine. Our golden youth, whose gold is sometimes apt to be rather scarce, are always ready to fall prostrate at the feet of every American heiress, but we must give them credit just occasionally for falling victims first to the charm of her American personality without her dollars, for the charm is always there. It varies according to conditions and surroundings, but it is never entirely absent.

"The American woman is not quite like other women. The same heart, the same emotions move her as moved our Mother Eve, but they move her differently. She is absolutely original. She is a composite of new ethereal vibrations. She is not the daughter of an ancient kingdom rich in history, literature, and tradition, which felt the hand of the Roman conqueror before the Christian era. She has arisen, as it were, suddenly and miraculously, like Venus from the foam of the sea. She is the offspring of the land of liberty, a young country teeming with the impetuous rush of untried ideas.

"As such she is always fascinating, always deeply interesting. I have met a great many American women—all sorts and conditions of them—but I have never yet come across a dull one. Some witty person has said that dullness is the only unpardonable crime. She is never guilty of it.

"I quite believe President Taft's recent confession that his wife rules him. He says: 'I find that whenever I differ from her and go my own course I have to come back and admit that she was right in the beginning.' This testimony of a clever man to his wife's ability and discernment is surely a greater triumph for women than if they should gain the suffrage. It proves that not President Taft, but Mrs. Taft, is the ruler of the greatest Republic in the world, and that she merely takes her husband along with her. The most militant suffragist could hardly ask for more.

"All men, of course, are not so gallant or so truthful as President Taft, but courtesy to women seems to be in special vogue with a great many American men. They have a way of trying to make things pleasant for women all around. It is a very becoming and agreeable way, and I am told that it dates from the Mayflower period. You will doubtless remember that it is said that there was only one woman on board that celebrated vessel. She was naturally the darling of the Pilgrims, and they all tried their best to be sweet and kind to her, and therefore all the descendants of those Pilgrims have been sweet and kind to women ever since.

"That is why American men are so chivalrous and American women so charming, and if the story is not true it ought to be."

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Charles Frick Among Those Sailing To-day on the Campania.

Among those sailing for Europe to-day are:

CAMPANIA, (Liverpool)—Charles Frick, O. Johnson, Prof. Thomas R. Lyle, G. Neville, William Tod, Capt. Arthur Winsell, Thomas Stokes, Donald McMastick, W. A. Kelsey, Mrs. E. J. Lyttleton, W. H. Butts, Joseph Burtt, and P. C. Chester

ADRIATIC, (Southampton)—Dr. and Mrs. Arnold Armour, Henry C. Adams, Mrs. J. C. Lawton, Mrs. E. W. Davis, George H. Sargent, Albert W. Fangura, Mrs. H. Holand, Miss Alice Hunt, H. N. Gunn, A. R. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Shaw, Dr. and Mrs. R. C. Greenleaf, Miss Ellen Ellis, Miss M. L. Dickison, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Morgan, Mrs. John L. Bachelder, Howard Pirie, Mrs. Alanson Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Walkley, William Willis.

LAPLAND, (Antwerp)—Jacob Brenner, Alfred E. Steers, R. Z. Walsh, Miss Edith Wilson, J. J. Roe, Mr. and Mrs. John Webber, W. S. McCord, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Perkins, Kenneth Frazier, Mrs. L. R. Floyd, Dr. R. B. Dunning.

Their 60th Wedding Anniversary.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Nov. 9.—Mr. and Mrs. John P. B. Westervelt of Cresskill, who on Sunday celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their wedding, received a surprise last evening from about fifty of their relatives, who called to congratulate them. For years Mr. Westervelt served as a county court officer at Hackensack and was Chief of the Harrington Protective Society for a long time. Among those who called was their nephew, ex-Prosecutor P. W. Stagg of Hackensack.

Missionaries to India on Bridal Trip.

Dr. and Mrs. B. W. Roy, who will leave East Orange, N. J., Nov. 20 for Ranepettai, India, as missionaries, making the journey as a bridal trip, were entertained last night by the congregation of the First Reformed Church of that city, of which they were made members on Sunday. They were married on Saturday. Before her wedding Mrs. Roy was Miss Nellie Beyerl of Schenectady, N. Y.

Social Notes.

Mrs. Edward R. Ladew will give a reception on Tuesday, Nov. 30, for her debutante daughter, Miss Elise W. Ladew, at the Plaza.

Henry Fairfax of Oak Hill, Va., is staying at the Waldorf-Astoria. He is a brother of Mrs. Charles G. Ayres and one of the directors of the Horse Show.

Miss Gladys Peck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gordon Peck of Samsondale, West Haverstraw, N. Y., and Otis Norton Shepard, son of H. B. Shepard of Boston and New York, will be married this afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church, Samsondale, which was erected by the bride's grandfather.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Prescott Sargent, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chapin Sargent, to William Greig Walker of Honolulu, will take place this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 20 East Seventy-third Street.

Mrs. James Gayley will give a dance at the Colony Club on Dec. 8 for her two daughters, Miss Agnes Gayley, who came out three years ago, and Miss Florence Gayley, who made her debut last Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Escher (Miss Mildred Gleason) returned to town yesterday after spending their honeymoon in Bermuda. They are at their city home for the Winter.

Miss Serena Rhinelander arrives to-day from Virginia Hot Springs for the season.

MME. SEMBRICH'S RECITAL.

The Great Singer Delights a Vast Audience with Her Voice and Her Art.

Mme. Sembrich returned to a place in the musical life of New York yesterday, when she gave her recital in Carnegie Hall. And that she also returned to a place not otherwise filled in the admiration and affection of the public was made evident all through the concert. The hall was thronged to its utmost capacity with listeners who gained the same delight and the same rare artistic enjoyment as has been gained from her dispensations there in song recitals in the past. She was greeted with the gladdest of applause, and it seemed as though in Mme. Sembrich's absence from the opera there was all the more eagerness to hear her singing again in songs and airs in which she had won a place quite as nearly unique as was her place in opera. Alas! that the verb is in the past tense!

The value of the example of her art and its inspiration for those who would preserve the highest and most perfect tradition of vocalism is daily more and more to be cherished, because, as has so often been complained, that tradition seems to be vanishing from the face of the earth. Her listeners yesterday had much to enjoy in the manifestation of that art, which is raised to a power so much higher by the musicianship that is behind it, and the fine and glowing artistic feeling that informs it. The choice and arrangement of her programme itself is one of the manifestations of this musicianship and artistic feeling, and that which she presented yesterday showed her skill in this matter.

There were a number of songs and airs that she has given in previous years, and a number that she sang for the first time. Bach's air, "My Heart Ever Faithful," began the list; from his Pentecost cantata, it is one of the best known of his vocal pieces. Mme. Sembrich sang it with warmth and grace. Paradies's "Quel Russelletto" and two airs by Handel, "O Sleep, Why Doth Thou Leave Me?" from "Semele," and "Hallelujah" from "Esther," were the other members of the group by the old masters. There was endless admiration for her beautiful delivery of the long-drawn phrases of the apostrophe to sleep, for the smoothness and purity of her tone in them, and for the spontaneous flow and equable brilliancy of the "Hallelujah" air, which is simply a repetition of that word in an elaboration of a series of "divisions."

The demand for more than was promised made itself immediately felt, and Mme. Sembrich sang an old English air, "My Lovely Celia," by Monroe. Her German songs were by Schubert, Schumann, and Brahms, of which she had to repeat Schumann's "Stille Thranen," and to which at the end she added his "Auftrage." Richard Strauss's "Allerseelen" she also repeated. Massenet, who writes songs almost as rapidly as he does operas, was represented by two really charming specimens of his art, "L'Ame des Oiseaux" and "L'Eventail," in which the moods of gentle melancholy and of the Old World daintiness and arch grace were contrasted.

So, too, in the case of the songs by her accompanist, Frank La Forge, "The Sheep Herder" and "An Einen Boten"; there was a mournful gravity in the former, a brilliant development of the folk-song spirit in the latter; the humor of Mme. Sembrich's ending of it was irresistible, and she had to repeat it. She sang a Polish song in Polish, a mazourka by Niewiadamski, of characteristic melody and rhythmical structure, and closed with a song by Arthur Foote, "There Sits a Bird on Every Tree," a spirited and melodious setting of Kingsley's words. Then there was a rush of enthusiasts to the front, and Mme. Sembrich added "Comin' Through the Rye"—with a brilliant little flourish of her own on the last phrase; "Niemand hat's gesehen," by Carl Loewe, that she has made popular in previous years; then, to her own accompaniment, and with the Polish words, Chopin's song "The Maiden's Wish," and finally "The Lass with the Delicate Air."

Of the beauty, grace, profound sympathy, and genuine feeling for interpreting the inner spirit that Mme. Sembrich brought to this performance there is nothing that can be added to what has already been many times repeated. Her voice had all its old-time purity, freshness, and vigor; it was steady and full of color, and it carried, as it always does, through out Carnegie Hall, although the old complaint would again recur that something of the subtlety and finesse of Mme. Sembrich's art was lost in the spaces and evil acoustics of Carnegie Hall.

Hitchcock to Amuse Thaw and Mates.

Drs. Flint and Baker of Matteawan Hospital have invited Raymond Hitchcock and some members of his company to give an entertainment at the hospital next Thursday afternoon for the pleasure of Harry Thaw and his fellow-inmates. Mr. Hitchcock, Scott Welch, and eight dancers, men and women, will give a special performance in the afternoon, and return to the city in time for the evening performance of "The Man Who Owns Broadway" at the New York Theatre.

S. B. Carpender to Wed Miss Johnson.

The engagement has been announced of Sidney Bleecker Carpender, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Carpender of New Brunswick, N. J., and New York, to Miss Louise Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Johnson of New Brunswick.

Mr. Carpender is related to the Harrimans and the Bleeckers of New York society, the late E. H. Harriman and he having been cousins. His mother was Miss Alice Robinson and belonged to the old Haxall family of Richmond, Va. Mr. Carpender is also a nephew of John N. Carpender of New Brunswick and New York and of William Carpender of New York City. William Carpender, 2d, is a cousin, as is Miss Jean Carpender of New York. He has three brothers—Edward R., Moncure C., and Charles J. Carpender, Jr.

Miss Johnson is a cousin of Mrs. Robert Carter Nicholas (Miss Roberta Johnson,) who married Robert Nicholas several years ago. She is a niece of Robert W. Johnson.

JACKSON—DAY.

The marriage of Miss Alice Hooker Day, daughter of Mrs. John Calvin Day of 28 Fifth Avenue, to Percy Jackson of New York, took place Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Day. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Charles Edward Stowe, cousin of the bride, and son of Harriet Beecher Stowe. The wedding was followed by a small reception. Irving C. Gladwin of Croton, Mass., was best man, and Miss Katharine Seymour Day, the bride's sister, was her only attendant. Mrs. Jackson is a grandniece of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe and granddaughter of Mrs. Isabella Hooker of Hertford.

HOORNBEEK—HASSELL.

Miss Pauline Hassell, daughter of Mrs. Josephine V. Hassell and the late Dr. Samuel Hassell, was married yesterday at the home of her mother in Montclair, N. J., to Thomas Cornell Hoornbeek, the Rev. J. A. McGreary officiating.

Tell Engagement at Surprise Party.

The engagement of Miss Marion Hall and John Van Daventer was announced in Plainfield last Monday at a surprise party given by Miss Louise Saunders. Miss Hall is the daughter of George E. Hall, and Mr. Van Daventer is the son of Jacob Van Daventer of Plainfield, N. J., and New York City. There were many friends of the young couple present who were quite oblivious of the surprise awaiting them until Miss Saunders let a large black cat from a big bag and announced the fact. Among those present at the party were Miss Josephine La Tourette, Miss Elizabeth Van Daventer, Mr. Van Daventer's sister; Miss Florence Stewart, and Miss Hooley. Owing to the bride-elect being in mourning no date has been set for the wedding, which is to be held in Plainfield.

Marquis Gets His Marriage License.

Charles Antoine Marguerite Marie Anatole Marquis de Charette de la Coutrie of Paris obtained a marriage license to wed Miss Susanne Henning of 113 East Thirty-seventh Street, now staying at the Plaza, yesterday afternoon at the City Hall. The Marquis, with his bride-to-be, was shown into Chief Clerk Scully's office, and after answering the necessary questions received his marriage license, and then departed. He described himself as the son of Anthanasi Charles Marie General Baron de Charette, while Miss Henning described herself as the daughter of James Williamson Henning and Susan Meriwether Henning. She is 21 years old and he 29. The wedding will take place to-morrow at the Ladies' Annex of the Cathedral.

Show Needlework at Teachers College.

There is an exhibition in the Educational Museum in Teachers College of samples loaned by George A. Plimpton of needlework of girls in various parts of America and Europe for some 200 years. It will continue until Nov. 30, and is open to the public.

NEW CARTON PLAY SHOWN IN LONDON

"Lorimer Sabiston, Dramatist," Is Interesting, but May Not Appeal to General Public.

NOVEL PLOT, BRIGHT LINES

George Alexander Never Seen to Better Advantage Than in the Title Role.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—"Lorimer Sabiston, Dramatist," a new play by R. C. Carton, produced to-night at the St. James's Theatre by George Alexander, who played the title role, proved extremely interesting to a first night audience, which in London is a highly specialized one. Whether it will make an equally strong appeal to a larger public is another question, for many of its best points are likely to be "caviare to the general."

Sabiston is a dramatist who has grown rich by writing plays to which one can take one's maiden aunt. He also has written in secret a play which is such strong realism that he dare not ruin his reputation as a safe man by having it produced as his own work, so he induces a struggling young author to accept the responsibility of authorship.

The piece's character, which is indicated by the title, "One Law for the Woman," proves a great success, and the supposed author, Noel Darcus, reaps a golden and other rewards. Lady Cheynley, a mismated woman with whom Sabiston is deeply in love, comes to worship Darcus, and eventually elopes with him, and thus Sabiston, owing to his original sin of lack of moral courage, loses both the honor of being known as the writer of a play into which he had put the best that was in him and the woman he adores.

Carton's new play goes much deeper below the surface of things than his usual light comedy, and a witty woman in the audience suggested it was his apology for "Mr. Preedy and the Countess," which is now at its some hundredth performance.

The dialogue is brilliant, the characters are cleverly drawn, and the construction admirable. But there are chances that the theme is not sufficiently based upon common humanity to attract the theatregoing public at large.

George Alexander was never seen to better advantage, and he had the support of a strong cast, including C. M. Lowne, James Carew, whose wife, Ellen Terry, shared Mrs. Alexander's box; Miss Beeryl Faer, and Miss Rosalie Toller.

ISADORA DUNCAN REAPPEARS.

Gives Her Dances Assisted by Damrosch and Symphony Orchestra.

Miss Isadora Duncan, who has evolved a style of choreographic art which corresponds in a measure at least—according to a comparison with the figures on ancient vases—with the dances of the ancient Greeks, made their reappearance in New York last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House assisted by Walter Damrosch and the New York Symphony Orchestra.

The programme stated that Miss Duncan would dance to the ballets and choruses of Glueck's "Iphigenie en Aulide." Most of her dances were accomplished to such aid, but at least one of them, a "Chorus of Priestesses," was taken from "Iphigenie en Tauride," and its original purpose and signification were greatly distorted by the dancer. It is a number which was never designed for dancing, and to any one who has heard it in its proper place in the opera it must seem more or less of a sacrilege to have it put to such purpose.

There can be no possible objection, however, to Miss Duncan's appropriating the ballet numbers from the Gluck operas for her particular purpose. It is a well-known fact that Gluck composed many of his ballets because they were demanded by the audiences of his time rather than by the exigencies of his operas. It is also quite as true that the list of them includes much that is best of the Gluck music.

They are particularly fitted in their nobility and lack of sensuousness to accompany the moods and poses which Miss Duncan portrays in her dances. She is at her best in dances which depict life and gaiety and motion. In this she is always sure of communicating her meaning to an audience. The Bacchanale which ended the formal programme particularly expressed these features. The play of the arms in the moderato and allegro in which the Maidens of Chalkis play at ball and knuckle bones by the seashore was also one of the effective bits.

The dances last night were in nowise different from those in which Miss Duncan has appeared in past seasons in this country and Europe, and her draperies were the same beautiful Greek arrangements. Repetitions of several of the dances were demanded by the large audience, and at the end of the programme Miss Duncan gave several extra numbers, concluding with "The Beautiful Blue Danube" waltz.

WOMEN'S CLUBS' CONVENTION

Mrs. Mulliner Would Have Women Tried in Separate Police Courts.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Eight hundred women are in this city attending the fifteenth annual convention of the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs. Mrs. Elmer Blair of Albany, President of the federation, called the business session to order. The programme included addresses of welcome by Mayor Hiram H. Edgerton, Mrs. William A. Montgomery, Past President of the federation; Mrs. W. L. Howard, President of Rochester Federation of Women's Clubs, and Miss Anne Leach Walker, Chairman of the Seventh District.

Mrs. Josephine Kudlicks, Assistant Librarian of the Buffalo Public Library, spoke on "Library Work Among the Foreigners."

These nominations were made this afternoon by the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs: For State Directors—Mrs. Frank Menges of Saratoga, Mrs. Emerson H. Liscom, Elmira; Mrs. Alfred Hauenstein of Buffalo, and Mrs. Anne Rhode, New York City.

Speaking for the legislative committee this afternoon Mrs. Gabrielle Stewart Mulliner, a lawyer of New York City, told of the effort to have the State Penal Code amended so that women might be tried in separate police courts, and to provide that women in State penal institutions should not be discharged before they were in position to earn an honest livelihood. She said that the federation had promise of the aid of the American Bar Association in this effort.

A reception was held to-night in Hotel Seneca.

CLARENCE McDOWELL DEAD.

Turf Judge Introduced Several Reforms in Conduct of Race Meetings.

Clarence McDowell, a well-known turf judge, was found dead in his bed at the Waldorf yesterday morning. He had been seen about the corridors on Monday night, but complained of feeling out of sorts. Yesterday morning frequent telephone calls to his room brought no response, and when his room was entered it was found that he had died of heart disease during the night. He had been under the care of Dr. Max Osborne of Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue for this complaint for some time.

The "Judge," as he was generally known in racing circles, became connected with the turf by acting as stable manager for John W. Garrett of Baltimore, one of the builders of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. He began his career in local racing as a starter at Monmouth, Jerome, and Sheepshead Bay, but resigned after a discussion over a start at the Coney Island Jockey Club's races. Later he was an associate judge with Col. Simmons.

During his long career he introduced a number of reforms in the conduct of meetings. He obtained the adoption of the low in place of the high stand for judges, whereby there is less danger of injustice to a horse running near the fence. He brought in the system of hoisting the numbers of both the first two horses as soon as a race was finished, and he boasted that he and Col. Simmons had never had to order a number once hoisted lowered again.

Mr. McDowell was a stickler for the jockeys being on time, and by fining those who were late he managed to cut the time occupied in holding a meeting in half. But before he could make it thoroughly understood that he would not brook any delay at the starting point he had collected hundreds of dollars worth of fines.

The method which Mr. McDowell and Col. Simmons adopted was for each of them to pick out the three leading horses, and thus, when necessary, they could agree on a dead heat. To those who criticised his rulings he used to explain with great care the difficulty of selecting the winner from anywhere but the judges' stand. He would point out that a by-stander looking at the finish from an angle could alter the apparent position of a horse by as much as a length by merely closing one or the other eye.

Baltimore was Mr. McDowell's home when he was not traveling from one race track to another, and there his widow now lives. He was about 60 years of age.

REV. JOSEPH M. ASHER DEAD.

Rabbi of Orach Chain Congregation and Professor in Theological Seminary.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Mayor Asher, rabbi of the Congregation of Orach Chaim, 1,436 Lexington Avenue, and Professor of Homiletics and Biblical Exegesis at the Jewish Theological Seminary, died at his home, 61 East Ninety-third Street, yesterday afternoon. A weakened heart, due to overwork, was assigned as the cause of death. For several years Dr. Asher had delivered on an average of sixteen sermons and lectures every week. Besides his church work and seminary lectures, he had been delivering lectures in Philadelphia and Baltimore every week for several years.

In the hope of recuperating his strength, Dr. Asher went to Europe last June. He became worse while abroad and hurried back, reaching his home about four weeks ago. He has been confined to his bed since then.

Dr. Asher was born in Manchester, England, thirty-eight years ago, and was graduated from Cambridge. Ten years ago he came to New York to be rabbi of the Madison Avenue Synagogue. Three years ago he assumed charge of the Congregation Orach Chaim. He had been professor at the seminary since his arrival in this city.

Dr. Asher was especially noted for his English education, and, although he was looked upon as an Erudite Talmudic scholar, all of his sermons and lectures were delivered in English. He is survived by a widow. The funeral will be held from his church on Thursday at 10 A. M. The Rev. H. P. Mendes will officiate.

Major Thomas H. Hays.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 9.—Major Thomas H. Hays, former Inspector General of the Confederate Army, at one time Second Vice President of the Pullman Palace Car Company, died at his home to-day aged 72. He was widely known in Kentucky politics.

Mrs. James B. Kimball Dead.

WIESBADEN, Nov. 9.—Mrs. James B. Kimball of New York died here to-day.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ELLA PALMER, who earned the title of the Battlefield Angel by organizing the Hospital Corps of the Confederate Hospital of the Tennessee, is dead at Boulder, Col., aged 80. She was present at many battles in which Gens. Beauregard, Wilson, Johnston, and Hood commanded for the South.

CHARLES A. THATCHER, a retired New York business man, died on Monday at his residence, 136 Arlington Avenue, South Orange. He was 76 year old. He left a widow, a son, and two daughters.

THOMAS RAE, President of the lumber firm of Crane & Clark, 616 West Twentieth Street, died on Monday at his home, Ingleside, in Canaan, Conn. He was a native of Scotland and came to this country in 1870. He was a member of the Building Trades Association, the Merchants' Association, and St. Andrew's Society. He was married to Miss Jeannie Meikle of Inverness, Scotland, who, with five children, survives him.

MICHAEL HONEYMAN, who was stricken Sunday with apoplexy, died yesterday at his home, 412 Orange Road, East Orange, N. J. He was 87 years of age.

JOHN FELLOWS, a manufacturer of machinery, died yesterday at his home, 550 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, after a short illness. He was in his sixty-seventh year. He is survived by a widow, two sons, and two daughters.

Mrs. ANNA K. WEAVER, the widow of James Weaver, died at her home, 164 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. She was born in Manhattan eighty-eight years ago. Her husband was a well-known Brooklyn builder and realty operator.

GEORGE B. EDDY, a civil war veteran and prominent Freemason, died at his home, 662 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was born in Sterling, Mass., sixty-nine years ago, and was for many years in business in Manhattan as a dealer in machinery. Two daughters survive him.

THOMAS M. COSTELLO, who represented Oswego County in the State Assembly continuously from 1895 to 1902, died at his home at Altmar, N. Y., yesterday, after a long illness. He was born on Prince Edward Island in 1845.

Mrs. MARY BUTLER FOSTER is dead in Paterson, N. J., aged 91. She had lived in Paterson for seventy years. Mrs. Foster was born in England, and came to this country with her parents in a sailing vessel. She had but one child, who was Mrs. Elizabeth Wheaton, who died in 1900.

STEPHEN H. POWELL, an old-time leader in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died at his home, 532 East Eighth Street, that borough, on Monday. He was born in Brooklyn sixty-nine years ago and entered politics when a young man. He was at different times Charities Commissioner of Kings County, property clerk of the Brooklyn Police Department, and an Inspector in the Department of Public Works. Two sons and a daughter survive him.

Trust Fund for Mrs. Robbins's Husband

The will of Mrs. Eloise M. Robbins, daughter of the late Nathaniel L. McCready, once President of the Old Dominion Steamboat Company, establishes a trust fund of $30,000 for the benefit of her husband, William Ward Robbins of Flushing, N. Y. Her brother, Nathaniel L. McCready of 4 East Seventy-fifth Street, gets that part of the estate left her by her father, and is made the residuary legatee.

Gallery Notes.

The sale of the rugs belonging to H. H. Topakyan calls for notice as an event of unusual importance to connoisseurs in Eastern handicraft, and the collection which is on view prior to the days of sale will repay thorough examination. Among the rarer and more beautiful examples are an imperial silk Tabriz rug of the delicate richness of color only to be found in this particular weave, a framed specimen of museum quality, a much worn but still exquisite Ghorde rug of the sixteenth century, an imperial Kashan silk rug with border inscriptions and central patterns woven in gold, a royal Hereke rug in which the pattern represents the Garden of Eden and the creation of the floral and animal kingdoms, a fine specimen of Ispahan sixteenth century rug-making, woven by the imperial Persian weavers for the Kings of Poland, and a vast meshed carpet, 27 by 28, with a deep crimson ground and a medallion of dark blue, the centre framed by a border of seventeen stripes in various colors.

Although the palace rugs and other pieces of special importance give the collection its remarkable character, the profusion of small rugs in colors of great delicacy and richness with a large number of the green, ivory, and rose combinations in fine weaves will draw the attention of moderate collectors.

Perhaps you want a desirable Furnished Room. See Page 11.

OPERA WAR BEGINS IN PHILADELPHIA

Rival Performances of "Aida" Given by Metropolitan and Hammerstein Companies.

BOTH HOUSES ARE CROWDED

Caruso Makes His Reappearance in Metropolitan's Production — Mlle. Mazarin Feature of Manhattan's.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—What is expected to be Philadelphia's greatest season of grand opera opened to-night. Probably never before in the history of the art have two such organizations as the Hammerstein company and the Metropolitan Opera company began a season of rivalry with a production of the same opera in the same city on the same night. Both companies gave "Aida" and both did marvelously well.

Mr. Hammerstein originally announced that his second season at his Opera House here would open next Tuesday night. Then when the Metropolitan forces announced that the season at the Academy of Music would begin to-night with "Aida," Mr. Hammerstein threw down the gauntlet by advancing his season a week and producing the same opera.

Society, decked with millions in jewels and gowns, was equally divided between the two houses. Each house was jammed to overflowing and the enthusiasm was tremendous.

Mesdames Marietta Mazarin, soprano, and D'Alvarez, contralto, and Nicola Zerola, made their debuts in the Hammerstein cast, and were well received. Caruso, Gadski, and Homer were the Metropolitan principals. All were greeted with benfitting heartiness. Caruso sang according to the critics, even better than before his breakdown last year.

What added zest to the occasion was the fact that Philadelphians sang the part of Ramfis, the high priest, at each house. Henri Scott appeared at Hammerstein's and Allen C. Hinckley added laurels to his fame with the Metropolitan forces.

TO INCREASE BOSTON'S OPERA.

Henry Russell Tells Plans for Developing His New School.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Telling of his plans for increasing the future scope of Boston's new opera, Henry Russell said to-night:

"My attitude is to be absolutely eclectic. I shall have no prejudice, no predisposition favoring singer's nationality. If two singers, say, for example, an Italian and an American, have equal ability, I shall give the preference to the American.

"American singers will have a better opportunity than ever before of coming to the front.

"All sentiment is bad art. I am determined to develop my idea of the new school of opera. Last night one-half of the chorus, one-half of the orchestra, and several of the smaller parts were executed by members of my school.

"I should like to see the day come when America will control the opera of the world. I intend to have a big organization where we can educate, feed, and clothe young singers from every part of the world. To take young American singers alone would be fatal.

"I must search Southern Italy, Northern Russia, Sweden, and Norway for first-quality voices. These I intend to sow in American soil. In five years you will see what a bed of flowers I will have here in American grand opera. I will also put an end to paying huge salaries to induce foreign artists to come over to this country."

FROHMAN'S NEW MUSIC PLAN.

Intends to Have Numbers Worth Listening to Between Acts.

Charles Frohman is at work on a plan to keep people from leaving their seats during the entr'acts at his theatres. His scheme is to offer high-grade musical numbers between the acts of his dramatic pieces, with special programmes of harp, violin, 'cello, and piano solos. He believes that if the audience has something worth while to listen to while the curtain is down there will be less of the usual annoyance of men climbing past their neighbors to get to the aisles.

He says he will have music selected to suit the play, so there will be no break in the impression made by the acting, and that he will supply the best musical artists obtainable.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Daniel Frohman's company that is to appear in "The Commanding Officer" will leave for Chicago to-day to begin a short season in that city. The play will be seen in New York during New Year's week.

The new play, "Seven Days," by Mrs. Mary Roberts Rinehart and Avery Hopwood, will open at the Astor Theatre to-night. In the cast are Hope Latham, Florence Reed, Georgia O'Ramey, Lucille La Verne, Herbert Corthell, Allan Pollock, Carl Eckstrom, Jay Wilson, William Eville, and F. C. Baker.

Lottie Williams, the former melodrama star, who is now in vaudeville, has booked a four weeks' engagement at the Empire Music Hall, London, for next Spring.

Fiske O'Hara will begin his starring tour in "The Wearing of the Green" at Providence, R. I., next Monday.

Henrietta Crosman will return to New York in "Sham" on Dec. 4, playing at the Academy of Music.

"The Chocolate Soldier," which was transferred from the Lyric to the Herald Square Theatre when William Faversham came to town with "Herod," will return to the Lyric on Nov. 22, at the conclusion of Mr. Faversham's engagement. At the Herald Square, on that date, Lew Fields will make his first local appearance in his new play, "Old Dutch."

Col. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) was a guest of Forbes Robertson at Maxine Elliott's Theatre last night to witness a performance of "The Passing of the Third Floor Back."

Margaret Anglin has signed a contract with John Luther Long, author of "Madama Butterfly" and of "Kassa," for a new comedy of modern life, to be produced when Miss Anglin finds it necessary to put on a new play.

Rehearsals of Harriet Ford and Caroline King Duer's new play, "Jacqueiln," will begin today. Grace Elliston will have the leading role, and the play will be presented in New York just before the holidays under the management of Henry B. Harris.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DROUIN.—Nov. 7, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Drouin, a son.

Married.

EHRICH—HAMERSHLAG.—On Nov. 3, by the Hon. James A. Blanchard, Justice of the Supreme Court, Marguerite, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hamershlag, to Howard Ehrich.

HOORNBEEK—HASSELL.—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, Nov. 9, by the Rev. J. A. McGeary, Pauline, daughter of Mrs. Josephine V. and the late Dr. Samuel Hassell, to Thomas Cornell Hoornbeek.

JACKSON—DAY.—On Monday, Nov. 8, at 28 5th Av., by the Rev. Charles E. Sterne, Alice Hooker, daughter of Mrs. John Calvin Day, to Mr. Percy Jackson.

STODDARD—WHIPPLE.—On Monday, Nov. 8, 1909, by the Rev. William M. Grosvenor, D. D., at the Church of the Incarnation, Francis Russell Stoddard, Jr., to Eleanor Sherburne Whipple, daughter of Major and Mrs. Charles W. Whipple.

CONNOLLY—WALSH.—Nov. 7, Mary E. Walsh to William Connolly, Sr.

Connecticut.

MILLER — ROBINSON. — Nov. 8, Waterbury, Margaret Robinson to Harry A. Miller.

New Jersey.

BECK—OESCH.—Nov. 6, West Hoboken, Susanna Oesch to Charles Beck.

MORTON — OSBORN. — Nov. 3, Jersey City, Lillian Osborn to Abraham Morton.

Died.

ABERCROMBIE-MILLER.—On Monday night, of pneumonia, at the Park Avenue Hotel, Commander Frederick A. Abercrombie-Miller, U. S. N., retired, of Washington, D. C., in his 68th year. Funeral services on Nov. 11, at 2 P. M., at St. John's Church, Washington.

ASHER.—On Tuesday, Nov 9, at his residence 61 East 93d St., the Rev. Prof. Joseph Mayor Asher, in his 37th year, beloved rabbi of the Congregation Orach Chaim. The funeral services will be held in the synagogue, Lexington Av., near 95th St., Thursday, Nov. 11th, at 11 A. M.

ASHER.—It is my sad duty to announce the death of our beloved rabbi, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Mayor Asher. Members and seat holders of the congregation are requested to attend the funeral services at our synagogue on Thursday, Nov. 11, at 11 A. M.
EDWIN KAUFMAN, President.

ASHER.—It is my sad duty to announce the death of our beloved rabbi, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Mayor Asher. Members of Orach Chaim Sisterhood are requested to attend the funeral services at our synagogue on Thursday, Nov. 11, at 11 A. M.
HANNAH WILHELM, President.

CONOVER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 7, Elizabeth V., youngest daughter of Mary V. and the late Jacob B. Conover. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 11, at the residence of her brother, William R. Conover, Englishtown, N. J.

CUNNINGHAM.—Suddenly, on Nov. 8, Nelly Sloan Cunningham, daughter of the late Robert and Jane Cunningham. Funeral services from her late residence, 4 East 130th St., Wednesday, at 8 P. M.

DEEN.—On Nov. 7, 1909, William Morris Deen of New York, aged 57 years. Funeral service at St. Mark's Church, West 84th St., near Central Park, on Wednesday, 11 A. M. Richmond (Va.) papers please copy.

DUPEE.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 8, 1909, Josephine Hubbard, widow of George P. Dupee. Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Cross, Washington Av., North Plainfield, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 10, at 11:30 o'clock.

FELLOWS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 9, 1909, John Fellows, in his 67th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 550 Greene Av., Brooklyn, Thursday evening, Nov. 11, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

FULLER.—At his residence in Jersey City, on Monday, Nov. 28, George Fuller, son of the late Dudley B. Fuller. Funeral services at Grace Church, New York, on Thursday, Nov. 11, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Hyde Park, N. Y.

GRANT.—On Monday morning, Nov. 8, 1909, Dr. Gabriel Grant. Funeral services at his late residence, 22 East 49th St., New York City, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 10, at 11 o'clock.

HENDRICKSON.—At Bellport, L. I., Nov. 8, 1909, Hannah Parker, widow of Gen. John Hendrickson. Funeral private. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

IRELAND.—On Nov. 8, John Ireland, in his 66th year. Funeral services at St. Michael's P. E. Church, 99th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1:15 P. M.

KUSELL.—Nov. 8, 1909, Jules Kusell, aged 46 years. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (FRANK CAMPBELL BLDG.,) Wednesday 11 o'clock.

LOEW.—On Nov. 7, 1909, Frederick W. Loew, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, Nov. 10, at 11 A. M., from the residence of his brother-in-law, Dr. W. B. Vanderbeel, 37 West 76th St.

MEISSNER. — In Dresden, Germany, Karl Meissner, in his 66th year.

MOORE.—Suddenly, at his home, 237 Woodworth Av., Yonkers, on Tuesday, ov. 9

HORSE SHOW TAKES NEW HOLD ON FAVOR

Big Public Patronage Marks Popular Success of Madison Square Garden Exhibition.

NOVELTIES IN THE RING

Two Army Officers, Riding in International Contest for Jumping Horses, Get Falls Over Dangerous Jumps.

The real trial of the Horse Show's hold on popular favor was made successfully yesterday, the second day of the long-established exhibition of equine quality and human fashion, in Madison Square Garden. The novelty of the evening, the desire for the next fixture in the calendar, and anticipation of changes in the year since the last show was held made a strong guarantee of a big first day, and it was left to the second day to prove that public interest in the show is as lively as in the most prosperous days of the enduring popular and fashionable patronage of the show ring horse, once a year in New York.

There was no special appeal in the programme for a big attendance, but the crowds that assembled straight through the day were equal to the best traditions of the Horse Show, and for the great part, the spectators, morning, afternoon, and evening, fairly filled the big hall, and the promenade about the show ring in the evening renewed again one of the prettiest annual spectacles of the season. In the throngs that circled the show ring there was every promise of renewed success for the exhibition that the reorganized National Horse Show of America has rehabilitated. The judges kept close abreast of the time schedule, and even ran ahead of it in the evening, and the greater part of the evening programme had been completed before the arena boxes really were filled.

The fashionable element that might have filled the boxes was present, however, with its strongest representation in the enthusiasts of the riding, driving, and hunting colonies, who made the first fringe about the show ring and joined with the horsiest of the professional element in the applause for the blue ribbon winners.

The most picturesque of the competitions through the day were the classes for jumping horses, the four-in-hands, and the jumping by horses ridden by military riders in uniform; but, as the class of the entries indicated, the quality of the horse at Madison Square Garden this season averaged exceedingly high. The awards for the second day followed the lead set at the opening of the show, and with all the prominent exhibitors who have led in their patronage of show horses in past years represented in the ring, there was keen competition and plenty of work for the judges furnished by the great number of horses new to the show ring, the novice classes especially bringing out numerous individual horses that may be regarded as threatening the supremacy of the old-time champions.

There was a sensation in the competition for jumping, limited to horses ridden by military officers in uniform, one of the international contests of the show, two riders receiving falls over the really dangerous jumps of the competition. The contest narrowed down to the horses brought to New York by the visiting English army officers and those shown by the officers of the United States Army.

The greatest novelty of the show was the competition for heavy draft horses of foreign breeds, and the most popular features of the entire show were the classes for ponies and ladies' harness and saddle horses. Extremes were reached, and the best effects of contrast were attained in the morning classes when the tiniest of the Shetland ponies were judged in the same ring at the same time that the mastodonic percherons, fine specimens of one of the most distinct Old-World breeds were competing. The pony class brought out a new champion in Grandee, a black stallion, 40 inches in height, exhibited by Charles E. Bunn of Peoria, Ill., which so plainly overshadowed the most prominent of the old-time winners at the show that the award of the blue ribbon was quickly made.

Benjamin C. Riley, donor of the cup for the four-in-hand coach road race on Saturday afternoon from the Arrow Head Inn to the show ring at Madison Square Garden, in consultation with the managers yesterday, completed the arrangements for the race. Construction work now in progress over part of the route used last year has caused a change in the trip. The new route decided on follows: From Arrow Head Inn, East 177th Street, or Depot Lane to Fort Washington Avenue; south on Riverside Drive to Seventy-Broadway, south on Broadway to 135th Street, west to the viaduct, over same south on Riversinde Drive to Seventy-second Street, then east to Central Park; through Central Park to the Plaza, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street; south on Fifth Avenue to Twenty-seventh Street, and thence east and into the Madison Square Garden, where teams will be judged in the ring.

Among those in the boxes and reserved seats yesterday at the Horse Show were Mrs. Charles Childs and Paulding Fosdick, Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, Miss Jeanie Barger Wallach, Mrs. Edward R. Ladew, her daughter, Miss Elise Ladew, and Harvey Ladew, Mrs. Bert Roche, Mrs. George Heye, Mrs. J. H. H. Williams, and Miss Lottie Williams, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Robert Henderson, Mrs. John McCullough, Mrs. E. Francis Hyde, Mrs. Austen Gray, Miss Varvara Pupin, Mrs. Henry Siegel and Miss Dorothy Wilde, Mrs. Clark Reid, Mrs. Lewis Haight, Miss Bessie Yoakum, Mrs. E. R. Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, and Miss Kathryn C. Harris.

In the evening Mrs. Charles T. Proctor, the Rev. Herbert Shipman and Mrs. Shipman, Mrs. J. Howard Ford, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Miss Doris Dick, and William K. Dick, Mr. and Mrs. George G. Heye, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin H. Weatherbee, Oliver B. Harriman, E. N. Tailer, Mr. and Mrs. William Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. William Du Pont, J. Henry Alexandre, Hamilton Wilkes Cary, Mrs. A. Browning Prentice, and Mr. and Mrs. William Goadby Loew were among the many present.

JUDGES IN THE RING.

Double Defeat of Lord Baltimore and My Maryland II. a Big Surprise.

Although many interesting classes passed under the judges' attention yesterday at the National Horse Show, two events claimed especial attention. These were for four-in-hands and officers' chargers. In the former event three teams entered the ring. They were driven respectively by William H. Moore, Alfred G. Vanderbilt, and J. Campbell Thompson, three of the best amateur whips in the country. The fact that the class was small in no way detracted from its merit. Seldom have better matched road fours competed, while the lively tooting of the horns by the guards added keener interest to the competition. Both Mr. Moore and Mr. Vanderbilt drove four grays, the former adding a cockhorse to his outfit. Time and again the two were sent around the ring. Mr. Thompson's leaders were the showiest and smartest of the entries, but his wheelers lagged in their work, and, despite the clever driving of Mr. Thompson, they failed to show the pace necessary. Mr. Moore's four traveled easily and showed excellent manners, while Mr. Vanderbilt's quartet of grays, which have been victorious in many competitions, dragged heavily and failed to show any speed. The premier award went to Mr. Moore's team, with the Vanderbilt entry second and the Thompson four third. The latter ten, in found considerable favor with the judges.

For the first time since the show opened the British Army officers put up a stiff argument with their American rivals. The English horses appeared to have recovered from their long trip on the water, and if they continue to show the improvement that marked their jumping yesterday their owners will not return to England without blue ribbons.

It was the first class in which the officers of the two nations met in exclusive competition. The jumping was uniformly good, but there were some bad falls. Capt. R. Wallach, Washington, D. C., came to grief on Mindora, and it was feared that his collarbone was broken, but he was able to remount and complete his round. Lieut. T. Gerard Heatherington of the English entries also had a bad fall with Unity. Both mishaps took place in the pigpen. The first jump was a board fence 3 feet 3 inches high, the second an imitation stone wall 4 feet high, and the third jump double post and rails, forming what is called a pigpen. Each jump had to be taken twice. The winnere was Lieut. J. S. Martin, U. S. A., with the brown gelding Connie, which made a perfect round. Lieut. C. F. Walwyn, England, was second on his chestnut gelding The Biscuit, and Lieut. Gordon Johnston, on the bay gelding Clarence, and Lieut. Eben Swift, Jr., on his gray gelding Satan, were, respectively, 3 and 4, both hailing from Fort Riley. There were ten entries.

The morning session was devoted to the Clydesdales, Belgians, and Percherons. The entries in these classes were somewhat below the standard, but what lacked in quantity was more than made up in quality. The exhibition was very interesting and attracted considerable attention.

William H. Moore began his prize winning by capturing the first prize in the harness horse class with his London international winners Amaryllis and Phyllis. Artillery, owned by Frank B. Barrett, won the class for officers' charges. H. R. Rea of Pittsburg won the blue ribbon in the thoroughbred saddle horse class with his big chestnut gelding Hart Spring. Only three pairs were in the class for roadsters. E. T. Stotesbury, represented by Lugano and Como, winners of the international championship at London, was placed first.

The defeat of Lord Baltimore and My Maryland II. in two successive classes was a big surprise. In the Victoria class W. H. Moore's Lady Seaton and Lady Aukland were placed over C. W. Watson's famous pair. Public sentiment favored the latter, which never appeared to better advantage. In the second harness class, which was also for appointments, Mr. Watson's pair was placed second to Judge Moore's Senator and Leonidas. The latter were unmatched in color and did not appear as well behaved as Lord Baltimore and My Maryland II. The Watson stable is famous for its completeness of appointments and this materially added to the surprising result.

Mrs. C. W. Watson drove Lord Baltimore in the ladies' phaeton class, and, despite her clever handling of the reins, was placed one notch below the winner, W. H. Moore's Lady Seaton, which was driven by Miss E. R. Sears. The Fairmont Farm's entry appeared to show all the qualifications of the class.

The saddle classes were fully up to the standard. In the heavyweight division, H. Willink scored an unexpected win with Avoca, beating an excellent entry list. The thoroughbreds made a splendid showing. Shotgun, the winner of last year's class, repeated his victory, defeating Advance Guard, Crackenthorp, and Robador. The summaries:

Belgian Stallions, 4-year-olds, to be shown in hand.—Won by J. Crouch & Son's br. s., Richelieu, J. Crouch & Son's gr. s. Tom second.

Belgian Stallions, 3-year-olds, to be shown in hand.—Won by J. Crouch & Son's b. s. Pommard, J. Crouch & Son's b. s. Palestra second.

Percheron Mares, 2-year-olds and over, to be shown in hand.—Won by McLaughlin Brothers' blk. m. Hesitation.

Percheron Stallions, 2-year-olds, to be shown in hand.—Won by McLaughlin Brothers' gr. s. Hoche, J. Crouch & Son's gr. s. Hisole second, McLaughlin Brothers' blk. s. Hircus third.

Clydesdales, Mares, two-year-olds and over.—Won by Graham Brothers' Crosby Gem; Graham Brothers' Lady Fergies, second.

Clydesdales, Stallions, two-year-olds.—Won by Graham Brothers' br. s. Baron's Fancy; Hodgkinson & Tisdale's b. s. Abbey Blacon, second; Graham Brothers' b. s. Duke of Montrose, third.

Clydesdales, Stallions, three-year-olds.—Won by Graham Brothers' br. s. Meteor; Hodgkinson & Tisdale's b. s. General Favorite, second; Graham Brothers' b. s. Coniston, third.

Clydesdales, Stallions, four-year-olds or over.—Won by Graham Brothers' br. g. Gartley Pride; Hodgkinson & Tisdale's br. s. Royal Baron, second; Graham Brothers' br. s. Boreland Chief, third.

Clydesdales, Stallions, Championship.—Won by Graham Brothers' br. s. Gartley Pride; Graham Brothers' br. s. Meteor, reserve.

Thoroughbred Stallions, (Running Horses,) three-year-olds or over, judged by appearance in the ring and ability for improving the breed of horses for general uses; racing performances not regarded.—Won by Major W. A. Wadsworth's b. s. Shotgun; August B. Gray's ch. s. Advance Guard, second; H. R. Rea's ch. s. Crackenthorpe, third; Elsinore Farm's (H. S. Ladew) ch. s. Robador, fourth.

Ladies' Qualified Hunters; conformation to count 25 per cent.; performance over fences and manners, 75 per cent.; qualifying trials.—Grand View Farm's ch. g. Supervisor, E. H. Weatherbee's b. g. Taconite, E. H. Weatherbee's b. g. Keswick, E. H. Weatherbee's gr. g. David Gray, Blenheim Farm's b. g. Algonia, Blenheim Farm's ch. g. Aristocrat, U. D. Benner's g. g. King Edward, U. D. Benner's ch. m. Sunday Morning, James Mills's ch. m. Foxglove, H. C. Phipps's ch. g. Eagle Plume, Crow and Murray's The Wasp, Adam Beck's b. g. Sir Edward, Adam Beck's b. g. Sir Thomas, and Mrs. Adam Beck's b. g. Sir Frederick.

Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands; four-year-olds and upward; up to carrying 200 pounds.—Won by H. R. Rea's ch. g. Heartspring; Lawrence Jones's b. m. Jane, second; C. E. Myrick's br. m. Lady Harrison, third; G. W. Crossman's ch. g. Billiken, fourth.

Roadsters, pairs of horses, four years old or over, to be shown in harness.—Won by E. T. Stotesbury's bay mare Lugano and bay gelding Como; E. T. Stotesbury's brown mare Lucia and brown mare Pearl Onward, second; Edward Kearney, Jr.'s bay mare American Girl and bay gelding American Boy fourth.

Percherons, stallions, four years old or over, to be shown in hand.—Won by J. Crouch & Son's black stallion Carnot; McLaughlin Brothers' black stallion Dragon, second; McLaughlin Brothers' gray stallion Etradegant, third; McLaughlin Brothers' gray stallion Firebond, fourth.

Ponies, Shetland brood mares, not exceeding 46 inches.—Won by Charles E. Bunn's sorrel stallion Juletta; Elsinore Farm's black stallion Lynette, second; Pittsford Farm's black and white stallion Spirite, third; Charles E. Bunn's sorrel stallion Gazelle, fourth.

Harness Horses, mare or gelding, to be shown to a lady's phaeton with rumble; ladies to drive; horses to count 50 per cent., carriages 25, harness 15; liveries 10.—Won by W. H. Moore's brown mare Lady Seaton (Miss E. R. Sears;) Fairmont Farm's (C. W. Watson) brown gelding Lord Baltimore, (Mrs. C. W. Watson,) second; Grand View Farm's (R. P. McGrann) chestnut mare Tinker Bell, (Mrs. R. P. McGrann,) third; Oakland Farm's (A. G. Vanderbilt) chestnut gelding Sir James, (Mrs. Belle Beach Bain,) fourth.

Four-in-hands, road teams, to be shown before a coach; the horses should have substance, pace, and good manners, and not under 15.2 hands.—Won by W. H. Moore's team (Advance Guard, Mate, Granger, and Lady Gray;) Oakland Farm's (A. G. Vanderbilt) team, (Vanity, Vogue, Viking, and Valour,) second; Campbell Thompson's Silver Tail, Misfit, Old Times, and Attorney, third.

Jumpers, for officers only; open to all nations and all branches of the service; horses to be the property of the officers or government; to be ridden by officers in uniform.—Won by Lieut. J. S. Martin's brown gelding Connie; Lieut. C. F. Walwyn's chestnut gelding The Biscuit, second; Lieut. Gordon Johnson's brown gelding Clarence, third; Lieut. Eben Swift, Jr.'s, gray gelding Salem, fourth.

Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands; four years old or over; up to carrying 160 pounds; to be ridden by ladies.—Won by W. A. McGibbon's chestnut mare Sultana; Mrs. John Gerken's brown mare Vesta Tilly, second; Andrew Morrison's chestnut mare Fashion Plate, third; Lawrence Jones's brown mare Jane, fourth.

Harness Horses, novice class; over 15.3 hands.—Won by W. H. Moore's brown gelding Robin Hood; Frank E. Palmer's brown gelding Electric Light, second; Fairmont Farm's (C. W. Watson) brown gelding Monongah, third.

Saddle Horses, over 14.2 hands and not exceeding 15.2; four years old or over.—Won by H. Willink's ch. g. Avoca; W. A. McGibbon's ch. m. Belva, second; Lawrence Jones's b. m. Diana of the Lea, third. George W. Crossman's br. g. Windsor, fourth.

Harness Horses; pairs of mares or geldings; to be shown before a victoria; horses to count 50 per cent.; carriages, 15; harness, 15; liveries, 10.—Won by William H. Moore's b. m. Lady Seaton and b. m. Lady Aukland; Fairmont Farm's (C. W. Watson) b. g. Lord Baltimore and My Maryland II., second; Oakland Farm's (A. G. Vanderbilt) b. m. Queen's Maid and b. m. Queen's Favor, third; W. H. Moore's b. g. Debator and b. m. Minerva, fourth.

Harness Horses; pairs, mares or geldings; to be shown before a demi-mail, spider, or stanhope phaeton for park use.—Won by W. H. Moore's br. g. Senator and br. g. Leonidas; Fairmount Farm's (C. W. Watson) b. g. Lord Baltimore and b. g. My Maryland II., second; Oakland Farm's b. m. Queen's Maid and b. m. Queen's Favor, third; Grand View Farm's (R. P. McGrann) b. g. Cricket and b. g. Wicket, fourth.

Ladies' Qualified Hunters; quality to count 25 per cent; performance over fences and manners, 75 per cent.—Won by Crow and Murray's b. g. The Wasp; U. D. Bermen's gr. g. King Edward, second; the Hon. Adam Beck's b. g. Sir Thomas, third; Edwin H. Weatherbee's b. g. Taconite, fourth.

Qualified Hunters.—Won by Thoroughbred Farm's b. g. Algonia; Henry C. Phipps's ch. g. Streator Cyclone, second; Julian Morris's ch. g. Rock Crest, third; Crow and Murray's ch. m. Stay Away, fourth.

HACKNEY SOCIETY MEETS.

Henry A. Fairfax Re-elected President at the Annual Election.

The annual meeting of the American Hackney Society was held yesterday, in connection with the Horse Show, in the Directors' room at Madison Square Garden. It was the best-attended meeting in fifteen years. Henry A. Fairfax was re-elected President, R. P. McGrann and W. D. Henry First and Second Vice Presidents, respectively, and G. Gue of New York Secretary and Treasurer. The old Directors were re-elected, with the addition of William Du Pont, Orange, Va.; Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Percy A. Hodge, Jet, Ky., and George Watson of Madison, N. J.

The report shows the association to be in a prosperous condition. Two important committees were appointed, one to confer with the Canadian Hackney Society, with the view of establishing a joint publication, to contain the annual entered records of hackney horses in North America, or, in other words, a joint studbook. The second committee was instructed to draft a letter to the English Draft Societies in relation to more strict requirements regarding the certification of pedigrees of hackneys sent to this country and Canada.

DALEY WINS GOLF PRIZE.

Springs Surprise in Newspaper Men's Tournament at Fox Hills.

After an absence of three years from a golf course, George Herbert Daley yesterday, over the Fox Hills course, at Clifton, Staten Island, furnished the surprise in the newspaper men's tournament, getting first place in the event with a gross score of 96, which, with the handicap allowance of 30 strokes, gave him a net score of 66. This was ten strokes better than the card which was credited to A. J. Colman, who finished second. Of the twenty-nine competitors, Herbert L. Jones, who was runner up to Chandler Egan for the Western golf championship two years ago, turned in the best gross score, his play over the course resulting in a card of 82, which captured the prize for this feature of the tournament. The summary:

G. H. Daley, 96, 30—66; A. J. Colman, 100, 24—76; P. H. Dietz, Jr., 115, 36—79; T. A. Dorgan, 123, 45—80; G. Cooper, 114, 33—81; H. F. Jones, 82, 0—82; H. Haines, 91, 8—83; F. L. O'Connell, 104, 20—84; R. F. Mayhew, 96, 12—84; J. W. Ferguson, 101, 17—84; J. McGrath, 113, 28—85; A. Hedley, 103, 16—87; E. Rich, 100, 11—89; M. J. Sullivan, 130, 40—90; F. Beebe, 111, 21—90; R. Wheeler, 121, 30—91; W. W. Harris, 91, 0—91; J. Logan, 104, 12—92; H. B. Martin, 104, 10—94; J. Williams, 122, 25—97; C. Le Gendre, 114, 15—99; H. Godwin, 135, 32—103; T. J. Vivian, 116, 13—103; Mrs. Grena J. Bennett, 139, 35—104; F. K. Sprague, 124, 20—104; H. Hamilton, 142, 37—105; S. W. Frankel, 171, 60—111; J. Hennings, 134, 22—112.

Columbia Basket Ball Coaches.

The Columbia basket ball squad will have an able coaching staff this year. Harry A. Fisher, 1904, has consented to act as head coach, and will take charge of the squad next week. He will be assisted by C. W. Cuthell, 1905, who was captain of the 1907 Columbia five, and Jack Ryan, who played centre for the last four years and was captain of the 1908 and 1909 teams.

YALE TO PRACTICE LIGHTLY FOR TIGERS

Elis Will Only Be Kept on Edge for Big Battle Next Saturday at New Haven.

FULL BACK DALY WITH TEAM

Logan Hobbles to Field on Crutches and Hopes to be Able to Participate In the Game with Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Yale's 'Varsity line-up for the Princeton game on Saturday was probably shown in this afternoon's scrimmaging, with one exception, Ted Lilley, who rested, and Charley Paul played at right tackle. It is stated that the change was made because Lilley slightly strained his back in the Brown game Saturday, and will be handled lightly this week. After an absence of two weeks Fred Daly went to full back, where it is now believed he will play in the Princeton game. He seems to have recovered from his injury, and smashed the line with powerful force.

Capt. Ted Coy, at left half back, starred this afternoon. He ripped around tackle for two touchdowns, although the scrimmaging lasted only fifteen minutes. These were the only scores made. It was announced to-night that there will be no long scrimmages this week. This is a change from the plan formerly discussed of driving the team through long playing halves to-morrow to fit it for the Princeton game. There will be another fifteen-minute scrimmage to-morrow, and the work on Thursday will be even lighter. There will be nothing but signal rehearsal on Friday.

Logan, the injured end, left the hospital to-day and appeared on crutches on the field. He says he will be in uniform next week, and hopes to play against Harvard. The team's doctors are not inclined to encourage his hope of lining up again this season.

Frank Hinkey, who was twice Captain of Yale and played four years at end, arrived in time to see the practice. There were eighteen coaches present, including Bull, Shevlin, Hinkey, Bloomer, Heffelfinger, Veeder, Smith, Rodaback, Adee, Butterworth, Chadwick, Townsend, Beck, Hammond, Leavenworth, Cochrane, Wheaton, and Jones.

HARVARD HOLDS "SUBS."

Forward Pass and Trick Formations Their Only Ground Gainers.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 9.—The entire Harvard practice this afternoon was devoted to strengthening the 'Varsity defense. The second eleven was given the oval and told to do its best. They found the line the hardest kind of a proposition, but made considerable headway by using the forward pass and trick formations. After one toss, which landed them on the 'Varsity five-yard line, they found the regulars' defense impregnable. All the regular men reported, and all but Minot and P. Smith got into the scrimmage. The latter were used in signal drill, but when the more strenuous work was called for, Morrison and Long worked in their places. Corbett got into play. He found the going rough, and gave way to Leslie G. Brown.

With MacKay back at tackle, the line showed more confidence and power. The old-fashioned play of the "subs" made no impression on its defense, but when the first signs of new football were tried out, the line, especially the left wing, lacked confidence in its ability to cope with such formations. The second eleven made the most of their gains this way. Both O'Flaherty and Wigglesworth took turns in running the eleven, and the "regular" got away some well-timed field goals after the scrimmage was over.

Short, Brisk Practice for Tigers.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 9.—Brisk practice was again held by the Princeton 'Varsity eleven to-day, and after yesterday's rest all of the regulars were in the scrimmage. They were not kept out long, however, and their places were taken by the substitutes, as the coaches are not taking any chances with injuries at this late date.

During the time the regulars played they tore through the scrub team for five touchdowns, all on straight football, and the scrubs were helpless. Sparks and Hart showed up especially well. A feature of the play was the way the backfield kept together on offense, in a manner which has not been seen here before. At times, however, when McCormick sent away one of his long drives, there was just a suspicion of weakness in the line, the weakness which permits Princeton's opponents to break through and block kicks. Otherwise, however, the defense was invulnerable. The work of the ends was also of a high order, Welch, Ballin, Gill, and King all taking turns.

N. Y. U. Tries New Tricks on Webb.

In yesterday's practice at New York University Coach Olcott tried out three new trick plays, which worked so successfully that they may be used in next Saturday's game with Lehigh. The plays, two of which end in a forward pass, were first tried by the 'Varsity against the scrubs. The team was then lined up against the Webb Academy eleven, which had been invited to Ohio Field for a practice game, and the new plays were worked on them. The result was satisfactory, large gains being made in all three plays. No scoring was allowed, but the N. Y. U. eleven easily worked their way up and down the field, and were able repeatedly to tear holes in the Webb line. The Violet 'Varsity was made up largely of substitutes, second team men being put in from time to time in the places of the regulars, so that all might meet the Webb attacks and be schooled in New York's new plays. Elliffe, right half back, and Henneberger, left guard, were, however, kept on the side lines throughout the practice. Both men are suffering from injured knees. Frank Booth, substitute end, was hurt in yesterday's practice, and had to be taken out of the game. He was not, however, seriously injured. Webb's team was also seriously crippled, Bull, Schipper, Rising, and Husson being kept out on account of injuries received last Saturday.

Fordham's Practice Is Fast.

Dissatisfied with the 'Varsity's showing in the practice game with the Preparatory School team on Monday the Fordham coaches put the regulars through a practice session yesterday in the dressing room and later tried a bit of scrimmage work on the field. As a resut the Fordham-Prep combination was put to a complete route in the scrimmage play.

The fast Prep backs were unable to make any impression on Fordham, the big fellows failing to be caught napping.

Coach Gargan made several shifts in the line, giving the second string men a chance to show their worth.

CLUBS MUST NAME PRIZES.

A. A. U. Places Restriction on Organizations Advertising Unnamed Trophies.

Athletic clubs holding track games will hereafter be required to give a list of prizes and medals on entry blanks. This was decided on at a meeting of the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, held at the Irish-American Athletic Club last evening. Several clubs which are to hold games have advertised "handsome and valuable" prizes, and the committee has decided to put a stop to it. Sanctions for meets will be withdrawn unless a list of the actual prizes to be offered is submitted to the committee.

The Athletic Union will not sanction games in the future in which the Columbus Day and Verrazana Monument Committee has a part, on account of the club's action in the games at Madison Square Garden on Oct. 6. D. Lasalle won the obstacle race, and was to have received a gold medal, but the best he got was a metal badge. The club refused to give Lasalle the gold medal and has been placed under the ban.

J. A. Cooper, Aranac Athletic Club; J. Duffy, Acorn Athletic Club; S. P. Brierton, Acorn Athletic Club; Walter Strobuck, L. Kirschauer, and B. Goldstein were reinstated. They were under suspension for participating as novices in races in which they were not eligible. The members of the Registration Committee present were H. Obertubbesing, J. Stumpf, and J. J. Hogan.

TO REVISE AGREEMENT.

National Association of Minor Leagues to Change Its Code.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—The National Association of Minor Leagues, at the opening session of its annual meeting to-day, transacted only routine business. The election of officers and the ratification of the action of the National Board of Arbitration in admitting the California State League into Class D of the National Association will be brought before the meeting at its session to-morrow. The roll call and the appointment of two committees by President M. H. Sexton was all that was done at the meeting.

President Sexton appointed a committee of five to revise the agreement under which the National Association now exists. Those on the committee are H. Farrell, New York State League; James O'Rourke, Connecticut League; T. H. Murnane, New England League; William Grayson, American Association, and President Sexton.

Curtis Eleven Swamped.

The football eleven of De Witt Clinton High School scored an easy victory over the Curtis High School team yesterday afternoon at Curtis Field, Staten Island, winning by 33 to 0. At no time was the Staten Island team a contender, the fifty-ninth Street boys gaining at will. Vanderwater and Johnston showed to the best advantage for the Clinton team, the former scoring two of the touchdowns against Curtis. The line-up:

Clinton	Position	Curtis.
Telfer	Left end	McFarland, Adamson
Wiener	Left tackle	Anderson
Richards, Grohs	Left guard	H. Nordanhalt
Raschbaum	Centre	Bernstein, Von Mechow
Simon	Right guard	G. Nordanhalt
Johnston	Right tackle	Boger
Roberts	Right end	Story
Nealis, (Capt.)	Quarter back	Daly
Ruttenberg, Grim	Left half back	Goodwin
Rosza, Cumlskey	Right half back	Crabtree, (Capt.)
Vanderwater	Full back	Hastings

Touchdown—Ruttenberg, (2,) Vanderwater, (2,) Johnston, Wiener. Referee—Mr. Hooks, Princeton. Umpire—Mr. Hasbruck. Head linesman—A. Kiviat, Curtis. Field Judge—Mr. Smith, Amherst. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Columbia's Deciding Game To-day.

The Columbia University seniors will oppose the juniors on South Field this afternoon in the final football game which will decide the championship series. Neither team has been scored on this season, and both have rolled up nearly identical scores against the sophomores and freshmen. The game will begin at 4 o'clock.

Team Picked to Play Pilgrims.

Selection was made yesterday by the committee of the New York Amateur Association Football League of the members of the team which will play against the Pilgrims of England in the international "soccer" game at Meyerrose Park, in Brooklyn, next Sunday afternoon. The following is the list: O. Wilson, Clan MacDonalds, goal; Herbert Hynd, Critchleys, right back; H. Campbell, Hollywood Inn, left back; J. McFadden, Critchleys, right half; J. Black, Bronx United, centre half; T. Hoyle, Clan MacDonalds, left half; A. McLeod, Hollywood Inn, outside right; D. Hastie, Clan MacDonalds, inside right; J. Young, Hollywood Inn, centre forward; S. S. Cowan, Brooklyn F. C., inside left; W. Maskell, Columbia F. C., outside left. Substitutes: W. Houghie, Arcadia Thistles, goal; J. Ross, Clan MacDonalds, full back; J. Hart, Clan MacDonalds, half back; W. Salmon, Hollywood Inn, and W. Glenn, Clan MacDonalds, forwards.

Results of Billiard Games.

At the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy in Brooklyn, yesterday, Calvin scored easy victories in both of his exhibition 18.2 balk line games. In the afternoon he defeated C. English by a score of 300 to 58, making a high run of 148 and an average of 25. English averaged 5 3-11, with a best inning of 20. W. St. John was the opponent in the evening, and Demarest again came out victor, his score reading 300 to 90. The average made by Demarest was 21 6-14, while St. John averaged 7 8-11, with a best inning of 23.

Two exhibition 18.2 balk line billiard matches were played yesterday at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Broadway and Forty-ninth Street. Both were won by Harry Cline of Philadelphia, who is playing two amateurs at Daly's each day this week. In the afternoon match Cline defeated George Spears by a total of 300 to 94. His high run was 112 and his average 18 12-16. Spears made a best inning of 29 and an average of 5 14-16. Cline had an even easier victory in the evening, defeating F. F. Mitchell by 300 to 62. He averaged 13 14-22, with a high run of 104, while Mitchell made a cluster of 16 for his best turn at the table and averaged 2 20-21.

Frank Gotch Throws Italian.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Frank Gotch, champion wrestler of the world, defeated Giovanni Raicevitch of Italy at the Coliseum to-night in two straight falls, the first in 16 minutes 28 seconds, and the second in 5 minutes 28 seconds.

THREE NEW WORLD'S RECORDS FOR AUTOS

Louis Chevrolet Drives a Buick 200 Miles in 2:46:48 on Atlanta Speedway.

CAR ABLAZE IN $10,000 RACE

Strang Clips Mile Mark to 37.7 Seconds and Aitken Sets New Figures for Ten-Mile Distance.

ATLANTA, Nov. 9.—Louis Chevrolet, the sturdy Swiss pilot of Buick cars, annexed a hard earned victory to-day when he captured the 200-mile stock chassis race, averaging about 72 miles an hour. Chevrolet's victory came as a climax in a record-breaking contest, in which Atlanta's new two-mile speedway was opened.

Two of Barney Oldfield's records were lowered, one of them by Louis Strang, who reduced Oldfield's one-mile mark of 43.1, more than five seconds. To do it Strang used the big 200 horse power Fiat which made a world's record of 28 seconds over the 3½-mile track at Brooklands, England, last Summer. Oldfield took the limit out of his hitherto unbeatable Benz, and took nearly three seconds off his own previous record. Two cars of greater power than Strang's are said to be in course of construction abroad, one in Italy, the other in Germany.

The second of Oldfield's records vanished in the ten-mile handicap, in which John Aiken, in a National "sixty," starting from scratch, forged ahead to third position in the field of eight cars in 8:02:41. Oldfield, who made the distance at Indianapolis in 8:15.90, also started from scratch in this contest, but broke a steering knuckle in the first lap, and was compelled to withdraw.

George Robertson, who was to have appeared in two events with his Fiat "Sixty," broke an oil pipe before reaching the mark, and was out all day. In practice before the races he made the two mile lap in 1:32.

Chevrolet's winning of the big race of 200 miles in 2:46:48 was a brilliant exploit, lowering Burman's record of 3:24:13 4-5, made in a Buick at Indianapolis. The big pilot stopped only once during the 100 laps, and then only when his engine caught fire.

Chevrolet assumed the lead in the first lap and increased it slowly but steadily for 72 miles. The two Chalmers-Detroit cars took his exhaust at distances which seemed to increase only by inches, but in the first ten laps these inches had multiplied into almost a mile.

As Chevrolet flashed past, the trained eye of Harding, an Apperson driver, who was in the press stand, detected fire, and drowning the thunder of cheers, Harding cried:

"You're on fire, Louis!"

Chevrolet apparently was ignorant of the fact at the time, but when he had gone a mile the smoke belched into his face. Then he experienced his only delay.

During the few minutes that it required to extinguish the blaze Dingley regained the lost lap and took the lead by about 30 yards. His triumph was short, for Chevrolet took after him and passed him during the next lap. He was never again in danger.

No serious accident marred the day's sport. The nearest approach to such an incident occurred in the eighty-fifth lap of the 200-mile grind. Harry Stillman, whose Marmon had not experienced a single delay, ran into the inner gutter of the track. Neither he nor his assistant was hurt beyond a few bruises. The accident occurred on the back stretch. An overstrained rear tire softened and sent the car into the ditch.

Three wheels flew off, one of them rolling 200 yards into the paddock. At this time Stillman seemed certain to be the Chalmers-Detroit driver for second honors, having worked to the fore of these machines while one was replacing the tire and one was renewing its fuel.

Stillman's withdrawal left the two Chalmers-Detroits to fight it out for second place. Charles Basle's Renault stayed hopelessly to the finish many miles behind, but the other cars had gradually been eliminated. Both Nationals, the Cliquotte Renalt, and the Rainier had quit. The summary:

One-Mile Time Trial.—First, Fiat, (Strang,) 0:37.30; second, Benz, (Oldfield,) 0:40.13; third, Christie, (Christie,) 0:43.82; fourth, Stearns, (Rutherford,) 0:50.85.

Ten-Mile Stock Chassis, 451 to 600 cubic inches piston displacement.—First, National, (Aiken,) 8:27.22; second, National, (Kincaid,) 8:27.71; third, Apperson, (Harding,) 8:50.65. Also ran: Renault, Fiat, Stearns.

Ten-Mile Race for Light Cars.—First, Chalmers-Detroit, (Matson,) 9:49.48; second, Chalmers-Detroit, (Knipper,) 9:49.84; third, Buick, (Nelson,) 9:50.18. Also ran: White, gasoline; Fuller.

Ten-Mile, Free-for-All Handicap.—First, Marmon, (Stillman,) 8:54.96; second, Harmon, (Harroun,) 8:55; third, National, (Aiken,) 8:02.41. Also ran: Renault, Frere, Rainier, Knox.

Two-Mile Free-for-All.—First, Fiat, (Strang,) 1:31.63; second, Benz, (Oldfield,) 1:37.18; third, National, (Aiken,) 1:43.22. Also ran: Christie.

200-Mile Stock Chassis Race.—First, Buick, (Chevrolet,) 2:46:48; second, Chalmers-Detroit, (Dingley, (2:53:33; third, Chalmers-Detroit, (Lorimer,) 2:55.15. Also ran: Renault, (Basle;) Rainier, (Marmon;) Renault, (Cliquoette;) National, (Aiken;) National, (Kincaid.)

EDGEWATER HILL CLIMB.

Society Organized to Promote Thanksgiving Day Event.

The Edgewater-Fort Lee Motoring Society was launched yesterday, and will promote the hill climb on the Edgewater-Fort Lee course on the morning of Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 25. It is intended to hold a hill-climbing contest semi-annually.

The initial contest will signalize the reopening of the hill for pleasure traffic. Under the superintendency of John J. McGarry the road has been entirely rebuilt, and with a surface of tarvia now presents one of the fastest courses to be found anywhere. The climb will be approximately one mile in length, with grades varying from 5 per cent. to 17 per cent., and averaging about 12 per cent. The start will be made in the Borough of Edgewater, about half a mile from the Fort Lee ferryhouse, and the finish will be on the crown of the hill in the Village of Fort Lee. There are three steep pitches and several turns to be negotiated, so that the course will be a test both of the driver's skill and the power of the machine.

Among those present at the meeting were several Councilmen and other representative citizens from each of the boroughs represented. John R. Towle of Edgewater presided at the meeting and John H. Hinners of the same place acted as Secretary. Other Edgewater automobilists present were E. M. Speer, Fred Hinners, C. F. W. Reiss, F. W. Bacon, W. C. Gadstrey, C. F. Emery, A. H. Emery, W. Baisden, and R. J. McGarry. The Fort Lee automobilists present included Capt. C. T. Brannigan, S. J. Croker, E. J. Kaufer, G. F. Burdett, Herman Ghent, Frederick St. John, and E. Jackson. George F. Stabel was one of the representatives from Palisade.

AUTOMOBILES.

Marmon

The Positive Car

We are sure of every principle of the Marmon. You can be sure of honest service from it.

Marmon Thirty-Two $2,650

5 Passenger Touring Car. 4 Cylinders. Bos

CITY ISSUES MORE REVENUE WARRANTS

Payments Due Exceed Tax Collections and November Warrants May Aggregate $10,000,000.

MARKET FOR THEM IN PARIS

Municipal Obligations in November Higher Than Other Months and These Issues Bring Ready Cash.

Further issues of New York City revenue warrants are being made which will probably bring the total of those to be issued during November up to $10,000,000 or possibly more. Several issues of warrants have been made since the beginning of the month, including $600,000 4 per cent. one year warrants sold yesterday, and there will shortly be put out, it is expected, between $5,000,000 and $10,000,000 of warrants against uncollected taxes of previous years.

Taxes have been coming in in large amounts, but the city's payments during October and November are increased, including as they do the payment of principal and interest on many issues of revenue warrants, most of which fall due during these two months of the year. Taxes do not come in quite fast enough to provide for payments which the city has to make this month, and hence the need of these issues of revenue warrants. The total tax levy this year was over $123,000,000, and of this about $82,400,000 had been paid in up to the close of business last Saturday. At the corresponding date last year about $77,000,000 had been paid in out of a total levy of something over $117,000,000.

The city's obligations maturing during November, including principal and interest on revenue warrants, and interest on long term bonds, amount to over $85,000,000, of which $41,000,000 had been paid off during the first eight days of the month, leaving $44,000,000 to be paid off during the balance of the month. Of this sum $10,700,000 fell due yesterday, and $8,800,000 falls due to-day. Other dates, when the city has large payments to make, are Nov. 12, when $11,800,000 will have to be paid, and Nov. 16, when $6,200,000 will fall due. These large payments make heavy drafts on the incoming taxes, and the resort to revenue warrants is called for to supply the city with needed additional cash.

Despite a firmer tone in the money market yesterday with an advance in call money rates to 5½ per cent. the city was still placing its revenue warrants at 4 per cent. on warrants running a year. Of the further issues of warrants expected this month it is thought that part at least will be placed abroad, the Paris market being usually keen for investments in these securities.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The local market was somewhat irregular to-day. Early quotations were strong, followed by higher prices for some issues. Lake was a feature, selling at 39⅜, and Nevada Consolidated also made a new high price, 27⅞. La Salle was active and higher, while the general market was active and with a few exceptions displayed a good undertone. There was profit-taking in Superior, which sold off a couple of points.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102	102	102
10,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91⅞	91⅜	91⅜
10,000	A. T. & S. F. conv. 4s	104¼	104¼	104¼
1,000	A. T. & S. F. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
6,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	70	69½	69½
11,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96	95½	95½
2,000	Dominion Coal 5s	97⅞	97⅝	97⅞
1,000	Fl. Steel 5s, 1913	101	101	101
2,000	Mass. Gas 4s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
1,000	N. Cotton Yarn 5s	104	104	104
4,000	West. T. & T. 5s	98½	98½	98½

RAILROADS.

15	Boston El.	130¾	130	130¾
180	Boston Suburban pf.	77½	77¼	77¼
5	Boston & Maine	152½	152½	152½
5	Boston & Wor. pf.	82	82	82
35	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	117½	117½	117½
250	Mass. Elec.	18¼	18	18
45	Mass. Elec. pf.	83⅝	83½	83½
203	N. Y., N. H. & H.	155	153	153
18,705	N. Y., N. H. & H. rts.	5½	5⅜	5½
10	Old Colony St. Ry.	195	195	195
30	Union Pacific	202	201½	201½
93	West End	92½	92¼	92¼
1	West End pf.	103½	103½	103½

TELEPHONES.

1,012	American	141⅞	140	140¾
100	Cumberland	147½	147½	147½
20	New England	134⅜	134⅜	134⅜
10	Western	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝

MISCELLANEOUS.

255	Am. Agr. Chem.	49⅝	48⅝	48⅝
40	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	102	102	102
49	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	11	11	11
85	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	26½	26	26½
25	Am. Pneu. Serv.	8¾	8⅛	8⅛
270	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	22	21¾	21¾
75	Am. Sugar Ref.	133	132½	132½
62	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	127	126⅜	126⅜
16	Am. Woolen pf.	103½	103	103¼
1,715	East Boston Land	11¼	10½	11
70	Edison	250	250	250
110	Mackay pf.	76½	75¾	76½
100	Mass. Gas	76	76	76
230	Mass. Gas pf.	93	93	93
10	Mergenthaler	216	216	216
40	N. E. Cotton Yarn	123½	123	123½
17	Pullman	193	191½	191½
21	Reece	11½	11	11
115	Rotary Ring	12	12	12
3	Seattle Electric	116¾	116¾	116¾
5	Swift	108¾	108⅝	108⅝
115	Torrington, Class A	28¼	28	28
90	United Fruit	146	144¾	145
388	United Fruit rights	14½	14¼	14½
337	United Shoe	70	69¼	69¼
17	United Shoe pf.	30½	30	30½
1,931	U. S. Steel	91¼	89¾	90¾
20	U. S. Steel pf.	127	126½	127

MINING.

7,459	Amalgamated	89½	87⅜	87⅞
75	Alloucz	59⅞	59½	59½
580	American Zinc	38⅜	37⅞	37⅞
10	Anaconda	49¼	49¼	49¼
1,095	Arizona Commercial	45½	45	45
350	Atlantic	11	11	11
400	Batopilas	60c.	60c.	60c.
90	Boston Con.	14½	14¼	14¼
150	Boston Corbin	21¼	21¼	21¼
1,925	Butte Coalition	30¾	29⅝	29⅝
215	Butte Balaklala	10	9¼	9¼
165	Calumet & Arizona	102	101½	101½
10	Centennial	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞
225	Copper Range	80⅝	80½	80⅝
100	Daly-West	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
345	East Butte	12	11⅞	11¾
230	Elm River	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
100	Franklin	17	17	17
2,620	Giroux	10½	9⅞	9⅞
140	Granby	99½	98	99
1,575	Greene-Cananea	12¼	11⅜	11⅞
30	Helvetia	6¾	6¾	6¾
700	Isle Royale	26	25½	25⅝
500	Kerr Lake	9	9	9
10	Keweenaw	2¾	2¾	2¾
8,162	Lake	39⅜	38	38
1,475	La Salle	15¾	14⅝	15½
290	Mass.	5⅜	5¼	5¼
135	Mexico	5¼	5	5¼
410	Miami	17⅜	17½	17½
50	Michigan	1½	1½	1½
8,525	Nevada	28	27⅜	27½
350	Newhouse	3⅝	3½	3⅝
430	Nipissing	10⅞	10½	10⅝
1,473	North Butte	60⅝	59½	59½
1,000	North Lake	7	7	7
150	Ojibway	6	5⅞	5⅞
250	Old Dominion	52½	52	52½
2	Osceola	157	157	157
50	Parrot	29	28⅜	28⅝
31	Quincy	86	85	86
200	Santa Fe	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,489	Shannon	16¼	15⅞	16
70	St. Mary's Land	45	45	45
8,780	Superior	66	62⅜	62⅝
228	Sup. & Boston	13¾	13¼	13½
30	Sup. & Pitts.	16⅜	16	16⅜
29	Tamarack	66	66	66
235	Trinity	11⅜	11	11
1,235	U. S. Oil	38⅛	37¾	38
1,050	U. S. Smelting	55½	54½	54½
50	U. S. Smelting pf.	52¾	52	52
100	Utah Apex	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
260	Utah Con.	44⅞	44	44⅜
5	Utah Copper	51½	51½	51½
10	Victoria	31½	31½	31½
5	Wolverine	150	150	150

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The reports of the State banks and trust companies in New York State outside of New York City, issued yesterday by the State Banking Department, showed these changes for the week:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$88,858,500	$159,800
Total deposits	93,552,600	371,300
Total reserve	18,497,200	*411,900
Average reserve, 20.4%; reserve required, 15%.		

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$133,575,700	*$251,600
Total deposits	140,858,900	612,500
Total reserve	18,539,900	643,600
Average reserve, 13.8%; reserve required, 10%.		

*Decrease.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
4th week Oct...	$50,973	$55,991	$4,113
Month October..	182,760	188,074	6,313
July 1-Oct. 31...	680,443	683,813	3,370

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

4th week Oct...	48,579	56,341	7,762
Month October..	146,880	172,325	25,745
July 1-Oct. 31...	552,886	599,016	46,130

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

1st week Nov...	45,022	37,272	*7,750
Jan. 1-Nov. 7...	1,744,523	1,614,434	*130,089

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

Month October..	5,472,849	5,211,394	*261,455
July 1-Oct. 31...	20,200,994	18,957,478	*1,243,516

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

4th week Oct...	8,674	19,361	10,687
Month October..	28,747	58,081	29,334
July 1-Oct. 31...	147,809	212,867	65,058

TWIN CITY LINES—

4th week Oct...	192,031	175,382	*16,648
Month October..	590,138	547,664	*42,474
Jan. 1-Oct. 31...	5,714,410	5,265,085	*449,325

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—

Month October..	985,251	1,029,736	44,485
July 1-Oct. 31...	3,472,246	3,016,535	*155,711

*Increase.

BALTIMORE & OHIO for September—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	4,193	3,992	201
Total op. rev.	7,767,838	6,315,210	1,452,625
Total op. exp.	4,804,252	3,949,615	854,636
Net op. rev.	2,963,583	2,365,594	597,989
Out. op. (debit).	42,108	37,681	4,427
Total net rev.	2,921,474	2,327,912	593,562
Taxes	182,583	163,778	18,805
Op. income	2,738,891	*2,164,134	574,756

July 1 to Sept. 30:

Total op. rev.	22,221,337	18,409,586	3,811,771
Total op. exp.	14,310,126	11,520,324	2,789,802
Net op. rev.	7,911,210	6,889,242	1,021,968
Out. op. (debit).	147,802	112,470	35,331
Total net rev.	7,763,407	6,776,771	986,636
Taxes	542,617	496,623	45,993
Op. income	7,220,790	6,280,147	940,643

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA for September—

	Mo. of Sept.		3 Mos. to Sept. 30,	
	1909.	1908.	1909.	1908.
Op. rev.	236,890	197,327	663,868	549,559
Op. exp.	180,339	153,343	517,007	429,590
Net op. rev.	56,551	44,484	146,861	119,969
Taxes	4,000	4,000	12,000	12,000
Op. inc.	52,551	40,484	134,861	107,960

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for the month of September—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	5,668,446	5,434,606	233,839
Total op. exp.	3,721,855	3,478,086	243,768
Net op. rev.	1,946,590	1,956,519	*9,928
Out. op. (debit).	11,685	12,052	*367
Total net rev.	1,934,905	1,944,467	*9,561
Taxes	194,931	188,838	6,093
Op. inc	1,739,973	1,755,628	*15,654

July 1 to Sept. 30:

Total op. rev.	16,405,340	14,884,738	1,520,601
Total op. exp.	10,820,928	10,032,250	788,677
Net op. rev.	5,584,412	4,852,488	731,924
Out. op. (debit).	53,743	22,629	31,113
Total net rev.	5,545,669	4,829,858	718,810
Taxes	584,527	522,383	62,444
Op. inc	4,963,842	4,307,475	656,366

*Decrease.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for September—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	2,131,789	1,977,293	2,059,321
Exp. and taxes.	1,462,916	1,246,211	1,380,129
Net	668,823	731,082	673,192
Other inc.	154,931	73,314	57,423
Total inc.	823,754	804,396	730,615
Charges	442,130	307,326	354,132
Surplus	381,574	407,071	376,483
Renewals	10,000	10,000	10,000
Net surplus.	371,574	487,071	366,483
3 mos. gross.	6,168,929	5,426,516	6,206,920
Expenses	4,121,956	3,506,973	4,036,064
3 mos. net.	2,046,973	1,919,543	2,170,855
Other inc.	294,472	190,583	147,738
Total inc.	2,341,445	2,110,126	2,318,593
Charges	1,263,655	912,608	1,041,395
3 mos. surplus.	1,077,790	1,197,518	1,277,198
Renewals	30,000	30,000	30,000
Net surplus.	1,047,790	1,167,518	1,247,198

FORT WAYNE & WABASH VALLEY TRACTION for September—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	132,736	122,442	123,732
Expenses	71,064	60,978	69,984
Net	61,672	61,469	55,748
Gross, 9 months.	1,038,350	978,700	937,622
Expenses	608,539	553,469	557,012
Net, 9 months.	429,811	425,231	380,610

FLORIDA WEST SHORE for September—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	70	70	.....
Total revenue.	7,815	6,640	1,174
Total expenses.	7,651	7,717	*65
Total income.	163	†1,076	1,240
Taxes and fixed charges	2,545	2,690	*144
Surplus	†2,381	†3,766	1,385
P. C. of op. exp. to rev.	97.91	116.21	*18.30

For three months, July to September, inc.:

Total rev.	20,878	18,299	2,578
Total exp.	23,781	22,023	1,757
Total inc.	†2,903	†3,724	820
Taxes and fixed charges	7,630	7,685	54
Surplus	†10,534	†11,409	875
P. C. of op. exp. to rev.	113.91	120.35	*6.44

*Decrease. †Deficit.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN'S report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for the month of September—

Mileage	1,511	1,507	3
Total op. rev.	4,269,028	3,571,541	697,486
Total op. exp.	2,510,032	2,268,377	241,655
Net op. rev.	1,758,995	1,303,163	455,831
Outside op. (deb.)	5,376	†3,254	8,630
Total net rev.	1,753,619	1,306,417	447,201
Taxes	125,600	110,000	14,999
Op. income	1,628,019	†1,196,417	432,202

July 1 to Sept. 30:

Total op. rev.	12,486,003	10,550,688	1,935,315
Total op. exp.	7,278,706	6,472,974	805,792
Net op. rev.	5,207,236	4,077,714	1,129,522
Outside op. (deb.)	18,806	†4,187	22,993
Total net rev.	5,188,430	4,081,901	1,106,529
Taxes	375,000	330,000	44,999
Op. income	4,813,430	3,751,900	1,061,529

†Credit.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	3,072.21	3,072.21	
Tot. op. rev.	2,473,410	2,371,747	104,072
Tot. op. ex.	1,553,214	1,529,399	23,815
Net. op. rev.	922,604	842,347	80,257
Outside op., net	5,276	2,647	*7,923
Tot. net rev.	917,328	844,995	72,333
Taxes	79,999	114,700	*34,700
Op. income	837,329	730,295	107,034

July 1 to Sept. 30:

Tot. op. rev.	6,569,042	6,440,784	128,258
Tot. op. exp.	4,303,123	4,465,821	*162,698
Net op. rev.	2,265,919	1,974,962	290,956
Outside op., net	8,198	407	*8,606
Tot. net rev.	2,257,720	1,975,370	282,350
Taxes	240,099	198,072	*53,958
Op. income	2,017,621	1,681,318	336,303

*Decrease.

PORTLAND ELECTRIC COMPANY for September—

Gross	28,364	23,605	4,759
Expenses	11,560	10,537	1,023
Net	16,804	13,068	3,735
12 mos. gross.	344,317	304,716	39,600
Expenses	131,610	124,799	6,811
12 mos. net.	212,707	179,917	32,789

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September:

Mileage	4,991.89	4,726.64	265.19
Tot. op. rev.	3,508,982	3,136,504	372,478
Tot. op. ex.	2,397,638	2,121,566	276,071
Tot. net rev.	1,111,344	1,014,937	96,406
Taxes	117,610	148,427	*30,817
Op. income	993,734	866,510	127,223

July 1 to Sept. 30:

Tot. op. rev.	10,083,364	8,824,983	1,258,380
Tot. op. ex.	6,859,488	6,055,526	803,961
Tot. net rev.	3,223,875	2,769,457	454,418
Taxes	324,510	331,522	*7,012
Op. income	2,899,365	2,437,934	461,431

*Decrease.

VIRGINIA & SOUTHWESTERN for the year ended June 30:

Gross	1,136,286	1,062,500	73,786
Ex. and taxes.	822,897	855,224	*32,327
Net	313,389	207,275	106,114
Other income.	82,913	122,099	*39,186
Total income.	396,302	329,374	66,928
Charges, &c...	282,341	191,916	90,425
Balance	113,961	137,458	*23,497
Adds. & bet'mts	15,544	69,893	*54,349
Surplus	198,417	67,565	30,852

*Decrease. †Equal to 4.92% on the $2,000,000 stock, as compared to 3.38% on same stock last year.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Justice	.10
Alpha Con.	.16	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	1.05	L. Wash. Con.	.15
Best & Belcher	.55	Mexican	1.20
Caledonia	.35	Occidental Con.	.28
Challenge Con.	.20	Ophir	1.32
Chollar	.20	Overman	.44
Con. Cal. & Va.	.88	Savage	.41
Con. Imperial	.03	Sag Belcher	.05
Crown Point	.08	Sierra Nevada	.42
Gould & Curry	.28	Union Con.	.56
Hale & Norcross	.32	Utah Con.	.09
Julia	.09	Yellow Jacket	.38

Silver bars, 50⅝; Mexican dollars, 46 to 47½; drafts, sight, 4 to 5 cents premium; telegraph, 6 to 7½ cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	.74	Diamond Field	.01
Jim Butler	.11	Goldfield Con.	7.15
McNamara	.28	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.17	Jumbo Extension	.14
Montana	.75	Kendall	.04
Northern Star	.01	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension	.50	Red Hills	.03
West End	.22	Sand Storm	.04
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.11	Bullfrog Natl. Bk.	.02
Bluebell	.02	Montgomery Mt.	.02
Comb. Fraction	.49	Tramps Con.	.04
Cracker Jack	.01		

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	96	98¾
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	97	98
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100¼	100⅜
Atl. Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100¼	100½
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100½	100⅝
Interborough 5s, May, 1911	102¼	103
Kan. City Ry. & L. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	99
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅝	99⅞
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100¼	100⅜
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅛	99½
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100¼	100⅜
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100¼	100⅜
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	100	100⅛
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101¼	102
West. El. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100	100⅛

Interest to be added.

Rooms and Board in desirable locations. See Page 17.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—The local market was very dull and uninteresting to-day. Even the active trading in Pennsylvania Railroad shares and warrants, which was a feature of previous days, dropped off very noticeably, and the total sales fell to the level of midsummer dullness. There was steady accumulation of Lehigh Valley shares, but there was enough unloading to make prices react at the end. The market became heavy in the last hour, and closing prices were in nearly all instances at the lowest of the day. Pennsylvania warrants dropped to 15½, a decline of half a point from yesterday, while the stock broke below 70 for a net loss of 7-16. United States Steel was active in the afternoon, about 11,000 shares of that issue being dealt in. Total sales were 28,416 shares. U. G. I. shares were noticeably heavy in the afternoon. From 90¾, last night's closing level, the price sank to 90, a block of 500 shares changing hands at the latter figure.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
22	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140	140	140
18	Am. Railways	45¾	45¼	45¾
200	Am. Milling	1½	1½	1½
19	Bell Telephone	120½	120½	120½
500	Cambria Steel	46½	46¼	46¼
20	C. F. I.	48⅞	48¾	48⅞
100	Fairmount Park T.	7	7	7
28	General Asphalt	22¼	22¼	22¼
21	Gen. Asphalt pf.	73½	73½	73½
394	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22½	22½	22½
125	Keystone Tel. Co.	13¼	13	13¼
135	Lake Superior	27⅝	27¼	27¼
20	Lehigh Nav. Tr.	114¼	114	114¼
2,386	Lehigh Valley	99¼	98⅜	98⅜
10	Little Schuylkill	58	58	58
1,808	Pennsylvania	70⅜	69⅞	69⅞
1,492	Penn. warrants	16¼	15¾	15¾
2	Penn. Steel	65	65	65
21	Phila. Company pf.	44¾	44½	44¾
553	Phila. Electric	13¼	13¼	13¼
485	Phila. R. T.	27⅝	27½	27⅝
3,635	Reading	81 11-16	80⅝	80⅝
153	Tonopah Belmont	11-16	11-16	11-16
75	Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜
430	Union Traction	53½	53⅜	53½
1,447	U. G. I.	90⅝	90	90⅛
12	United Co. of N. J.	250	250	250
10,873	U. S. Steel	91½	90⅝	90⅝
1	Westmoreland	95	95	95

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Atlantic Coast Line Railroad 4s certificates were pressed for sale and under liberal offerings lost 2 points, selling down to 103, a loss of 4 points thus far this week. Consolidation Coal showed renewed strength and moved up 4 points, to 112. Fidelity and Deposit gained a full point, to 156. Shares, 600; bonds, $129,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	95½	95½	95½
66,000	A. C. L. 4s ctfs.	103	103	103
2,000	A. C. L. of Conn 4s	95½	95½	95½
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93½	93½	93½
8,000	Cotton Duck 5s	76	75½	75½
1,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
8,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	42	41½	41½
3,000	Seaboard 3-yr. 5s	99	99	99
24,000	Seaboard 4s ctfs.	80	80	80
1,000	United Rys. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
4,000	United Rys. inc.	57⅝	57¾	57⅝
7,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	84¼	84	84
1,000	Va. Century 3s	92¼	92¼	92¼
2,000	West Va. Cen. 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼

STOCKS.

205	Con. Coal	112	110	112
150	Con. G., E.L. & P. pf.	82¼	82	82¼
15	Fidelity & Dep.	156	156	156
200	Houston Oil	8½	8½	8½
30	Houston Oil pf.	40½	40	40½

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

25—Robert N. Snyder, Jr., et al., executors, &c., et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. J. Rosenbaum.—Argument continued.

26—Old Nick Williams Company, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until to-morrow. Day call for Wednesday: Nos. 26, 27, (and 28,) 29, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, Noyes, JJ.—Motions. 73—Johns Pratt Co v. Sachs Co. 60—Matter of Oakland Lumber Co. 66—Matter of Ghazal. 75—Matter of Gregory. 13—U S v. Lowenthal. 29—U S v. Mayer. 30—Bossellman v. Richardson. 32—In re Greenberg. 33—Hazard v. U S. 36—Eldman v. Shepard. 38—In re Schulman. 43—U S v. Johnson. 44—Same v. Maurer.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Martin, J.—Customs appeals. 50—L Strauss & Sons v. U S. 60—Same v. same. 70—D S Heese & Bro v. same. 80—Herman Boker & Co v. same. 88—Burr & Co v. same. 99—Cohen v. same. 100—Schraeder & Ehlers v. same. 105—Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher v. same. 106—A L Causse v. same. 107—Habicht, Braun & Co v. same. 108—Same v. same. 114—U S v. Gabriel & Schall. 115—Hensel-Bruckmann & Lorbacher v. U S. 118—Fr U Delapenha & Co v. same. 119—Hamburger & Co v. same. 129—U S v. Siegel. 125—Euler & Robeson v. U S. 138—U S v. Kraemer & Foster. 140—Thomas Prosser & Son v. U S. 141—Merck & Co v. U S. 142—Holbrook Mfg Co v. same. 143—Swan & Finch v. same. 144—Oil Seed Co v. same. 145—Klipstein v. same. 146—Welch, Holme & Clarke Co v. same. 147—Arnold, Hoffman & Co v. same. 149—W G Hockridge & Co v. same. 157—J Lowenthal Co v same. 158—Sundheimer Bros v. same. 170—Hansen & Dieckmann v. same. 180—Weber v. same. 228—High v. same. 280—Shing Kwong v. same. 281—Jos Ullman's Sons v. same. 174—Soy Kee & Co v. same. 175—E B Eshs & Co v. same. 111—Heide v. same. 134—U S v. Schmidt. 140—Hollander & Co v. U S. 66-86—U S. v. Am Sugar Ref Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Preferred Calendar. 88—Pratt v. North German Lloyd. 176—Warren v. Malones. 188—Underwood v. N Y, N H & H R R. 3—Int Banking Co v. Payne. 1—Russell v. Erie. 61—Pritchard v. Gamboilli.

STATE.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Supreme Court—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Houghton, and Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 23—Press Pub Co v. Ehrich. 4—People v. Waltman. 50—Wolfe v. Washington Life Ins Co. 51—Reusem v. Arkenburgh. 52—Harrison v. Scott. 53—Fairbanks v. Nichols. 54—Sieff v. Forbes. 55—Swenson v. Norcross Bros Co. 56—In re Leavitt. 57—Uvalde Asphalt Paving Co v. Nat Trading Co. 58—Weil v. Corn Exch Bank. 59—Nordstrom v. Sun Co. 60—Church v. Tribune Assn. 61—Vining v. Hayes. 62—Klein v. Ledvalt.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McCall, J.—Litigated motions. 1, 2—Bunnell v. Loebinger. 3—Schappert v. Lynch. 4—Elterman v. Hyman. 5—In re Hunger. 6—City of N Y v. Carter. 7—Welch Motor Car Co v. Brady & Son Co. 8—Klugherz v. Adler. 9—Duhain v. Stock Quotation Tel Co. 10—Clarke v. Greene. 11—Kapp v. Kapp. 12—Whan v. Buchanan. 13—Barlow v. Halley. 14—Schnaier & Co. v. Onward Const Co. 15—Brodie v. Brodie. 16—Zatz v. Zatz. 17—In re Battistella. 18—Decker v. Fine. 19—West 44th St Presbyterian Church v. Metz. 20—In re Shidlovsky. 21—Lange v. Berkman. 22—McMahon v. N Y Edison Co. 23—Miller v. Miller. 24—

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MONEY OUTLOOK UNSETTLED

Securities Movements Dominated by Uncertainty—Railroads and Wage Increases—Cotton Up Again.

Yesterday marked the fifth consecutive day of declines on the Stock Exchange. The narrowness of the movement, however, is found in the fact that over this period of reaction the average price of a score of active railroad stocks has fallen less than 1⅝ points while trading has diminished proportionately, yesterday's transactions of something over 500,000 shares making up the smallest full day's business in many weeks. A rise in call money rates to 5½ per cent. was the direct occasion for the market's reactionary course. Time was when with underlying conditions in the business world so favorable as they are at present such a rate for Stock Exchange accommodation offered no hindrance to an excited rise in prices, forming, in fact, a seeming inducement to exaggerated trading and all the familiar circumstances of a speculative boom in securities. There is hardly cause for regret that the opposite is true in the present instance. The money market is extremely sensitive at the moment to all demands beyond the seasonable ones from trade and the farms, and a quotation very much higher than yesterday's 5½ per cent. would be speedily forced by any demonstration in stocks. United States Steel and Pennsylvania were conspicuous examples of heaviness in the day's dealings, while exceptions to the general rule in this respect were the Rock Island shares and American Telephone and Telegraph. Wells Fargo Express indulged in one of its now familiar uprushes, but a stock of this character has no general influence upon market movements. Among matters which engaged more or less serious attention in the financial district in the course of the day were the Western dispatches announcing a plan on the part of the trainmen of all Eastern railroads to insist upon a substantial advance in wages and the complete recovery in the cotton market of Monday's losses. Insistence upon largely increased pay by railroad employes just at this time would prove embarrassing to a great many properties which are only now coming into possession, through expanding earnings, of the moneys which should have gone into betterments and improvements of one kind and another during the two lean years just over. The further rise in cotton marked the resumption of activity by a well-known group of speculators in that commodity whose operations are anything but a helpful factor in the cotton trade at large. How true this is is evidenced by the fact that German cotton consumers found it necessary yesterday to unite in a programme to curtail output in order to meet the higher prices now ruling.

A delayed demand for money from Western centres has led to considerable reduction in the cash of a number of the local banks, and, coupled with the steady loss on transactions with the Government, has influenced the higher rates for money now in effect. By means of quiet stock markets and careful liquidation the reserve position may be maintained at the week's end, but the margin is obviously narrow at best. On foreign money markets the only news forthcoming was in the shape of private cables to international houses here reporting unconfirmed rumors afloat in London and Paris that the Bank of France had released $8,000,000 gold for shipment to London.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
Dolores Mining Co.
National Copper Bank.
Silversmiths' Co.
Thompson-Starrett Co. preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.
Amparo Mining Co
Atlantic Coast Line Co. preferred.
Casein Co. of America preferred.
Colorado Gold Dredging Co.
Electrical Properties Co. preferred.
Gorham Manufacturing Co.
Mines Co. of America.
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway preferred.
Reading Co. second preferred.
United States Envelope Co. preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Co-operative Garage Co.
Electrical Securities Co.
Manhattan Railway.
Pullman Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.
Amusement Device Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 4½@5½ per cent., with the last loan at 5 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 4½ per cent.

Time money rates, 5 per cent. for sixty days and ninety days and 4¾ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 4⅝ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅝ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $471,595,780; balances, $17,998,611; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,138,080.

The local banks have lost on their Sub-Treasury operations $1,713,000 since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8735@$4.8740, sixty days at $4.8235, and cables at $4.88 10@$4.8815.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.10⅞ less 1-16@5.16⅞ less 1-64 for cables, and 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ less 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-64@95 5-16 less 1-64 for cables, and 95 3-16 less 1-32@95 3-16 for sight, and 94 5-16@94 9-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 45c discount; St. Louis, 25c discount; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 10c premium; Savannah, buying, $1.50 discount; selling, par; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 23⅝d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 50¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 43@44c.

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee was quiet but steady yesterday, and after opening unchanged to 5 points advance closed at a net advance of 5 to 10 points.

Total sales amounted to 21,250 bags. Havre after declining ¼f regained the loss, and Hamburg closed net unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower. Rio showed a gain of 125 reis, while Santos was 75 reis higher for 4s and 50 reis higher for 7s. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were still above a working basis and the New York market is below a parity with Brazil.

Spot coffee steady; Rio, No. 7, 8¼c nominal. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
November	6.40	6.40	6.40@6.45	6.35
December	..	..	6.40@6.45	6.35
January	6.45	6.45	6.45@6.50	6.40
February	..	..	6.50@6.55	6.45
March	6.65	6.60	6.60@6.65	6.55
April	..	..	6.65@6.70	6.60
May	6.75	6.75	6.75@6.80	6.70
June	..	..	6.75@6.80	6.70
July	6.85	6.80	6.80@6.85	6.75
August	..	..	6.80@6.85	6.75
September	6.85	6.80	6.85@6.90	6.75
October	6.85	6.85	6.85@6.90	6.75

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Nov. 9, 1909 563,719
From Jan. 1, 1909 183,183,333
Corresponding period last year 157,704,204

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
53⅛	53⅞	500	Allis-Chalmers pf	54	54	53⅝	53⅝	—1
87¾	87⅞	49,100	*Amalgamated Cop	89½	89½	87½	87⅞	—1¼
48	48½	600	Am. Agricul. Chem	48½	49	48¾	48⅝	+ ⅝
46⅜	47	2,300	Am. Beet Sugar	47¾	48	47	47	— ¾
13⅞	13⅝	21,400	Am. Can	13	13⅜	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
83½	84	3,400	Am. Can pf	84	84½	83½	84	+ ½
74¼	74½	2,400	Am. Car & Foundry	75¼	75¼	74¼	74¼	— ⅝
77¾	78	5,160	Am. Cotton Oil	78½	78½	78	78	+ ¼
240	248	100	Am. Express	247	247	247	247	+1
9	9¼	1,230	Am. Hide & Leather	9	9¼	9	9	...
47¼	48	4,000	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	48½	49⅜	47½	47½	— ½
24½	25	750	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	24½	24⅞	— ⅛
15⅜	15¾	100	*Am. Linseed	15¾	15¾	15¼	15⅝	+ ¼
42	43	500	*Am. Linseed pf	42½	43⅜	42¼	43⅜	+1⅛
61½	62	800	Am. Locomotive	62¼	62¼	61⅜	61⅜	— ⅝
115	116	150	Am. Locomotive pf	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	— ⅛
48	50	100	Am. Malt pf	49	49	49	49	— ½
97⅜	98⅛	8,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	98¾	99½	97⅜	97⅜	— ⅜
111½	111¾	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	111½	112	111¼	112	+ ¼
65¼	65½	525	Am. Steel Foundries	65¼	65¾	65¼	65½	+ ¼
140¼	140½	7,250	Am. Tel. & Tel	140¼	141¾	140	140½	+ ¼
99⅞	100½	800	Am. Tobacco pf	100¼	100¼	100	100¼	+ ⅛
35	36	200	Am. Woolen	34½	35	34½	35	+ ⅝
103⅛	103½	100	Am. Woolen pf	103	103	103	103	— ⅞
48⅞	48⅝	4,600	*Anaconda Cop. Min	49	49⅝	48¾	48¼	— ⅝
119⅜	119½	7,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	119½	120	118⅞	119¼	...
104½	105	475	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	105	105	104⅝	104⅝	...
136½	137½	300	Atlantic Coast Line	137	137	137	137	—1
115⅜	115½	900	Baltimore & Ohio	115⅞	116	115½	115½	— ⅜
34½	35¼	100	Bethlehem Steel	35	35	35	35	...
75¼	75½	4,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	75¾	75⅞	75½	75½	— ¾
141	143	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	142	142	142	142	...
183⅜	184¼	1,100	Canadian Pacific	183⅜	184⅝	183⅜	184⅝	+1
...	...	900	Can. Pacific rights	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅛
46⅜	47	5,100	Central Leather Co	47¼	47⅝	46⅝	46⅞	— ⅜
108¼	109	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	108½	108½	108½	108½	— ½
290	300	300	Central R. R. of N. J	290	295	290	295	—4
88	88¼	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	88⅞	88⅞	88	88¼	— ⅝
66¼	66¾	500	Chicago & Alton	67	67	66¼	66¾	— ⅞
155½	156⅛	6,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	157½	157⅝	155⅞	155⅞	—1¼
173¾	174½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	174	174	174	174	...
78	79	700	Chi., C., C. & St. L	77½	78	77¼	78	—1½
48	48¼	5,630	Colorado Fuel & Iron	49½	49¾	48¾	48¼	—1¼
100	112	100	Col. Fuel & Iron pf	112½	112½	112¼	112½	+ ½
80	81	200	Col. & South. 1st pf	80	80	80	80	— ¼
78⅞	79¼	300	Col. & Hock. C. & I	79¼	79¼	78⅞	78⅞	— ⅞
143⅝	144¼	1,500	Consolidated Gas	145½	145½	143⅞	143⅞	—1⅝
21½	22	800	Corn Products Ref	22	22	21½	21½	— ½
85	86	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	85	85	85	85	—1⅜
184	185	100	Delaware & Hudson	184⅞	184⅞	184⅞	184⅞	— ⅛
562	570	300	Del., Lack. & West	570	570	570	570	+1½
47½	47¾	300	Denver & Rio Grande	48	48	48	48	— ¼
83½	84	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	...
36¾	38	100	*Distillers' Securities	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	— ¾
14	15	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ¼
32¼	32⅝	2,400	Erie	32⅞	33	32½	32½	— ⅛
46	46¼	400	Erie 1st pf	46⅝	46⅝	46½	46½	— ⅛
38½	39	200	Erie 2d pf	39	39	39	39	— ¼
...	...	400	General Electric	162½	162½	162	162	—1½
144	144¼	2,300	Great Northern pf	144⅝	145	144	144	— ⅝
81	81½	3,000	*G. N. certs. ore prop	81	81⅝	81	81	...
20¼	20¼	21,720	Interborough-Met.	20¼	20½	19⅞	20¼	+ ⅛
50⅞	50¾	4,250	Interborough-Met. pf	50⅛	50⅝	50⅛	50¼	+ ⅛
107	109	600	Int. Harvester	109⅞	109⅞	109	109	—1
125	125¼	300	Int. Harvester pf	125½	125½	125¼	125¼	—1½
14½	14¾	600	Int. Paper	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ⅛
58½	60	600	Int. Paper pf	59¼	59½	58⅝	58⅝	—1
52⅜	52⅝	2,900	Int. Steam Pump	51⅝	52¾	51¾	52¼	+1
90	90¼	500	Int. Steam Pump pf	89⅜	90¼	89⅜	90¼	...
29	29½	150	Iowa Central	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	+ ⅛
51	52	100	Iowa Central pf	51	51	51	51	— ⅝
43⅛	43¾	1,000	Kansas City South	43⅛	43½	43⅛	43⅜	— ⅛
70	71	400	Kan. City South. pf	70¼	70¼	70	70	— ⅝
109	109¼	7,400	Laclede Gas	109⅞	109⅞	100	109	— ¾
151¼	151½	800	Louisville & Nash	151¾	151⅝	151½	151½	—1
92¼	92¾	800	Mackay Cos	92½	92⅝	92½	92½	—1⅞
75	76	200	Mackay Cos. pf	75	75	75	75	—1
141	143	200	Manhattan Elevated	142½	142½	142	142	— ⅝
7¼	7½	1,000	Mercantile Marine	7⅜	7⅜	7½	7½	— ⅜
24½	24⅝	2,600	Mercantile Marine pf	25	25	23⅞	24½	— ½
46⅜	47	2,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	47	47¼	46⅜	46⅜	— ½
73⅜	74½	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	74	74	74	74	— ½
69½	69¾	2,800	Missouri Pacific	69¾	70½	69⅝	69½	— ¼
87½	88	700	Nat. Lead Co	89	89	88	88	— ⅝
22⅜	22½	600	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	22⅜	22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ⅝
95½	96	2,900	N. Y. Air Brake	95	97¼	95	95⅝	+1
133½	134	6,700	N. Central	133⅞	134	132	132	—1⅝
64	64½	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	64½	64	64	64	— ½
154½	154¾	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	154½	154½	154½	154⅜	—1¼
5½	5¾	13,346	N. Y., N. H. & H.rgts	5½	5½	5½	5¾	— ⅛
46½	46¾	380	N. Y., Ont. & West	46½	46⅝	46½	46⅝	— ⅛
95¾	95¾	400	Norfolk & Western	95¾	95¾	95½	95¾	— ¼
79¼	79½	100	North American	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	...
146¾	147½	1,200	Northern Pacific	148¼	148¼	146⅞	146⅞	—1⅝
42½	42⅝	2,900	Pacific Mail	44⅜	44⅝	42⅜	42⅝	—2½
45	46⅜	1,800	Pacific Tel. & Tel	48⅝	48⅞	46⅝	46⅝	—2⅜
97	100	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel. pf	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	+1
139¼	139⅝	23,100	Pennsylvania R. R	140⅝	140½	139¼	139⅜	—1¼
...	...	23,231	Pennsylvania rights	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	—1
113	113½	1,200	People's Gas, Chi	113½	113½	113	113	— ⅝
95	96¾	200	P., C., C. & St. Louis	95	95	95	95	—1½
27¼	27½	20,302	Pittsburg Coal	29½	29⅝	27	27¼	—1⅝
69	71	1,310	Pittsburg Coal pf	72½	72½	69½	69½	—2⅝
51	51¼	1,900	Pressed Steel Car	51½	52	51¼	51¼	—2¾
105	106½	465	Pressed Steel Car pf	106	106½	104¾	104¾	—2¾
49⅞	50	600	*R'way Steel Spring	50	50	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅛
107¼	107½	100	*R'way Steel Sp. pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	— ½
161¼	161⅜	49,500	Reading	162½	163⅜	161½	161⅜	— ⅛
90	92½	100	Reading 1st pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
47	47¼	1,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	47½	47⅝	47	47	— ⅛
105	105⅝	600	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	105⅜	106¼	105⅜	106	+ ⅛
39⅜	39½	5,900	Rock Island Co	39⅜	39⅝	39½	39½	+ ⅛
80	80½	2,500	Rock Island Co. pf	79⅝	80¼	79½	80¼	+ ⅝
36	40	100	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	+1¼
56¼	56½	850	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	56½	56⅞	56½	56½	...
29⅜	30¼	300	St. Louis Southwest'n	30	30	30	30	— ⅛
67⅜	68	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	68	68	67½	67½	—1¼
128⅜	128⅞	11,200	Southern Pacific	129¾	129⅞	128⅝	128⅝	— ¾
30½	30⅝	1,500	Southern R'way ext	31	31	30½	30½	— ⅛
69½	69½	200	South. R'way pf., ext	69¾	69¾	69½	69½	— ⅛
35¼	35½	400	Tennessee Copper	36¼	36½	35½	35½	— ¼
35	35⅛	1,200	Texas & Pacific	35¼	35¼	35	35	— ⅝
19	19¼	500	Third Avenue	19¼	19½	19	19	— ½
53½	54	600	Tol., St. L. & West	53⅝	54	53	53	— ¾
69½	70½	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	70¼	70¼	70	70	— ¾
109	110	300	Twin City R. Transit	109	109½	109	109½	+ ½
13¼	13⅞	1,300	Union Bag & Paper	13½	14	13½	14	+ ⅜
200	200⅛	48,800	Union Pacific	202¼	202⅝	200	200	—1⅞
102	102½	1,500	Union Pacific pf	102½	102⅝	102	102	— ¾
110⅝	111¼	1,050	United Dry Goods pf	111	111½	110¾	110¾	— ⅛
41	41½	100	United R'ways Inv	42	42	42	42	—2
82	82½	900	U. S. Realty & Imp	82	82	82	82	...
49	50	300	U. S. Rubber	49¼	49¼	49½	49½	— ⅜
118⅛	118⅞	700	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	118½	118½	118¼	118½	— ⅜
84½	84⅝	200	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅞
89⅝	89½	99,500	U. S. Steel	90⅜	91⅛	89⅝	89⅝	—1⅝
126¾	126½	900	U. S. Steel pf	126⅞	127	126½	126½	— ½
50½	51	1,000	Utah Copper	50¼	51⅜	50¼	51	—1
49	49¼	1,030	Va.-Caro. Chemical	49⅜	49⅝	49	49	— ⅜
121	122	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	121½	121½	121½	121½	+ ½
25½	27½	200	Vulcan Detinning	25½	26	25½	26	...
83	88	15	Vulcan Detinning pf	85	86½	85	86½	...
19¼	19½	700	Wabash	19½	19⅝	19¼	19½	— ⅛
51⅜	51¾	1,300	Wabash pf	51¼	51¾	51¼	51¾	...
504	520	1,140	Wells-Fargo Express	485	514½	485	514½	+39½
33¼	34	100	Western Md., 3d paid	34	34	34	34	— ¼
76⅜	77¼	100	Western Union Tel	77½	77½	77½	77½	+ ¼
85½	85⅝	3,000	Westinghouse E. & M	86½	86½	85½	85½	—1
8½	9	30	Wheel. & Lake Erie	9	9	9	9	...
50	51	200	Wisconsin Central	50	50	50	50	...

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100	100½
2s, c., 1930	100	101
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102¼
4s, r., 1925	115¾	116½
4s, c., 1925	116⅝	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	99⅜	100½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	99⅜	100½
D. C. 3-65s	108	..
Adams Exp.	240	..
Alb. & Sus.	224½	..
Allis-Chalm.	15¼	15½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	102
Am. B. S. pf.	95	96
A. C. & F. pf.	119½	120
Am. Coal	100	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	105	107
Am. D. P.	20	30
Am. Malt	8	8½
Am. Sm. pf. B.	90⅜	91¼
Am. Snuff	250	300
Am. Sn. pf.	100	104
Am. S. R.	132	134
A. S. R. pf.	125	128
A. T. & C.	75	85
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	50
Asso. M. 1st pf.	107½	..
B. & O. pf.	90	93
Batopilas M.	3⅜	4½
Beth. S. pf.	67	68
Bruns. City.	16½	18
B., R. & P.	95	102
B., R. & P. pf.	128	132
B. & S. pf.	..	60
But'k Co	32	34
Canada So.	68	71
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	120
C. & A. pf.	74	80
C., B. & Q.	248	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	124
Chi. Gt. W. 3d paid	19½	19⅝
Chi. Gt. W. pf. A ctfs.	34½	35
Chi. Gt. W. pf. B, 3d paid	..	25¾
Chi. Gt. W. deb. ctfs.	61¼	63
C., I. & L. pf.	40	80
C. & N. W.	186	188
C. & N. W. pf.	210	225
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	155	165
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	165	175
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta	..	4¼
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110
Cleve. & P.	174⅝	..
Col. South.	57½	58½
Col. So. 2d pf.	79	80
Consol. Coal.	105	..
Crex Carpet.	60	65
D. M. & Ft. D.	9	15
D. & M. pf.	..	95
Det. U. R.	64¼	67½
D., S. S. & A. pf.	28½	29
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	87	88¼
Ev. & T. H.	56	65
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. & C.	..	174½
Fed. S. pf.	90	97
Gen. C. Co.	91	93
Gen. C. Co. pf.	104½	107
Granby Con.	98	100
G. B. & W.	80	..
Hackensack Water	120	..
Hav. E. R.	78½	82
Hock. V. R.	108	119½
Hock. V. pf.	90½	92
Homestake	..	85
Ill. Central.	146	148
Ill. C. I. L.	98¼	..
Inger.-Rand.	75	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	96	..
Int. Power	..	80
Jol. & Chi.	167¼	..
K. & M. r.	45	53
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	80¾	81
K. & D. M.	6	9
K. & D. M. pf.	38	42
Kn. I., Chi.	18	50
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	60	80
Lacl. G. pf.	92	98
L. E. & W.	22	25
L. E. & W. pf.	56	59
Lake Shore.	300	400
Long Island.	65	69
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach	3	6
Md. C. pf.	50	70
Met. St. R.	22	24⅝
Mich. Cent.	125	180
M. S. T. pf.	..	90
M. & St. L.	52	53
M. & St. L. pf.	83	89
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	136	137
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	151	154
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89	90
Mor. & Es.	183½	190
N., C. & St. L.	133	136
Nat. Bis.	114	114½
Nat. B. pf.	124	127
Nat. Enam.	20½	20¾
Nat. En. pf.	94	97
Nat. L. pf.	111½	112½
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	55½	56½
N. Cent. C.	40	60
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	105	115
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	90	95
N. Y. D. Co.	36	45
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	78	81
N. Y., L. & West.	126	130
N. & W. pf.	89¾	90
Nor. Cent.	200	..
N. O. T. & L.	30	..
Ont. Mining.	2¼	3
Pac. Coast.	105	110
Pac. C. 1st pf.	102	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	105	110
Peo. & E.	25	28
Phelps-D'ge.	200	..
P., C., C. & St. L. of.	110	119
P., Ft. W. & C.	174½	..
Pull. Co.	191½	194
Quicksilver	4½	4¾
Q'ksil'r pf.	6	7
R. R. Sec. Ill. C. stk. ctfs.	90	..
Rdg. 2d pf.	98	99
Rens. & S.	200	..
R. W. & O.	12⅜	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	25	35
St. J. & G. Island	18	19
St. J. & S. 1st pf.	57	59

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Marking Time.

The desultory trading in both stocks and bonds which marked the opening of the week continued yesterday, and little of interest developed. Of considerable influence in discouraging commitments either way among the traders was the problem of money rates. There was apprehension, which proved to be well founded, that a higher price would be paid for accommodation in view of the continuance of losses of cash by the banks. The early signs were rather favorable. The London carrying rate for Americans at yesterday's settlement was at 5 per cent. as against 6½ per cent. at the time of the settlement a fortnight ago and it was reported that the Bank of France was shipping gold to England. The call money rate, however, advanced to 5½ per cent., the highest since last January, with the exception of two days in October—the 5th and 6th—when it went to 6and 5½, respectively.

***

Wells-Fargo Rumors Again.

Another advance of Wells-Fargo to a new high record yesterday was the more conspicuous because of the listlessness in the general market, though it is seldom that an issue, as did these shares, advances 39½ points in a session. The rise from 485 to 514½ yesterday revived stories which have been current for more than a month that either an increase in the dividend or some sort of distribution to shareholders of the large surplus held is imminent. No official intimation of any such intention of the Directors is obtainable, though it has been hinted by those in touch with the company's affairs that an increase in the dividend is not unlikely. Meanwhile, shareholders of the company are telling of offers to buy made by mail or in person by agents in much the same manner as when the Harriman control was being contested three years ago. The idea which these stories have fostered that an attempt is being made to buy a dominating interest in the company is discredited in quarters which should be in a position to know if the present control is in danger. It is said that outside of the large blocks held by the Southern Pacific and the Harriman estate the shares are very widely scattered.

***

Another Turn in Cotton.

If Monday's big slump in cotton, coming at the end of three days of steady declines, wiped out the weak bull accounts, which, supposedly, accounted for much of the market's top-heavy position, the reversal of form yesterday must have had a dampening effect on those who saw a chance to recoup by reversing. That many of the small speculators who have recently been attracted to cotton had gone short on the declines was evidenced by the rush to cover yesterday, when prices started upward. The recovery began at the opening with prices about 14 points above Monday's closing. After a short period of uncertainty heavy short covering had much to do with a rapid advance around noon, which put prices up about 35 points from Monday's close and about 50 points, or $2.50 a bale, from the low point of the slump.

***

Pennsylvania Convertibles.

The interest aroused in the Pennsylvania Railroad's convertible 3½ per cent. bonds, in view of the possibility of profit through the exercise of the privilege and the use of the subscription rights pertaining to the stock thus obtained, brought out a statement from the road yesterday, explaining that the "clause requiring thirty days' notice for conversion of its 1902 convertible bonds was rescinded about a year ago." The rights to subscribe to the new stock issue, which would accrue through conversion of the 3½s, expire on Nov. 15, and there has been some confusion among the bondholders to know whether they have been barred by the clause in the bonds requiring ninety days' notice for the convertibles of 1912 and thirty days' notice for those of 1915.

***

Missouri Pacific Financing.

Further progress has been made in the working out of the Missouri Pacific financial programme. Bankers interested in the proposed new bond issue of this road say that an announcement of the plan may be made within the next few weeks. It is thought that the course of the money market and the general condition of the bond market are the factors which will determine the actual date of putting out the bonds, the understanding being that in other respects the plan is about ready for presentation to the public. Suggestions heard of late that the Missouri Pacific financing would not be formally closed until several new Directors have been elected for the Missouri Pacific are said to be unfounded.

***

Advance in Call Money.

Call money rose to 5½ per cent. yesterday, after the bulk of the day's borrowing on call had been arranged at 4½ per cent., the minimum rate of the day. The last loan was at 5 per cent. The advance was said to reflect the influence of the further outflow of gold to South America and demands by interior institutions. The stock market was so much duller yesterday than it has been of late that it was not regarded as having played any part in the day's higher call money rate. Indeed the only activity shown in the course of the day was in the last hour, and then the trading was of a character more likely to decrease than to increase loans. Contrary to recent experience, although in keeping with the normal course of money market affairs, foreign exchange rates grew easier yesterday, coincidently with the firmer tone displayed in the money market. Demand sterling closed at 4.8735, down about 15 points for the day.

***

Chicago Terminal Contest.

The fight of the minority stockholders of the Chicago Terminal Transfer against the plans of the Baltimore & Ohio for the reorganization of that property promise to be still further prolonged by reason of the arrangement between the Baltimore & Ohio and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, by which, it is understood, the latter's holdings of Chicago Terminal stock have passed to the control of the Baltimore & Ohio. Opposition to the Baltimore & Ohio's plans first developed from a committee representing minority holders of the terminal company's stock, both common and preferred. The Baltimore & Ohio bought out the preferred stock represented by the committee, but refused to buy the common stock. The committee was recast to represent the common stockholders, and this committee is now continuing the fight against the Baltimore & Ohio, which has been seeking to foreclose on the property of the terminal company, whose bonds are held by the Baltimore & Ohio. The latter's interest in the terminal property lies in the fact that it uses the terminal company's facilities in Chicago.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Nov. 9.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	8¼	8⅝	Jackpot ...	6½	7½
Elkton	70¾	71½	McKinney...	46½	49
El Paso	60¼	60½	Portland ...	82¾	83½
Gold Dollar.	13	14½	Vindicator..	69¾	71
Isabella ...	17¾	18¼	J. Sample...	7¾	8

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Close Steady in London in Spite of Dear Money.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Money was in increased demand, but scarce, on the market to-day, and discounts were easy

On the Stock Exchange the general settlement has commenced with stiff carryover rates, those for Americans being at 6 per cent. There was some anxiety regarding the settlement and the dear money caused a heavy tone in the forenoon, but a better tendency developed later. Consols gained ¼, and Grand Trunk, Mexican rails, and Kaffirs improved on repurchases. Copper shares were the feature on reports that a combination was imminent which would regulate prices of the metal.

American securities, after a quiet opening, advanced on light covering in a few stocks. At noon the market was steady, with prices from ⅛ to ½ higher than yesterday's New York closing. This section kept firm in the afternoon in spite of the dear money and New York support caused a further advance, and after a slight setback the market closed quietly steady.

Bar silver steady at 23⅝d per ounce.

Money, 4½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market, for short bills, 4⅝@4⅞ per cent.; for three months' bills, 4 9-16@4⅝ per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 40c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 25c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Lon. don.	N. Y. Equiv.	N.Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money..	82½	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account.	82¾	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	10	48⅝	48⅞	— ⅛
Atchison	125⅜	122½	119½	ex ..
Can. Pacific	188⅝	183⅝	183⅝	+ ¼
St. Paul	161	156⅞	157⅛	— ¼
Erie	33⅜	32⅞	33	— ⅛
Erie, 1st pf.	48	46⅝	..	.. ⅝
Ill. Central	151½	148¼	148¾	.. ⅝
Louis. & Nash..	156	152½	..	.. ¼
N. Y. Central ...	137	133⅝	133⅝	— ¼
Pennsylvania	73½	143⅛	140⅝	ex— ½
Reading	83¼	162¼	162½	+ ⅛
So. Pacific	133	129⅞	129¾	+ ⅛
Un. Pacific	207¼	201⅜	201⅞	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	93¼	90⅜	90⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf....	131½	125½	127 ex	— ⅝

American Mining Shares in London.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Camp Bird.....	1	8	9	Esperanza	2	10	6
Tomboy	0	19	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	6	0	Stratton's Ind...	0	3	3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regading these can be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,091.—GRASS FIBRE—The Secretary of a commercial organization in Great Britain has requested an American Consul to procure the names of manufacturers of ox grass or grass fibre, to be used in brush making or broom making.

4,092.—COTTON, RESIN, AND RAW RUBBER—An American Consul in Russia has forwarded the name of a firm in his district desiring to arrange connections with American exporters of cotton, resin, and raw rubber. The same firm desires to secure representation for the sale of linen in all the principal cities of the United States except New York.

4,093.—SUPPLIES FOR THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT—Vice Consul General Frederic W. Cauldwell of Cairo has forwarded specifications for the supply of general stores for the ports and lighthouse administration of Alexandria, Egypt.

4,094.—SHOES AND LEATHER FOR ITALY—A New York business man writes that an Italian business house established for over twenty years in the shoe and leather trade would like to get the agency for Italy of a first-class American concern manufacturing shoes and leather. He states that there is an excellent field for this class of goods, especially if the shoes are supplied at a reasonable price, and feels confident that he will be able to dispose of $200,000 worth of goods, with the probability of a steady annual increase. Further particulars, as well as American and European references, can be obtained from the New York firm forwarding the inquiry.

4,095.—IRRIGATING MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES—An American Consul in Latin America reports that a company subsidized by the local government to the amount of $600,000 will, within the next sixty days, call for bids on the machinery and supplies to be used in the irrigation of a large tract of land in his district. In order to accomplish the desired results an expenditure of not less than $5,000,000 will be necessary, and as much of the vast amount of the material required for this project can be purchased in the United States, it means an exceptional opportunity for American manufacturers in these lines.

4,096.—SMALL ICE-MAKING MACHINES—The largest dealer in hardware, kitchenware, and kindred lines, and who carries certain classes of American goods, in a city of Eastern Europe, advises an American Consul that he would like to receive catalogues and price lists of small ice-making machines, suitable for household use, provided the same can be secured at a reasonable price.

4,097.—ENGINEERING SUPPLIES—An American who has spent some time in South America writes that he is about to return to that region, and would like to get in touch with manufacturers of engineering supplies desiring to secure a market for their goods in that territory.

4,098.—TEXTILES, HARDWARE, AND STRUCTURAL SUPPLIES—A communication has been received from a business man stating that he would like to hear from firms looking for a traveling representative in foreign countries. He states that he has a knowledge of French, German, and Flemish, and is acquainted with the trade in textiles, hardware, tools, and structural supplies.

4,099.—AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY—An American Consul reports that a business man in his district connected with the largest dealers in agricultural implements in a European country, and who travels throughout the entire country, desires catalogues and price lists, published in German if possible, of all kinds of harvesting machinery, such as mowers, reapers, binders, rakes, spring tooth harrows, &c.

4,100.—PACHAK OR PUTCHUK—A firm of importers in the Far East desires to know whether or not the root known as pachak, or putchuk (botanical name is sanssweialappa) can be obtained in the United States. An American Consul reading the inquiry states that the imports of this article in the city in which he is located for the past year amounted to about 2,000,000 pounds, and the price has advanced in the past two years from $9 to $30.25 per 133⅓ pounds.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 9.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Consol. Ice pf.....	42½	42½	42½
390..	Crucible Steel	14¾	14	14
230..	Crucible Steel pf....	84	83¾	83¾
250..	Fireproofing	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜
20..	Fireproofing pf.	28½	28½	28½
10..	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	95	95	95
200..	Manuf. Ice & H.....	20	20	20
60..	Ohio Fuel	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
170..	Pittsburg Brewing ..	23½	23¼	23½
10..	Pittsburg Brew. pf...	41½	41½	41½
565..	Pittsburg Coal.....	29½	27⅞	27⅞
31..	Pittsburg Coal pf....	72¼	71¾	72
200..	Pittsburg Cons.	.06	.06	.06
75..	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	116	116	116
35..	River Coal pf.....	22	22	22
100..	Ross Mining	22	22	22
20..	Sewer Pipe	16½	16½	16½
10..	Shoshone	1.05	1.05	1.05
10..	Union Switch	110	110	110
35..	U. S. Steel	90	90	90
25..	U. S. Steel pf.....	126⅝	126⅜	126⅝
133..	West'house Airbrake.	142⅝	142	142⅝
50..	West. Elec. 1sts	70	70	70
201..	West. Elec. 2ds	43¼	43	43
10..	U. S. Glass	45⅜	45⅜	45⅜
50..	Westinghouse Mac....	49	49	49

BANKS.

5..	Colonial Trust	200	200	200

BONDS.

$8,000..	Mfrs. L. & H. 6s....	101	101	101
1,000..	Pittsburg Brew. 6s...	99½	99½	99½

UNLISTED.

50..	Chemung Copper	15½	15½	15½
10..	Kansas Gas	40½	40½	40½
800..	Mount Elliott	.37	.37	.37
1,450..	Pure Oil	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
100..	San Toy	.42	.42	.42
400..	Silver Peak	.68	.68	.68

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Harold A. Sands has applied for membership in the Cotton Exchange.

The firm of Korn, Lehman & Co. has been organized to do business in investment bonds with offices at 52 Broadway. The partners are Albert R. Korn, Harold Korn, and Milton Lehman.

The Mexican Northern Railroad has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. Dividends were discontinued in 1903, when 1½ per cent. was paid. The dividend just announced is payable Nov. 30 to stockholders of record Nov. 24.

The Aluminium Company of America, successor of the Pittsburg Reduction Company, has filed notice with the Pennsylvania Secretary of State of the increase of its capital from $3,800,000 to $20,000,000. No details of the purpose of the increase have been given out.

Redmond & Co. are offering the unsold balance of $1,500,000 Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge Company first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due Dec. 1, 1928, at par and accrued interest to yield 5 per cent. After Jan. 1, 1910, they will be a first mortgage on the entire property.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

The heaviest dealings of the day took place on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in the final hour of business. In the earlier trading the market was very quiet. Most of the prominent issues in the late weakness, however, failed to touch as low quotations as were reached on the New York Stock Exchange. This reflected the absence of any pressure of liquidation, together with a tendency on the part of early short sellers to secure profits. Fifty-nine different issues changed hands during the course of the session, with the total transactions amounting to 84,210 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Allis-Chalmers..	15½	15½	15½	15½
9,240..	Amal. Copper..	89⅜	89½	87⅝	88
80..	Am. Beet Sugar	47⅞	47⅞	47⅝	47⅝
1,430..	Am. Can	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝
50..	Am. Car & Fy.	75	75	74¼	74¼
60..	Am. Cotton Oil.	78½	78⅝	78	78
50..	Am. Hide & L.	9½	9½	9½	9½
140..	Am. H. & L. pf.	48⅝	49⅛	48¼	48½
50..	Am. Ice	25	25	24⅝	24⅝
100..	Am. Locomotive	62⅜	62⅜	61⅝	61⅝
4,680..	Am. Smelting..	98½	99½	97⅜	97⅜
100..	Anaconda	49¼	49¼	48⅝	48⅝
440..	A., T. & S. F.	119⅜	120	119¼	119¼
70..	Balt. & Ohio...	115⅝	115⅝	115½	115½
350..	Brooklyn R. T..	75⅝	76	75⅜	75⅝
80..	Cent. Leather..	47½	47⅝	46⅞	46⅞
40..	Ches. & Ohio..	89	89	88⅝	88⅝
870..	C. M. & St. P.	157⅝	157⅞	155⅝	155⅞
1,180..	Col. Fuel & I..	49½	49⅞	48¼	48⅝
120..	Con. Gas	145⅝	145⅞	144⅛	144⅛
50..	Corn Products..	22	22	22	22
30..	Dist. Securities	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
840..	Erie	33	33	32½	32½
150..	Gt. North. pf..	144⅜	144½	143¾	144
120..	Inter.-Met. pf..	50⅜	50⅞	50⅜	50½
140..	Int. Mer. M. pf.	25½	25½	24⅝	24⅝
30..	Kan. City So...	43⅞	43½	43¼	43¼
20..	Louis. & Nash.	151¾	151¾	151¾	151¾
180..	Mo., K. & T...	47	47	46⅝	46⅝
60..	Mo. Pacific ...	70	70¼	69⅝	69⅝
420..	Nat. Lead	88⅞	88⅞	87¼	87⅝
920..	N. Y. Central..	133⅞	133⅞	132¾	132⅝
240..	Nor. Pacific ..	147⅝	147⅝	147⅛	147⅛
890..	Pacific Mail ..	44½	44½	42⅝	42⅝
20..	Pac. Tel. & Tel.	48½	48½	48½	48½
2,390..	Pennsylvania ..	140½	140⅝	139⅜	139⅝
80..	Penn. rights	8	8	8	8
70..	People's Gas ..	113⅝	113⅝	113¼	113¼
1,400..	Pitts. Coal	28⅞	29⅛	28⅜	27
30..	Pr. Steel Car..	52	52	52	52
20..	Ry. Steel Spring	50	50	50	50
20,730..	Reading	162½	163¼	161½	161½
10..	Republic Steel..	47½	47½	47½	47½
150..	Rock Island ...	39⅝	39⅝	39½	39¼
10..	Rock Isl. pf....	79½	79½	79½	79½
1,840..	Southern Pac...	129⅝	129⅞	128⅜	128⅜
190..	Southern Ry...	30⅞	30⅞	30½	30½
170..	Third Av.	19¼	19¼	18⅞	19
10,880..	Union Pacific..	202½	202½	200½	200¼
20..	U. S. Rubber...	49½	49½	49¼	49¼
23,200..	U. S. Steel....	90⅝	91¼	89⅝	89⅝
10..	U. S. Steel pf..	126⅜	126⅜	126⅛	126⅜
80..	Va.-Car. Chem.	49⅝	49⅝	48¾	48¾
100..	Vulcan Detin'g.	25	25	25	25
20..	Wabash	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
10..	Wabash pf.	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼
20..	Westing. Elec..	86½	86½	86½	86½

84,210

MINING STOCKS.

300..	Andes	.17	.17	.17	.17
100..	Belcher	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
200..	Goldfield Con..	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½
450..	Isabella	.17	.17	.16½	.16½
200..	Jim. Butler ...	.11½	.11½	.11½	.11½
400..	Julia	.11	.11	.10	.10
700..	McNamara	.29	.29	.29	.29
100..	Ophir	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
300..	Portland	.84	.84	.84	.84
800..	Silver Pick	.09	.09	.09	.09
5..	Tonopah	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75
300..	Tonopah Ext..	.51	.51	.51	.51
200..	Tramps	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
1,300..	Work	.05½	.05½	.05½	.05½
250..	Yellow Jacket..	1.05	1.05	1.00	1.00

5,750

WHEAT.

350,000..	Dec. option...	1.02½	1.04½	1.02¼	1.03⅞

C. H. Geist Buys Atlantic City Gas Cos.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 9.—Clarence H. Geist of Chicago has purchased both gas companies of Atlantic City. The price paid was approximately $3,500,000. Mr. Geist recently purchased the Wilmington (Del.) Gas Company, and, it is said, controls several other gas companies in the western section of the United States.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,

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A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL SMELTING & REFINING COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the International Smelting & Refining Company, quarterly dividend No. 2 of One and One-half Per Cent. on the outstanding capital stock, was declared, payable December 1, 1909, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Tuesday, November 23, 1909. Transfer books of the Company will be closed at three o'clock P. M. Tuesday, November 23, 1909, and will be reopened Thursday, December 2, 1909, at ten o'cicok A. M.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE MEXICAN NORTHERN RAILWAY CO.

82 Beaver Street, November 8th, 1909.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of two per cent. (2%) for the period January 1 to June 30th, 1909, payable November 20th to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 15th, 1909.

The transfer books will be closed on November 24th at 3 P. M. and reopened on December 1st.

R. E. SAFFORD, Secretary.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

47th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the forty-seventh consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable November 30, 1909, to Stockholders of record at the close of business November 16, 1909. Transfer books will not be closed. F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF UNITED STATES CASUALTY COMPANY:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of United States Casualty Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 141 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, November 18, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of amending Article VI. of the Charter of the Company as now amended, so that the said Article, which now reads as follows:

"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be four hundred thousand dollars, ($400,000,) divided into four thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."

shall read as follows:

"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000,) divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."

Stock transfer books will be closed from November 8th to November 18th, 1909, inclusive. D. G. LUCKETT, Secretary.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.

Cincinnati, Ohio, October 18th, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that meetings of the Common stockholders and Preferred stockholders of this Company will be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 17th day of November, 1909, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the meeting; and at 10:15 o'clock A. M. of the same day for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to consent to and authorize an issue of not to exceed twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) of the company's bonds, to be used in funding its existing floating indebtedness, the cost of certain of its construction and improvements, to provide further capital with which to develop, extend, and enlarge its railroad and facilities, and for other purposes needed in its business, such bonds to bear such rate of interest and mature at such time, and to be upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

By order of the Board of Directors.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Continental Telegraph Company will be held at the Executive Office of the Company, Room 60, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, November 24th, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

J. C. WILLEVER, Acting Secretary.

CHARTERED 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, Nov 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the seventh day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors,

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Oct. 1, 1909.—Please take notice that the firm of BROWN & WEBSTER, composed of NATHAN BROWN and MYRON WEBSTER, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

BROWN & WEBSTER.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Good Cables Lead Strong Advance—Closes 27 to 62 Points Up.

Cotton was not so active yesterday, but the price movement was the biggest for the season, more than half of recent losses being recovered. The early market was comparatively quiet, but in the last hour it was both active and very excited. The close was strong, at a net advance of 27@62 points. Liverpool did not indicate that there had been any pressure of spot offerings there over night, and the New York market opened firm at an advance of 10@18 points on the active months in response to better cables than expected.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
November	14.18	13.90	14.32@14.37	13.70
December	14.53	14.00	14.52@14.53	13.90
January	14.65	14.11	14.62@14.65	14.02
February	14.52	14.52	14.71@14.74	14.11
March	14.79	14.30	14.76@14.78	14.22
April	..	..	14.74@14.77	14.20
May	14.92	14.40	14.85@14.90	14.32
June	14.52	14.43	14.85@14.88	14.29
July	14.89	14.40	14.87@14.89	14.30
August	14.17	13.92	14.15@14.20	13.87
September	13.00	12.70	12.97@13.02	12.70
October	12.55	12.05	12.55@12.60	12.10

Spot cotton was quiet and 45 points higher, at 14.65 for middling upland and 14.90 for middling Gulf. Sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Mobile, steady, ⅝c lower, at 13⅞c; sales, 100 bales. Savannah, nominal, ⅛c higher, at 14c; sales, 700 bales. Charleston, firm, ⅛c higher, at 14c; sales, 100 bales. Norfolk, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14c; sales, 636 bales. Augusta, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 111 bales. New Orleans, steady, 3-16c higher, at 14 5-16c; sales, 340 bales. Memphis, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 758 bales. Galveston, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 1,246 bales. Houston, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14⅛c; sales, 775 bales.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—American Can shares were the feature on the local Exchange and the demand here was by insiders. The improvement in the company's finances accounted for this. More than 4,000 shares of the common were traded in on the Chicago Exchange and the price rose to 13⅝ before midday. Sears crept a little higher during the forenoon, but eased off again, while Boxboard advanced a good fraction above 19. Brick sold at 63½, a fraction higher than last night. Common eased off some and closed at 13⅜, compared with 13 last night, while the preferred was ⅝ point higher. Brick sold off to 62⅝ and Sears closed a point lower. Fisheries was off ⅛ point.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,485..	American Can	13⅝	13	13⅜
270..	American Can pf.....	84½	84½	84⅝
200..	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	140¾	140¼	140¼
100..	Am. Strawboard	27	27	27
25..	Am. Shipbuilding pf....	110½	110½	110½
100..	Booth Fisheries	24¼	24¼	24¼
155..	Booth Fisheries pf....	64¾	64½	64¾
25..	Chicago Subway	..	..	7
10..	Chicago Telephone	136½	136½	136½
135..	Chic

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES

1852 1909

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Marking Time.

The desultory trading in both stocks and bonds which marked the opening of the week continued yesterday, and little of interest developed. Of considerable influence in discouraging commitments either way among the traders was the problem of money rates. There was apprehension, which proved to be well founded, that a higher price would be paid for accommodation in view of the continuance of losses of cash by the banks. The early signs were rather favorable. The London carrying rate for Americans at yesterday's settlement was at 5 per cent. as against 6½ per cent. at the time of the settlement a fortnight ago and it was reported that the Bank of France was shipping gold to England. The call money rate, however, advanced to 5½ per cent., the highest since last January, with the exception of two days in October—the 5th and 6th—when it went to 6and 5½, respectively.

***

Wells-Fargo Rumors Again.

Another advance of Wells-Fargo to a new high record yesterday was the more conspicuous because of the listlessness in the general market, though it is seldom that an issue, as did these shares, advances 39½ points in a session. The rise from 485 to 514½ yesterday revived stories which have been current for more than a month that either an increase in the dividend or some sort of distribution to shareholders of the large surplus held is imminent. No official intimation of any such intention of the Directors is obtainable, though it has been hinted by those in touch with the company's affairs that an increase in the dividend is not unlikely. Meanwhile, shareholders of the company are telling of offers to buy made by mail or in person by agents in much the same manner as when the Harriman control was being contested three years ago. The idea which these stories have fostered that an attempt is being made to buy a dominating interest in the company is discredited in quarters which should be in a position to know if the present control is in danger. It is said that outside of the large blocks held by the Southern Pacific and the Harriman estate the shares are very widely scattered.

***

Another Turn in Cotton.

If Monday's big slump in cotton, coming at the end of three days of steady declines, wiped out the weak bull accounts, which, supposedly, accounted for much of the market's top-heavy position, the reversal of form yesterday must have had a dampening effect on those who saw a chance to recoup by reversing. That many of the small speculators who have recently been attracted to cotton had gone short on the declines was evidenced by the rush to cover yesterday, when prices started upward. The recovery began at the opening with prices about 14 points above Monday's closing. After a short period of uncertainty heavy short covering had much to do with a rapid advance around noon, which put prices up about 35 points from Monday's close and about 50 points, or $2.50 a bale, from the low point of the slump.

***

Pennsylvania Convertibles.

The interest aroused in the Pennsylvania Railroad's convertible 3½ per cent. bonds, in view of the possibility of profit through the exercise of the privilege and the use of the subscription rights pertaining to the stock thus obtained, brought out a statement from the road yesterday, explaining that the "clause requiring thirty days' notice for conversion of its 1902 convertible bonds was rescinded about a year ago." The rights to subscribe to the new stock issue, which would accrue through conversion of the 3½s, expire on Nov. 15, and there has been some confusion among the bondholders to know whether they have been barred by the clause in the bonds requiring ninety days' notice for the convertibles of 1912 and thirty days' notice for those of 1915.

***

Missouri Pacific Financing.

Further progress has been made in the working out of the Missouri Pacific financial programme. Bankers interested in the proposed new bond issue of this road say that an announcement of the plan may be made within the next few weeks. It is thought that the course of the money market and the general condition of the bond market are the factors which will determine the actual date of putting out the bonds, the understanding being that in other respects the plan is about ready for presentation to the public. Suggestions heard of late that the Missouri Pacific financing would not be formally closed until several new Directors have been elected for the Missouri Pacific are said to be unfounded.

***

Advance in Call Money.

Call money rose to 5½ per cent. yesterday, after the bulk of the day's borrowing on call had been arranged at 4½ per cent., the minimum rate of the day. The last loan was at 5 per cent. The advance was said to reflect the influence of the further outflow of gold to South America and demands by interior institutions. The stock market was so much duller yesterday than it has been of late that it was not regarded as having played any part in the day's higher call money rate. Indeed the only activity shown in the course of the day was in the last hour, and then the trading was of a character more likely to decrease than to increase loans. Contrary to recent experience, although in keeping with the normal course of money market affairs, foreign exchange rates grew easier yesterday, coincidently with the firmer tone displayed in the money market. Demand sterling closed at 4.8735, down about 15 points for the day.

***

Chicago Terminal Contest.

The fight of the minority stockholders of the Chicago Terminal Transfer against the plans of the Baltimore & Ohio for the reorganization of that property promise to be still further prolonged by reason of the arrangement between the Baltimore & Ohio and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, by which, it is understood, the latter's holdings of Chicago Terminal stock have passed to the control of the Baltimore & Ohio. Opposition to the Baltimore & Ohio's plans first developed from a committee representing minority holders of the terminal company's stock, both common and preferred. The Baltimore & Ohio bought out the preferred stock represented by the committee, but refused to buy the common stock. The committee was recast to represent the common stockholders, and this committee is now continuing the fight against the Baltimore & Ohio, which has been seeking to foreclose on the property of the terminal company, whose bonds are held by the Baltimore & Ohio. The latter's interest in the terminal property lies in the fact that it uses the terminal company's facilities in Chicago.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Nov. 9.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	8¼	8⅝	Jackpot ...	6½	7⅛
Elkton	70⅜	71½	McKinney...	46½	49
El Paso	60½	60½	Portland ...	82⅝	83½
Gold Dollar.	13	14½	Vindicator..	69⅞	71
Isabella ...	17⅝	18¼	J. Sample...	7⅞	8

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Close Steady in London in Spite of Dear Money.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Money was in increased demand, but scarce, on the market to-day, and discounts were easy

On the Stock Exchange the general settlement has commenced with stiff carry-over rates, those for Americans being at 6 per cent. There was some anxiety regarding the settlement and the dear money caused a heavy tone in the forenoon, but a better tendency developed later. Consols gained ¼, and Grand Trunk, Mexican rails, and Kaffirs improved on repurchases. Copper shares were the feature on reports that a combination was imminent which would regulate prices of the metal.

American securities, after a quiet opening, advanced on light covering in a few stocks. At noon the market was steady, with prices from ⅛ to ½ higher than yesterday's New York closing. This section kept firm in the afternoon in spite of the dear money and New York support caused a further advance, and after a slight setback the market closed quietly steady.

Bar silver steady at 23¾d per ounce.

Money, 4½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market, for short bills, 4⅝@4⅞ per cent.; for three months' bills, 4 9-16@4⅝ per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 40c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 25c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Lon-don.	N. Y. Equiv.	N.Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money...	82½	..	..	+ ¼
Consols, account.	82¾	..	..	+ ¼
Anaconda	10	48⅝	48⅞	— ¼
Atchison	125⅝	122½	119½	ex ...
Can. Pacific	188⅝	183⅝	183⅝	+ ⅛
St. Paul	161	156⅞	157⅜	— ⅛
Erie	33¾	32⅞	33	— ⅛
Erie, 1st pf.....	48	46⅝	..	— ⅛
Ill. Central	151½	148½	148¾	— ⅝
Louis. & Nash..	156	152¼	..	— ¼
N. Y. Central ...	137	133⅝	133⅝	— ¼
Pennsylvania	73½	143⅞	140⅝	ex— ½
Reading	83¾	162¼	162½	+ ⅛
So. Pacific	133	129⅝	129⅝	+ ⅛
Un. Pacific	207⅛	201⅜	201⅞	— ⅛
U. S. Steel	93¼	90¾	90¾	— ⅝
U. S. Steel pf....	131½	128½	127 ex	— ⅝

American Mining Shares in London.

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Camp Bird.....	1 8 9	Esperanza	2 19 6
Tomboy	0 19 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 6 0	Stratton's Ind...	0 3 3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regading these can be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,091.—GRASS FIBRE—The Secretary of a commercial organization in Great Britain has requested an American Consul to procure the names of manufacturers of ox grass or grass fibre, to be used in brush making or broom making.

4,092.—COTTON, RESIN, AND RAW RUBBER—An American Consul in Russia has forwarded the name of a firm in his district desiring to arrange connections with American exporters of cotton, resin, and raw rubber. The same firm desires to secure representation for the sale of linen in all the principal cities of the United States except New York.

4,093.—SUPPLIES FOR THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT—Vice Consul General Frederic W. Cauldwell of Cairo has forwarded specifications for the supply of general stores for the ports and lighthouse administration of Alexandria, Egypt.

4,094.—SHOES AND LEATHER FOR ITALY—A New York business man writes that an Italian business house established for over twenty years in the shoe and leather trade would like to get the agency for Italy of a first-class American concern manufacturing shoes and leather. He states that there is an excellent field for this class of goods, especially if the shoes are supplied at a reasonable price, and feels confident that he will be able to dispose of $200,000 worth of goods, with the probability of a steady annual increase. Further particulars, as well as American and European references, can be obtained from the New York firm forwarding the inquiry.

4,095.—IRRIGATING MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES—An American Consul in Latin America reports that a company subsidized by the local government to the amount of $600,000 will, within the next sixty days, call for bids on the machinery and supplies to be used in the irrigation of a large tract of land in his district. In order to accomplish the desired results an expenditure of not less than $5,000,000 will be necessary, and as much of the vast amount of the material required for this project can be purchased in the United States, it means an exceptional opportunity for American manufacturers in these lines.

4,096.—SMALL ICE-MAKING MACHINES—The largest dealer in hardware, kitchenware, and kindred lines, and who carries certain classes of American goods, in a city of Eastern Europe, advises an American Consul that he would like to receive catalogues and price lists of small ice-making machines, suitable for household use, provided the same can be secured at a reasonable price.

4,097.—ENGINEERING SUPPLIES—An American who has spent some time in South America writes that he is about to return to that region, and would like to get in touch with manufacturers of engineering supplies desiring to secure a market for their goods in that territory.

4,098.—TEXTILES, HARDWARE, AND STRUCTURAL SUPPLIES—A communication has been received from a business man stating that he would like to hear from firms looking for a traveling representative in foreign countries. He states that he has a knowledge of French, German, and Flemish, and is acquainted with the trade in textiles, hardware, tools, and structural supplies.

4,099.—AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY—An American Consul reports that a business man in his district connected with the largest dealers in agricultural implements in a European country, and who travels throughout the entire country, desires catalogues and price lists, published in German if possible, of all kinds of harvesting machinery, such as mowers, reapers, binders, rakes, spring tooth harrows, &c.

4,100.—PACHAK OR PUTCHUK—A firm of importers in the Far East desires to know whether or not the root known as pachak, or putchuk (botanical name is sanssweallappa) can be obtained in the United States. An American Consul forwarding the inquiry states that the imports of this article in the city in which he is located for the past year amounted to about 2,000,000 pounds, and the price has advanced in the past two years from $9 to $30.25 per 133⅓ pounds.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 9.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Consol. Ice pf.....	42½	42½	42½
300..	Crucible Steel	14⅛	14	14
230..	Crucible Steel	84	83⅜	83⅜
250..	Fireproofing	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
20..	Fireproofing pf.....	28½	28½	28½
10..	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	95	95	95
200..	Manuf. L. & H.....	20	20	20
60..	Ohio Fuel	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
170..	Pittsburg Brewing ..	23½	23½	23½
10..	Pittsburg Brew. pf...	41½	41½	41½
565..	Pittsburg Coal.....	29½	27⅞	27⅞
31..	Pittsburg Coal pf.....	72¼	71⅞	72
200..	Pittsburg Cons.	.06	.06	.06
75..	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	116	116	116
35..	River Coal pf.....	22	22	22
100..	Ross Mining	22	22	22
20..	Sewer Pipe	16¼	16¼	16¼
100..	Shoshone	1.05	1.05	1.05
10..	Union Switch	110	110	110
35..	U. S. Steel	90	90	90
25..	U. S. Steel pf.....	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜
133..	West'house Airbrake.	142⅝	142	142⅝
50..	West. Elec. 1sts	70	70	70
201..	West. Elec. 2ds	43¼	43	43
10..	U. S. Glass	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
50..	Westinghouse Mac....	49	49	49
	BANKS.			
5..	Colonial Trust	200	200	200
	BONDS.			
$8,000..	Mfrs. L. & H. 6s....	101	101	101
1,000..	Pittsburg Brew. 6s...	99½	99½	99½
	UNLISTED.			
50..	Chemung Copper	15½	15½	15½
10..	Kansas Gas	40½	40½	40½
300..	Mount Elliott	.37	.37	.37
1,459..	Pure Oil	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
100..	San Toy	.42	.42	.42
400..	Silver Peak	.68	.68	.68

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Harold A. Sands has applied for membership in the Cotton Exchange.

The firm of Korn, Lehman & Co. has been organized to do business in investment bonds with offices at 52 Broadway. The partners are Albert R. Korn, Harold Korn, and Milton Lehman.

The Mexican Northern Railroad has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. Dividends were discontinued in 1903, when 1½ per cent. was paid. The dividend just announced is payable Nov. 30 to stockholders of record Nov. 24.

The Aluminium Company of America, successor of the Pittsburg Reduction Company, has filed notice with the Pennsylvania Secretary of State of the increase of its capital from $3,800,000 to $20,000,000. No details of the purpose of the increase have been given out.

Redmond & Co. are offering the unsold balance of $1,500,000 Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge Company first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due Dec. 1, 1928, at par and accrued interest to yield 5 per cent. After Jan. 1, 1910, they will be a first mortgage on the entire property.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

The heaviest dealings of the day took place on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in the final hour of business. In the earlier trading the market was very quiet. Most of the prominent issues in the late weakness, however, failed to touch as low quotations as were reached on the New York Stock Exchange. This reflected the absence of any pressure of liquidation, together with a tendency on the part of early short sellers to secure profits. Fifty-nine different issues changed hands during the course of the session, with the total transactions amounting to 84,210 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10..	Allis-Chalmers..	15½	15½	15½	15½
9,240..	Amal. Copper..	89⅝	89½	87⅝	88
80..	Am. Beet Sugar	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝
1,450..	Am. Can	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13¾
50..	Am. Car & Fy.	75	75	74¼	74¼
60..	Am. Cotton Oil.	78½	78⅝	78	78
50..	Am. Hide & L.	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
140..	Am. H. & L. pf.	48⅞	49⅛	48¼	48½
50..	Am. Ice	25	25	24¾	24¾
100..	Am. Locomotive	62⅜	62⅜	61⅝	61⅝
4,060..	Am. Smelting..	98⅞	99½	97¾	97¾
190..	Anaconda	49¼	49¼	48⅝	48⅝
440..	A., T. & S. F.	119⅜	120	119⅛	119½
70..	Balt. & Ohio...	115⅝	115⅝	115½	115½
850..	Brooklyn R. T..	75⅝	76	75⅝	75⅝
80..	Cent. Leather..	47½	47⅝	46⅞	46⅞
40..	Ches. & Ohio..	89	89	88⅝	88⅝
370..	C. M. & St. P.	157⅜	157⅜	155¾	155⅞
1,180..	Col. Fuel & I..	49½	49⅞	48¾	48⅝
120..	Con. Gas	145⅝	145⅝	144¼	144¼
50..	Corn Products..	22	22	22	22
30..	Dist. Securities	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
340..	Erie	33	33	32½	32½
150..	Gt. North. pf..	144⅜	144½	143¾	144
20..	Gt. N. ore ctfs.	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝
1,240..	Inter.-Met. ...	20¼	20⅝	19⅞	20
120..	Inter.-Met. pf..	50⅝	50⅞	50⅜	50½
140..	Int. Mer. M. pf.	25½	25½	24⅝	24⅝
30..	Kan. City So...	43½	43½	43¼	43¼
20..	Louis. & Nash.	151¾	151¾	151¾	151¾
180..	Mo., K. & T...	47	47	46¾	46¾
60..	Mo. Pacific ...	70	70¼	69⅝	69¾
420..	Nat. Lead	88⅞	88⅞	87⅝	87⅝
920..	N. Y. Central..	133½	133⅞	132¾	132⅝
240..	Nor. Pacific ..	147⅝	147⅝	147⅛	147⅛
890..	Pacific Mail ...	44½	44¾	42⅝	42⅝
20..	Pac. Tel. & Tel.	48½	48½	48½	48½
2,390..	Pennsylvania ..	140½	140⅝	139⅝	139⅝
80..	Penn. rights	8	8	8	8
70..	People's Gas ..	113⅝	113⅝	113¼	113¼
1,400..	Pitts. Coal	28⅞	29½	28⅞	27
30..	Pr. Steel Car..	52	52	52	52
20..	Ry. Steel Spring	50	50	50	50
20,780..	Reading	162½	163¼	161½	161½
10..	Republic Steel..	47½	47½	47⅛	47½
150..	Rock Island ...	39¾	39¾	39½	39¾
10..	Rock Isl. pf....	79½	79½	79½	79½
1,540..	Southern Pac...	129¾	129¾	128¾	128¾
190..	Southern Ry...	30⅞	30⅞	30½	30½
170..	Third Av.	19¼	19¼	18⅞	19
10,880..	Union Pacific..	202¼	202¾	200¼	200¼
20..	U. S. Rubber...	49½	49½	49½	49½
23,200..	U. S. Steel....	90⅝	91¼	89⅝	89⅝
10..	U. S. Steel pf..	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜	126⅜
80..	Va.-Car. Chem.	49⅝	49⅝	48¾	48¾
100..	Vulcan Detin'g.	25	25	25	25
20..	Wabash	19¾	19¾	19⅜	19¾
10..	Wabash pf.....	51¼	51½	51¼	51¼
20..	Westing. Elec..	86½	86½	86½	86½

84,210

MINING STOCKS.

$00..	Andes	.17	.17	.17	.17
100..	Belcher	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
200..	Goldfield Con..	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½	7.12½
450..	Isabella	.17	.17	.16½	.16½
300..	Jim. Butler ...	11½	11½	11½	11½
400..	Julia	.11	.11	.10	.10
700..	McNamara	.29	.29	.29	.29
100..	Ophir	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
800..	Portland	.84	.84	.84	.84
800..	Silver Pick	.09	.09	.09	.09
5..	Tonopah	6.75	6.75	6.75	6.75
300..	Tonopah Ext..	.51	.51	.51	.51
200..	Tramps	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
1,300..	Work	.05½	.05½	.05½	.05½
250..	Yellow Jacket..	1.05	1.05	1.00	1.00

5,750

WHEAT.

350,000..	Dec. option...	1.02½	1.04⅛	1.02¼	1.03⅞

C. H. Geist Buys Atlantic City Gas Cos.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 9.—Clarence H. Geist of Chicago has purchased both gas companies of Atlantic City. The price paid was approximately $3,500,000. Mr. Geist recently purchased the Wilmington (Del.) Gas Company, and, it is said, controls several other gas companies in the western section of the United States.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.

Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL SMELTING & REFINING COMPANY.
42 Broadway, New York.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the International Smelting & Refining Company, quarterly dividend No. 2 of One and One-half Per Cent. on the outstanding capital stock, was declared, payable December 1, 1909, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Tuesday, November 23, 1909. Transfer books of the Company will be closed at three o'clock P. M. Tuesday, November 23, 1909, and will be reopened Thursday, December 2, 1909, at ten o'clock A. M.
J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE MEXICAN NORTHERN RAILWAY CO.
82 Beaver Street, November 8th, 1909.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of two per cent. (2%) for the period January 1 to June 30th, 1909, payable November 30th to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 24th.

The transfer books will be closed on November 24th at 3 P. M. and reopened on December 1st.

R. E. SAFFORD, Secretary.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

47th PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the forty-seventh consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable November 30, 1909, to Stockholders of record at the close of business November 16, 1909. Transfer books will not be closed.
F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF UNITED STATES CASUALTY COMPANY:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of United States Casualty Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 141 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, November 18, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of amending Article VI. of the Charter of the Company as now amended, so that the said Article, which now reads as follows:

"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be four hundred thousand dollars, ($400,000,) divided into four thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."

shall read as follows:

"Article VI. The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000,) divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars ($100) each. The capital stock may be increased or reduced as provided by law."

Stock transfer books will be closed from November 8th to November 18th, 1909, inclusive.
D. G. LUCKETT, Secretary.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.

Cincinnati, Ohio, October 18th, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that meetings of the Common stockholders and Preferred stockholders of this Company will be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 17th day of November, 1909, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and the transaction of any other business which may be brought before the meeting; and at 10:15 o'clock A. M. of the same day for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to consent to and authorize an issue of not to exceed twenty million dollars ($20,000,000) of the company's bonds, to be used in funding its existing floating indebtedness, the cost of certain of its construction and improvements, to provide further capital with which to develop, extend, and enlarge its railroad and facilities, and for other purposes needed in its business, such bonds to bear such rate of interest and mature at such time, and to be upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Continental Telegraph Company will be held at the Executive Office of the Company, Room 60, No. 195 Broadway, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, November 24th, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
J. C. WILLEVER, Acting Secretary.

CHARTERED 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, Nov 3, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the seventh day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors,
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Oct. 1, 1909.—Please take notice that the firm of BROWN & WEBSTER, composed of NATHAN BROWN and MYRON WEBSTER, has been dissolved by mutual consent.
BROWN & WEBSTER.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Good Cables Lead Strong Advance—Closes 27 to 62 Points Up.

Cotton was not so active yesterday, but the price movement was the biggest for the season, more than half of recent losses being recovered. The early market was comparatively quiet, but in the last hour it was both active and very excited. The close was strong, at a net advance of 27@62 points. Liverpool did not indicate that there had been any pressure of spot offerings there over night, and the New York market opened firm at an advance of 10@18 points on the active months in response to better cables than expected.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
November	14.18	13.90	14.32@14.37	13.70
December	14.53	14.00	14.52@14.53	13.90
January	14.65	14.11	14.62@14.65	14.02
February	14.52	14.52	14.71@14.74	14.11
March	14.79	14.30	14.76@14.78	14.22
April	..	..	14.74@14.77	14.20
May	14.92	14.40	14.85@14.90	14.32
June	14.52	14.43	14.85@14.88	14.29
July	14.89	14.40	14.87@14.89	14.30
August	14.17	13.92	14.15@14.20	13.87
September	13.00	12.70	12.97@13.02	12.70
October	12.55	12.05	12.55@12.60	12.10

Spot cotton was quiet and 45 points higher, at 14.65 for middling upland and 14.90 for middling Gulf. Sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Mobile, steady, ⅝c lower, at 13½c; sales, 100 bales. Savannah, nominal, ¼c higher, at 14c; sales, 700 bales. Charleston, firm, ¼c higher, at 14c; sales, 100 bales. Norfolk, steady, ⅛c higher, at 14c; sales, 636 bales. Augusta, steady, ¼c higher, at 14¼c; sales, 111 bales. New Orleans, steady, 8-16c higher, at 14 5-16c; sales, 340 bales. Memphis, steady, ¼c higher, at 14¼c; sales, 758 bales. Galveston, steady, ¼c higher, at 14¼c; sales, 1,246 bales. Houston, steady, ⅝c higher, at 14½c; sales, 775 bales.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—American Can shares were the feature on the local Exchange and the demand here was by insiders. The improvement in the company's finances accounted for this. More than 4,000 shares of the common were traded in on the Chicago Exchange and the price rose to 13¾ before midday. Sears crept a little higher during the forenoon, but eased off again, while Boxboard advanced a good fraction above 19. Brick sold at 63½, a fraction higher than last night. Common eased off some and closed at 13⅜, compared with 13 last night, while the preferred was ¾ point higher. Brick sold off to 62¾ and Sears closed a point lower. Fisheries was off ½ point.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,485..	American Can	13¾	13	13⅜
270..	American Can pf....	84½	84½	84¾
200..	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	140¼	140¼	140¼
100..	Am. Strawboard	27	27	27
25..	Am. Shipbuilding pf....	110½	110½	110½
100..	Booth Fisheries	24¼	24¼	24¼
155..	Booth Fisheries pf....	64¾	64½	64¾
25..	Chicago Subway	7	7	7
10..	Chicago Telephone....	136½	136½	136½
135..	Chicago P

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Site Bought for New Building on 25th Street—Congressman Francis Burton Harrison's Purchase—Dealings by Brokers.

M. & L. Hess have sold for the Realty Holding Company 24 and 26 West Twenty-fifth Street, 50 by 98.9, to the Twenty-fifth Street Construction Company, which will raze the present dwelling houses on March 1 and erect on the site a twelve-story store and loft building, to be ready for occupancy in the Fall of 1910. In connection with the sale, the Realty Holding Company has made a building loan of $110,000 on the property to the Twenty-fifth Street Construction Company.

I. Randolph Jacobs has sold to M. Crystal, for improvement, the property 40 West Twentieth Street, a five-story building, on a lot 25 by 92.

Details will be found in another column relative to the sale of the entire town of Woodmere, L. I., by Robert L. Burton to a syndicate headed by Maximilian Morgenthau.

Francis Burton Harrison Buys.

Congressman Francis Burton Harrison yesterday made his third large investment in real estate in this city by buying 54 and 56 Broad Street from the Realty Company of America, of which Franklin Pettit is President. This property, which is on the west side of Broad Street, on curve about midway between Exchange Place and Beaver Street, consists of two five-story buildings, on a plot of about 4,800 square feet, with a frontage of 45.4 feet and a depth of about 115 feet. The S. M. Robins restaurant concern holds a long lease on the property. The Title Guarantee and Trust Company recently made a 4 per cent. loan of $250,000 on the parcel.

Title to the property passed yesterday to the Mataoka Realty Company, which also represented Mr. Harrison in his purchase of the new Demarest Building, Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street, several months ago. Mr. Harrison also owns Aeolian Hall, in Fifth Avenue, near Thirty-fourth Street.

Corner Resold on the Heights.

W. D. Morgan has resold for the New York Operating Company to the Thomas Smith Construction Company the plot at the northwest corner of Broadway and 162d Street, 49.5 by 175 by 69 at the rear. The property will be improved with an apartment house, probably eight or ten stories in height.

H. M. Fischer has sold for the Helene Realty and Construction Company, S. Simon, President, the two five-story apartment houses 503 to 509 West 170th Street, on plot 100 by 100. The buyer, Sarah Haase, gives in part payment two houses at Mott Avenue and Bay Street, Far Rockaway.

Tall Structure at 145th Street.

Even loftier construction than has yet been undertaken on Washington Heights may result from the recent sale of the northwest corner of Broadway and 145th Street, 100 by 150, by Denis J. Dwyer and others to the Dow Construction Company. According to a report current among the brokers in the section, the new owners of this property have in view the erection of a fourteen-story apartment house or apartment hotel.

New Residence for 52d Street.

Payson McL. Merrill, in conjunction with Buek & Crawford, has sold for G. Thompson Lane a vacant lot, 17.6 by 100.5, on the south side of Fifty-second Street, 218 feet east of Madison Avenue. This lot is opposite the duplex house now being erected by William K. Vanderbilt, and is the only unimproved parcel on the south side of the street, the rest of which is entirely devoted to high-class residences.

Big Bronx Structure Planned.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to the Emmul Realty Company the southwest corner of 163d and Fox Streets, a plot 108 by 100, on which a six-story elevator apartment house will be erected at once. The building contract has been awarded to the Thomas J. Reilly Company.

This deal marks the entrance of another well-known Manhattan builder into the operations in the Hunt's Point section of the Bronx. Maximilian Zipkes recently purchased the adjoining corner plot and is now erecting a six-story elevator apartment house thereon. Thomas J. Reilly is well known as a builder for D. O. Mills, both here in New York and in San Francisco.

The plot purchased by the Emmul Realty Company is one block from The Hunt's Point, the largest six-story elevator apartment house in the world, which the Morgenthau Company is just completing on the block front between Southern Boulevard and Simpson Street.

Dwellings Sold in Many Sections.

Joseph Seaman has sold 530 West 148th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 99.

Anna M. Merkle is reported to have sold the three-story dwelling 121 West Ninety-seventh Street, on a lot 15 by 100, about 196 feet west of Columbus Avenue.

Charles Sooysmith is the buyer of 10 West Fifty-seventh Street, sold last week by Henry D. Winans & May for the estate of Julia W. Freeman.

Sheldon & Becker have leased for the estate of Susan M. Weir the four-story dwelling 161 West Seventy-fourth Street to a Mrs. Lillian Hammond for a term of years.

Builder Buys from the Astors.

Irving Judis, President of the Irving Judis Realty and Construction Company, has bought from the Trustees of the estate of William Astor the plot at the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 108th Street, 100 by 100.11, on which he will erect an apartment house. Mr. Judis recently purchased from the same estate and resold to a builder the other half of the block front at the southwest corner of 109th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story apartment house costing $800,000 to be erected by the Guide Realty Company, (Arlington C. Hall, President,) at the southwest corner of West End Avenue and 100th Street, from plans by Neville & Bagge.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co. have sold for the S. G. Painter Realty and Securities Company 121 and 123 West 116th Street, a six-story apartment house, with stores, on plot 41.8 by 100.11, the buyer giving in part payment 58 and 60 East Ninety-third Street, two five-story single apartment houses on plot 50 by 100.8.

John A. Steinmetz has sold for John Roacche to Jacob Schiff 472 Lenox Avenue, a five-story double flat, with store.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will meet to-morrow evening in the Twelfth Ward Bank Building, 147 East 125th Street.

East Twenty-eighth Street Purchase.

N. A. Berwin & Co. have sold for Tallmadge L. Parsons of Gloversville, N. Y., the four-story dwelling 115 East Twenty-eighth Street, on lot 21.10 by 98.9. The property was sold to an investor who has no present plans for altering the building.

Blum & Koch, dealers in straw hats, now at Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth Street, are the prospective lessees of the twelve-story building to be erected by the Herald Square Realty Company on the plot, 40 by 95, at 76 and 78 Madison Avenue, southwest corner of Twenty-eighth Street.

Plans for Physicians' Building.

Plans have been filed for making over the nine-story St. Catherine apartment house, at the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-third Street, into an office building for physicians, with several floors fitted as laboratories. The alterations are to be made at a cost of $80,000 for the St. Catherine Corporation from plans by Robert T. Lyon.

L. & A. U. Zinke deny the recently reported sale of 122 and 124 West Twenty-sixth Street.

Austrian Society to Build.

Herbert S. Ogden, executor of the estate of Sarah B. Reynolds, has agreed to sell to the First Austrian Tauld Torka 394 and 396 East Houston Street, running through to 285 and 287 Second Street, four three-story buildings on plot fronting 40 feet on each street and about 70 feet deep. The association will erect a six-story school.

The Duross Company has sold for Robert Hunter the three-story dwelling 88 Grove Street, 20 by 100, facing Waverly Park.

Justice Truax has appointed John J. Murphy receiver of the rents of 147 East Thirtieth Street, a five-story tenement on plot 26.8 by 98.9, pending a suit brought by Henry William Kroykenbohm against Herman J. Katz and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $15,000. The prior mortgage is $30,000.

John J. Mackin has been appointed receiver of the rents of 66 and 68 West Tenth Street, a tenement, in a suit brought by Sarah M. Sturges against George Nicholas and others to foreclose a mortgage of $14,000.

Paper Trade Moving Northward.

Albert B. Ashforth has leased to the Perkins-Goodwin Company, paper manufacturers, a large space in the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company building, Thirty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue. This marks the first removal of a concern in that line of business north of Twenty-third Street. The Perkins-Goodwin Company is now at Thirteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, and was the first concern to move from the downtown paper district to an uptown location.

The William B. Riker & Sons Company has leased in the Sherman Square Hotel, at the southwest corner of Broadway and Seventy-first Street, the corner and adjoining stores for ten years at an aggregate rental of approximately $100,000.

Senior & Stout have leased for Robert Pierce the garage at 912 Seventh Avenue to Harry P. Zenobia.

Albert B. Ashforth has been appointed agent for the Sherwood Studio Building, at the southeast corner of Fifty-seventh Street and Sixth Avenue, purchased recently from the Sherwood estate by Harry J. Luce.

Tenants for Mercantile Buildings.

Denzer Brothers have leased for Brody, Adler & Koch to Henry Froelich 10,000 square feet at 37 to 45 West Twentieth Street for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $34,000; also, for the estate of Charles A. Chesebrough to a cloak and suit house 10,000 square feet at 187 and 189 Mercer Street; also, for the Acme Building Company to a button concern 5,000 square feet in the building 129 and 131 West Twenty-second Street; also, for S. M. Burnham to George Stoehr 5,000 square feet at 162 and 164 West Twenty-seventh Street; also, for the Hermitage Company a loft at 29 West Fifteenth Street; also, for Louis Cohen a loft at 35 West Nineteenth Street; also, for Leopold Friedham to Harry Lazarus 3,000 square feet at 724 Broadway; also, for Gustave Lange the third loft at 105 Bleecker Street, northeast corner of Greene Street, and for the estate of Denis Shea to a manufacturer of waists the first loft at 429 Broome Street, southwest corner of Crosby Street.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Century Bank of New York the sixth loft in 135 Fifth Avenue, to Ben & Max Feinberg; for Joseph Quinn the fourth loft in 124 West Eighteenth Street, to Otto Saalfeld; for Stephen H. Tyng the fourth loft in 13 East Seventeenth Street, to Solomon Cohen; for the 40-42 East Twenty-second Street Company the first loft and part of the second loft in 40 and 42 East Twenty-second Street, to the Naumann McCosker Company.

Louis H. Lowenstein has leased for the Maxlow Realty Company the entire upper part of the building 60 Varick Street, northeast corner of Laight Street, for a long term of years; also, to the General Provision Company the store and basement at 20 and 22 Laight Street.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased to the C. L. Constant Company, for ten years, the two top floors at 42 and 44 New Street, to be used as a laboratory. Mr. Constant is the official chemist for the New York Metal Exchange, and has maintained extensive laboratories at 61 Beekman Street for several years.

Plans for Sloane Warehouse.

Plans have been filed for the new ten-story warehouse to be built by W. & J. Sloane on a plot fronting 74 feet at 306 to 310 Eleventh Avenue, with an "L" 68 feet deep at 557 to 561 West Twenty-ninth Street. It will be built from plans by James B. Baker and will cost $250,000.

The firm of Williams & McAnerney, composed of Charles E. Williams and Frank B. McAnerney, doing business at 500 Fifth Avenue, has been dissolved by mutual agreement. Both partners will continue business hereafter at the same address.

New Houses Sold in the Bronx.

Le Vien & La Velle have sold for the Elviel Realty Company one of the new three-story two-family houses at the northeast corner of Bryant Avenue and Jennings Street.

The Bronx Land, Mortgage, and Real Estate Company has sold for a client the property 60 Mount Hope Place.

Syracusans Buy at Little Neck.

Andrew J. Cobe has sold for the Cutter estate nineteen acres at Broadway and Little Neck Road, Little Neck, L. I., to a syndicate of Syracuse capitalists. This property adjoins the Van Nostrand farms, recently acquired by the same syndicate.

Prosecuting Tenement Violations.

On Sept. 10 vacation orders had been issued against 276 of about 1,700 Brooklyn tenements illegally occupied for two years prior to Jan. 1, 1909. By Oct. 30, 675 cases had been served. The Deputy Commissioner for Brooklyn reported that by Monday, Nov. 8, his division would have started on their course to final prosecution the remaining cases. Practically all are in Brooklyn and Queens, there being in fact but one lone house in Manhattan and one or two in the Bronx which fall under the "rider" to the tenement-house amendment legalizing the occupancy of all houses which had been occupied for two years prior to Jan. 1, 1909, and against which action to vacate shall not have been begun by Nov. 15.

The large number of houses in Brooklyn and Queens and the small number in Manhattan are said to be due to the fact that title insurance companies have done in Brooklyn what they refused to do in Manhattan, namely, insured premises not yet certificated by the Tenement House Department.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

132d St, 36, s s, 385 ft w of 5th Av, 15x99.11, three-story dwelling; trustees' sale; knocked down to Charles E. Degraw for $8,000.

123d St, 332, s s, 322.6 ft w of 1st Av, 19.4x100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the defendants, Samuel Beck, and others, for $12,000.

123d St, 334, s s, 303.3 ft w of 1st Av, 19.4x100.11, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the defendants, Samuel Beck and others, for $12,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

11th Av, 589 to 603, s w corner of 45th St, 75.3 x100, three four-story tenements and stores and one-story building in strect; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Nov. 23.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Delancey St, 290, n s, 25 ft e of Cannon St, 25x100, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Hyman Fechter, for $23,000.

By Samuel Marx.

120th St, 538, s s, 418.9 ft e of Pleasant Av, 18.9x100.11, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, the Louis Meyer Realty Co., for $5,250.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

3d Av, 2,078 and 2,080; for a one-story brick amusement hall, 25x100; M. D. Jones, 35 West 30th St, owner; W. A. Campbell, architect; cost, $2,000.

11th Av, 306 to 310, and 29th St, 557 to 551 West; for a ten-story brick warehouse, 74x100; W. & J. Sloane, 884 Broadway, owner; J. B. Baker, architect; cost, $250,000.

West End Av, s w corner of 100th St, for a twelve-story brick apartment house; Guide Realty Co., Broadway and 112th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $800,000.

Broadway, 2,505 and 2,507, for a one-story brick store, 59.6x82; H. Langer, 2,503 Broadway, owner; N. Langer, architect; cost, $7,000.

Downing St, 42, for a two-story brick stable, 20x97.8; E. H. Sayre, 60 Hudson St, owner; W. Leeming, architect; cost, $8,000.

Sand St, e s, 105 ft s of Starling Av, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x52 each; A. F. Mack, 1,136 Walker Av, owner; B. Ebeline, architect; cost, $10,000.

Clinton Av, e s, 79.2½ ft n of 181st St, for a five-story brick tenement, 53x90; Ernest Hammer, 2,850 Marion Av, owner; William Schnauffer, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Madison Av, s e corner of 53d St, to a nine-story brick apartment; St. Catherine Corporation, 366 5th Av, owner; R. T. Lyons, architect; cost, $60,000.

53d St, n s, 225 ft e of Madison Av, to a four-story brick dwelling; Dr. J. Howland, 49 East 53d St, owner; J. G. Rogers, architect; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 9.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 311.7 ft n of 183d St, 7x100; Ann T. O'Connor to William F. Moloney, (mtg $2,000,) $1.

AVENUE B, s e corner of 10th St, 46.3x irregular; the Composite Realty Co. to Henry Tishman, (mtg $15,000,) $1.

AVENUE B, s e corner of 10th St, 46.3x irregular; Henry Tishman and others, stockholders Composite Realty Co., to Henry Tishman, (mtg $15,000,) $1.

BEEKMAN AV, 344, e s, 40x101.3; Tony Wolf to Rose Keane, (mtg $13,000,) $100.

BROAD ST, 54 and 56, w s, 45.4x116.6; Realty Co. of America to Matonka Realty Co., (mtg $200,000,) $100.

CLAY AV, n e corner of 166th St, 568.5x80; Albert J. Schwartzler to A. J. Schwartzler Co., (mtg $45,000,) $100.

CLAY AV, 1,504 and 1,306, e s, 38.2x80; Joseph Maggiolo to Hattie Maggiolo, (mtg $6,000,) $1.

COOPER AV, e s, Lot 39, map of William Cooper at Westchester, 25x100; Giuseppe Papesca to Archibald G. Buckenham, $100.

COLLEGE AV, 1,045 and 1,045, w s, 44x92.6; Paul Grout to Marcus L. Osk and anotner, $1.

COLLEGE AV, 1,045, w s, 22x92.6; Marcus L. Osk and others to Anna Reiss, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

ELTON AV, s w corner of 159th St, 48x100; Oliver E. Davis to Leo Levinson, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

ELTON AV, s w corner of 159th St, 48x100; Jefferson Construction Co. to Oliver E. Davis, $100.

LIBERTY ST, 96, s s, 26x irregular; Emily N. Vanderpoel to George Richards and another of Orange, N. J., $1.

LOT 26, map of estate of William B. Ogden at Highbridge; John F. Kaiser to Joseph H. Jones, (mtg $2,100,) $100.

LOT 394, Block L, map of Mapes estate; Abraham H. Feuchtwanger to Acme Mortgage Co., $1.

LOTS 9 and 28, Block 45, Map Sec. C., of Edenwald Land Co. C of Edenwald to Annie Patjens, $1.

LOTS 203 to 205 and 284 and 285, map of Adee Park; William B. Hogan to Catherine Curran, $1.

MADISON AV, 185 and 187, n e corner of 34th St, 49.4x100; Margaret S. E. Cameron to Glengary Realty Co., (mtg $450,000,) $1.

MORRIS AV, 1,087, w s, 20x100; August Jacob to Emma S. Brocker, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

PARK AV, e s, 302.5 ft n of 138th St, 25x224.7; Albert Tag to Harry W. Bell, $100.

RIVINGTON ST, n e corner of Lewis St, 25x100; Morris Kronovet and others to Sarah Ehrenreich, (mtg $40,000,) $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 145th St, 100x124.4; Augusta C. Field to Holland Holding Co., $100.

SCAMMEL St, 30, e s, 27x95; Bashe Sarasohn to Isabella Sarasohn, (mtg $26,926,) $100.

TELLER AV, 1,322, e s, 25x80; J. C. Julius Langbein to Clement H. Smith, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

TELLER AV, 1,322, e s, 25x80; Clement H. Smith to Eugene Spock of Yonkers, N. Y., (mtg $6,000,) $100.

VALENTINE AV, w s, 213.8 ft n of 182d St, 25x100; Mary A. Donnelly to Katharine E. Brennan, (mtgs $6,100,) $100.

VYSE AV, 1,153, w s, 20x100; Vyse Av, 1,159, w s, 20x100; Alexander Bottstein to Sarah Bernstein, $1.

WHITMAN ST, w s, 119.6 ft n of 156th St, 25x129.8; R. Edwin Merrill to John Higgins and another, $1.

1ST AV, 220, e s, 25.6x66; Stefano Chichi and others to Andrea Baldanza, $1.

1ST AV, 220, e s, 25.6x66; Stefano Chichi and others to Francesco Dichiara, $1.

1ST AV, 220, e s, 25.6x66; Stefano Chichi and others to Cologero Carollo, $1.

6TH ST, 425, n s, 25x90.10; Berel Ludwak to Charles A. Friedenberg of Hudson Count, N. J., $1.

6TH ST, 425, n s, 25x90.10; Charles A. Friedenberg to August Hildebrandt of Brooklyn, $1.

6TH ST, 425, n s, 25x90.10; Samuel Lasdon to Charles A. Friedenberg of Hudson County, N. J., $1.

8TH AV, 2,055, w s, 25.6x100; Rivers Estate to Marvel Baking Co., (mtg $20,000,) $100.

9TH ST, s s, 163 ft w of Avenue A, 25x94; Rose Lottman to Herman Lottman of Brooklyn, $100.

13TH ST, n s, e ½ of e ½ of Lot 272, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Arthur J. Mace to Samuel Osovsky, $1.

22D ST, n s, 250 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Louis M. Hart to Mattio Cammeyer, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

49TH ST, 232 West, 20x100.5; Reginald Steel to John S. Spencer of Westbrook, Conn., (mtg $25,000,) $100.

63D ST, 326 and 328 East, 50x100.5; Annie Levine to Angelo Bianco and another, (mtg $46,600,) $100.

86TH ST, 434 East, 25x102; Mary Raphael to Edward Kates, (mtg $18,900,) $100.

106TH ST, 215 and 217 East, 40.3x100.11; Mary Ehrmann to Samuel C. Wolfenstein and another, $100.

106TH ST, 215 and 217 East, 40.3x100.11; Reuben Bruck to Mary Ehrmann, (mtgs $55,875,) $100.

122D ST, 155 and 157 East, 51.9x100.11; Max J. Klein and others to Belwood Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) $1.

126TH ST, n s, 218.4 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x99.11; Daniel B. Dever to Arthur D. V. Lyons, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

163D ST, s s, 188.4 ft e of Broadway, 176.8x99.11; Isidor Weisbader to Metropolitan Holding Co., (mtgs $140,000,) $1.

167TH ST, s s, 139.3 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 19.1x109.3; Harriette A. Myers to Rosey Rothlein, $1.

167TH ST, n s, 24.9 ft w of River Av, 18.9x80; Louis E. Felix to Alexandria M. Dike, $5,250.

167TH ST, n s, 43.6 ft w of River Av, 18.9x80; Frederick Durgan to Alexandria M. Dike, $5,250.

167TH ST, n s, 62.3 ft w of River Av, 18.9x80; Denis O'L. Cohalan to Alexandria M. Dike, $5,250.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ACME MORTGAGE CO. to Miriam C. Nordeman; Lot 384, Block L, amended map of Mapes estate, 2 years.....$500

ACCUMULATION REALTY CO. to Title Insurance Co.; 28th St, n s, 425 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9, due Nov. 8, 1912.....$14,000

AHEARN, Annie, to John O'Dea; Amundsen Av, e s, 100 ft n of Nelson Av, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$2,300

A. J. SCHWARZLER CO. to Kate P. McKenna; Clay Av, n e corner of 166th St, 568.5x80, demand, 6%.....$65,000

AMEND, Catharine L., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Cannon St, 122 to 126, 3 years, 4½%.....$42,000

BATTENFELD, Henry, to German Savings Bank; 3d Av, e s, 289.10 ft n of 174th St, 33.4x100, 3 years.....$22,000

BELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 123d St, 157 East, due, &c., as per bond.....$12,000

BELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 123d St, 155 East, due, &c., as per bond.....$13,000

BRUGMAN, Mary E., to Metropolitan Savings Bank; 1,549 St. Nicholas Av, 5 years....$7,500

C. N. SHURMAN INVESTING CO. to Carl Ernst; 63d St, n s, 291.9 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.6x100.5, prior mtg $12,500, due May 9, 1911, 6%.....$3,000

COHEN, Meyer, to Albany Savings Bank; Edgecombe Av, 323 and 325, 5 years, 4½%.....$51,000

CROWN REALTY CO. to New York Savings Bank; Columbus Av, e s, 25.11 ft n of 106th St, 25x75, due, &c., as per bond.....$3,000

CROWN REALTY CO. to New York Savings Bank; Amsterdam Av, 873, due, &c, as per bond.....$3,000

DAVIS, Oliver E., to Jefferson Construction Co.; Elton Av, s w corner of 159th St, 48x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$11,000

DI BENEDETTO REALTY CO. to Alfred J. Sterne; Grote St, n s, 104 ft e of Prospect Av, 31.1x119.7, prior mtg $14,000, due Jan. 2, 1911, 6%.....$2,000

EGGERS, Emile, to H. P. Rose Co.; Lots 263 and 264, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, 3 years.....$850

EVENS, Morris B., to Albany Savings Bank; Edgecombe Av, 327 and 329, 5 years, 4½%.....$51,000

FOLLINI, Joseph, to William G. McCormack and another; Lot 103, map of Hudson Park, due, &c, as per bond.....$4,000

FOLSOM, Jessie, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 40th St, s s, 383.8 ft w of 10th Av; 2 lots, each 26.4x100.5; 2 mtgs, each $14,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$28,000

GREENBAUM, Rosalie J., to Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York; Lexington Av, 1,553, 5 years, 4½% $18,000

HASPERLY HALL CO. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.; Central Park West, n w corner of 64th St, 100.5x150, due Oct. 1, 1914, 6%.....$725,000

HENNION, John A., to Franklin Savings Bank; 45th St, 411 West, 5 years, 4½%..$15,000

HOLLAND HOLDING CO. to Augusta C. Field; Riverside Drive, s e corner of 145th St 100x124.4, due, &c, as per bond...$100,000

JACOBOWITZ, Israel, to Solomon Fefnes; Lewis St, 110, prior mtg $26,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

JACOBOWITZ, Israel, to Empire City Fire Insurance Co.; Lewis St, 110, 5 years, 4½%.....$23,000

JONES, Joseph H., to John F. Kaiser; Lot 20, Parcel 19, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, 2 years, 6%.....$2,275

KAISER, Rudolph, to Edward A. Davis, guardian; 117th St, n s, 132.11 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 25x26.2, due, &c. as per bond $5,500

KATES, Edward, to Charlotte Weinrelch; 86th St, 434 East, due May 9, 1910, 6%.....$300

KOSS, Fannie, to Harris D. Colt, trustee; 165 East 4th St, due Aug. 1, 1914.....$3,000

KREIELSHEIMER, Max A., to Nina P. Lowenstein; 58th St, 406 East, 5 years $7,500

LA MONTE, Mary, to Greenwich Savings Bank; 38th St, 214 West, prior mtg $12,000, due, &c. as per bond.....$1,000

LAMPEN, Elsa, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 144 East 64th St, due, &c., as per bond.....$9,500

LEVINSON, Leo, to Olives E. Davis; Elton Av, s w corner of 159th St, 48x100, prior mtg $9,000, due, &c. as per bond.....$6,250

MARVEL BAKING CO. to Rivers Estate, Corporation; 8th Av, 2,055, prior mtg $20,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$11,000

MARVEL BAKING CO. to John Jaburg and another; 8th Av, 2,055, prior mtg $40,000, 1 year, 6%.....$2,000

MASON, William S., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 56th St, s s, 350 ft w of 6th Av, 99.8x—, 5 years, 4½%.....$700,000

MAYKOPF, George, to Trina Prigge; Vermilyea Av, s e corner of Hawthorne St, 100x100, 3 years.....$15,000

MOLONEY, William F., to Ann T. O'Connor; Aqueduct Av, e s, 286.4 ft n of 183d St, 25.3x100, 1 year.....$2,000

NEGRI, Dominick, to Tony M. Cella; Morris Park Av, s s, 120 ft w of Victor St, —; prior mtg $15,500, 3 years, 6%.....$1,400

NEWMARK, Mary, and another to Isidor Shlivek; 174th St, n s, 50 ft w of 3d Av, 40x100, prior mtg $27,250, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

OTT, Frederick J., to Henrietta Shotter; 162d St, n s, 162.9 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100, due Sept. 15, 1910, 6%.....$300

PLIMPTON, James L., to Thomas Snell; 217 to 225 East 9th St, prior mtg $75,000, due Nov. 10, 1909, 6%.....$30,150

PUTNEY, George T., to Wilson Distilling Co.; 136 5th Av, demand, 6%.....$7,500

ROTHLEIN, Rosey, to Wolcott G. Lane; 167th St, s s, 139.3 ft s e of Amsterdam Av, 19.1x109.3, 3 years.....$5,300

STARILE, Michele, to Michele G. Pasca; Tompkins St, Lots 37 and 38, amended map of Clason Point, 1 year.....$200

ST. NICHOLAS CONSTRUCTION CO. to Frank Cohen and another; St. Nicholas Av, 4 s, 248.4 ft n of 155th St, 124.3, prior mtg $135,000, due May 8, 1910, 6%.....$—,—

TESSIER, Edward M., to Richard Feusterer; Webb Av, 2,468, prior mtg $45,000, 1 year, 6%.....$1,500

TILDEN, Marmaduke, to Elsie Powell; Park Av, n w corner of 74th St, 102.2x27, 2 years, 5½.....$5,000

WILKENS, Walter, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Prospect Av, e s, 112 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x—, due, &c., as per bond...$20,000

ZENKER, Freda, to Meyer P. Cohn; 116th St, n s, 440 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, 1 year, 6%.....$2,500

Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 90th St, 100.8x100; Thomas F. Cushing Co. against A. C. & H. M. Hall Realty Co., owner; Reynolds & McMahon, contractors, $2,500.

AUDUBON AV, s w corner of 176th St, 93.7x100; Thomas F. Cushing Co. against Horleon Realty Co., owner; Reynolds & McMahon, contractors, $1,333.

142D ST, n s, 350 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Thomas F. Cushing Co. against R. & M. Realty Co., owner; Reynolds & McMahon, contractors, $346.

106TH ST, s s, 70 ft e of Madison Av, 25x100.11; Sam Solovy against Charles Flaum, owner and contractor, $28.

EAST CHESTER ROAD, e s, 550 ft s of Saratoga Av, 25x122.6; George Corti et al. against Maria Sabatino owner and contractor, $210.

126TH ST, 229 East; Edward Smolka & Co. against Charles Gerlich, owner, (renewal,) $231.

INTERVALE AV, w s, 95 ft s of Home St, 25x100; P. J. Heaney Co. against Volga Improvement Co., owner and contractor, $1,132.

147TH ST, 227 East; Abraham Lager against Sigmund Orbach, owner; Oppenheim Contracting Co., contractor, $28.

28TH ST, s s, 201.8 ft e of 7th Av, 46.6x98.9; Standard Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Quinn & Smith, owner; Mouk & Vermilyea, contractors, $370.

HAMILTON TERRACE, e s, 479.6 ft n of 141st St, 25x96.4; Nathan Passman against George Backer, owner and contractor; Sarah Backer, owner and contractor, $75.

INTERVALE AV, w s, 75 ft s of Home St, 75x72.10; Charles H. Bellows Cut Stone Co. against Volga Improvement Co., owner and contractor, $964.

125TH ST, 547 West; Canton Steel Ceiling Co against Catalina D. V. Potter, owner; O. D. Potter, contractor, (renewal) $205.

150TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 150x99.11; Oscar Carlson against Bisch-Hoef Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor, $1,300.

Lis Pendens.

CAULDWELL AV, 669 and 671; Lanier McKee, trustee, against George M. Bruest and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorneys, Cass & Apfel.

GOUVERNEUR ST, 56, and Monroe St, 212 and 214; Julius Rosenstein against Morris Goodman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. Galewski.

137TH ST, 11 West; Sarah Adler against Max Rosh and others, (action to restrain, &c.;) attorney, M. Jacobs.

CASTLE HILL AV, w s, 525 ft s of Green Lane, 25x105.2; Cipriani Realty and Construction Co. against Giuseppe Golio and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. T. Matthies.

LOT 163, map of Laconia Park, Bronx; Mary R. Prutting against Rosana Hauptman, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. T. Matthies.

85TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Martha Blanke against John Marger and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Arons.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, AUCTIONEER,
will sell at auction
TO-DAY
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., New York City.
9 MAGNIFICENT BUILDING PLOTS.
EAST SIDE NORTHERN AV.
two Plots running through to
WEST SIDE NEW AV.
349 feet north of West 181st St.,
OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON RIVER, WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.
These choice plots of three and four lots are magnificently located on the finest part of Manhattan Island, overlooking the Hudson River and commanding one of the finest views of the same that can be had. Size of plots from 50x207 to 35.59 x226.
80% MAY REMAIN ON MORTGAGE 3 YEARS AT 5½%.
EXECUTOR'S SALE
ESTATE OF WILLIAM H. JACKSON, DEC'D.
825 MADISON AVENUE 26 FEET SOUTH OF 69TH ST.
The extra wide and splendidly built four story high-stoop brownstone Dwelling, with extension three rooms deep. Suitable for dwelling, school or sanitarium. Size of lot 29x84. Caretaker.
70% on Mortgage, One or Three Years, at 4½%.
n be had. Size of plots from 50x207 to 35.6s. 165 B'way.
Wednesday, November 17, 1909,
TRUSTEE'S SALE
ESTATE OF ROBERT BARKLEY, DEC'D.
By order of Charles H. Pond, Trustee.
271-273-275-277 EIGHTH AV.,
Southwest Corner 24th St.,
ADJOINING GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Splendidly located plot, right in the PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL SECTION, with three four-story brick stores and Apartments thereon. Size of plot 84x75.
253 THIRD AV., NEAR 21ST ST.
The three-story brick Store and Flat. Size of lot 13.2x75.
Titles guaranteed and policies delivered free of cost to purchasers.
ABOUT 14 ACRES SHORE FRONT
WITH 600 FEET FRONTAGE ON LONG ISLAND SOUND.
GREAT NECK, L. I.,
known as Norma L. Munro property.
FORMERLY THE HARRIET SMITH PROPERTY.
This choice plot of 13.82 acres has about 600 feet frontage on Long Island Sound and about 550 feet frontage on the main public road, with the 2½-story frame Dwelling, with 14 rooms and bath, gardener's house of 6 rooms, stable or garage with 8 stalls, and other outbuildings thereon. This property is less than one-quarter mile from the Steamboat Landing and about two miles from Great Neck Station of the L. I. R. R. This property is only 18 miles from New York City, or about 25 minutes by automobile. Good anchorage. Splendid boating, fishing, &c.
TERMS EASY.
EXECUTOR'S SALE
To Close the Estate of Charles Lehritter, Deceased.
304-6-8 W. 37th St.,
100 FEET WEST EIGHTH AV.,
being a very valuable plot right in the heart of PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL SECTION, with two four and five story brick buildings, with store thereon; size of plot 73.7x98.9.
311 West 38th St.,
NEAR EIGHTH AV.
The valuable full lot, also in the heart of the PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL SECTION, with the three-story brick building with store thereon; size of lot 25x98.9.
Messrs. DEYO & BAUERDORF, Attys., 111 Broadway.
210-12-14 E. 74th St.,
NEAR THIRD AV.
The two four-story brick double tenements, with three stores; No. 210 has a three-story brick rear building; Nos. 212-214 has a two-story frame rear building; size of plot 50x100.
Title has been guaranteed by the Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
320-322 W. 16th St.,
NEAR EIGHTH AV.
The two four-story and basement brick tenements, with stores; used for business and apartments; size of plot 37.6x35.11x 37.8x39.4.
Title guaranteed by Lawyers' Title Ins. Co., and policy delivered free of cost to purchaser.
BOOKMAPS, &c., WITH ATTORNEY, OR BRYAN L. KENNELLY, 156 B'WAY.

TO-DAY, Nov. 10,
12 O'CLOCK NOON, EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14-16 VESEY ST., NEW YORK CITY.
SUPREME COURT FORECLOSURE SALE.
By instruction from
DUDLEY FIELD MALONE, Esq., Referee.
1,903-5 SECOND AVENUE.
TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY.
Two five-story brick Tenements, with two stores in each, containing four apartments of three rooms on each floor. Size 26x75 each.
Messrs. R. & E. J. O'GORMAN, Attys. for Plaintiff, 49-51 Chambers St., New York City.
Joseph P. Day 31 NASSAU ST., New York city.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.
Tax Registration
in our bureau is the best means to avoid penalties. Send for our Circular.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

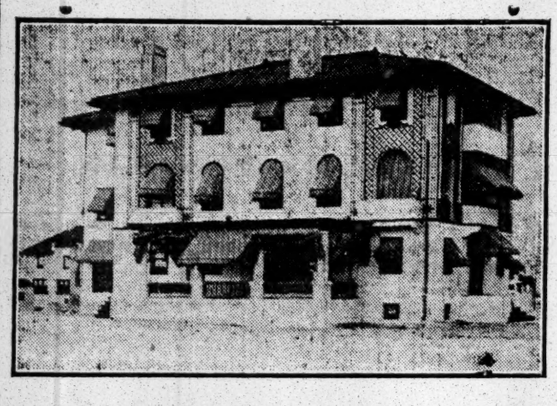
PLUMBING Inspected
Have the and rep

LONG BEACH

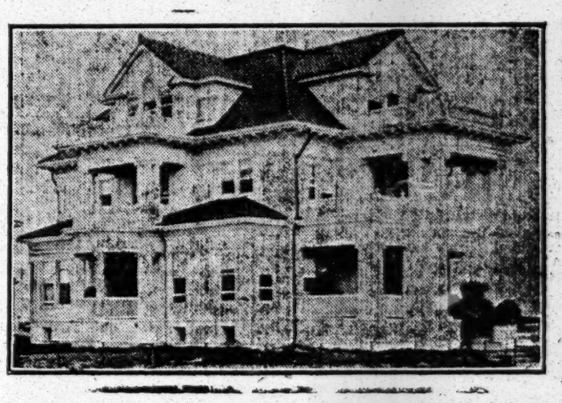
24 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY

THE ONLY AVAILABLE SEACOAST REMAINING ADJACENT TO NEW YORK NOW UNDER ONE CONTROL

NINE AND A HALF MILES OF OCEAN FRONT



At the last election citizens of Long Island's most prosperous and progressive towns voted their approval of the developers' wonderful improvements at Long Beach by selling them the remaining ends of the island, on which developments will be started. Now watch it grow.



THE OPPORTUNITY REALIZER OF TO-DAY IS THE MONEY MAKING INVESTOR OF TO-MORROW

See Long Beach, with its unrivalled attractiveness, its ideal location for a beautiful and renowned Seaside City, and realize its pre-eminence as a sure money making opportunity.

You Will See the Atlantic's Finest Beach.
2½ Miles World's Greatest Boardwalk.
Fireproof Hotel, Casino, Bathing Pavilion.
$500,000 of Stucco and Concrete Homes ALL COMPLETED.
$1,500,000 in Houses Now in Course of Construction.

The Boardwalk at Long Beach.

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY

It is the only available seacoast remaining, its development is properly restricted, it has ideal climatic conditions superior to Atlantic City. It is the logical seaside resort for New York's five million. Shrewd purchasers have already bought $6,700,763 worth of lots and homes.

ONE VISIT TO THE ATLANTIC'S MOST GLORIOUS SEASHORE WILL MAKE YOU A LONG BEACH ENTHUSIAST.

SPECIAL TRAIN THIS SUNDAY
LEAVES 34TH ST. FERRY, L. I. R. R., 1:50 P. M.
LEAVES BROOKLYN, FLATBUSH AV., 2 P. M.

Nassau Hotel Grill (with Music) Open the Year Round
Write for Maps, Illustrated Booklets, Plans & Long Beach Views

225 FIFTH AVENUE. **ESTATES OF LONG BEACH** TELEPHONE 3600 MADISON.
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, President.

COTTAGE SITES, CAMP SITES, BUNGALOW SITES
ON THE EAST JERSEY COAST
—AT—
"ISLAND HEIGHTS GROVE"
ISLAND HEIGHTS, N. J.

Three-quarter miles from Island Heights Dock, Boardwalk, Yacht Club and Hotels, Cottages and Mansions.
One-quarter mile from Barnegat Bay and Dock, and opposite Seaside Park, Sea Girt and Bay Head.

COTTAGE SITES $190—$10 MONTHLY
BUNGALOW SITES 175— 8 MONTHLY
CAMP SITES 125— 7 MONTHLY
NO INTEREST. NO TAXES FOR ONE YEAR

FREE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

SAILING, FISHING, CRABBING, BATHING.

BUY NOW AND SECURE YOUR SITE FOR NEXT SPRING!
WHY PAY EXORBITANT PRICES TO SUMMER HOTELS?
IN ANY EVENT BUY FOR AN INVESTMENT.

Write or Call for Further Particulars,

THE BROOKS & BROOKS CORPORATION,
45 West 34th Street, N. Y. Established Quarter Century,

CRANFORD

CHOICE LOTS at LOW PRICES
ON MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS.

Cranford is progressing in every way; country pleasures combined with all city improvements, best schools, churches of all denominations, good stores, hotels, clubs, library, bank, opera house, newspapers, gas, electric light, finest drinking water, free mail delivery, police and fire protection, sewer, etc. Cranford is the most beautiful and healthy suburb near N. Y.; on main line Central R. R. of N. J.; 17 miles out; 60 trains daily. 40 minutes now.

SPECIAL CONCESSIONS.

We will make special concessions during November. Send for full details.

Full size lots are now offered in best section of Cranford at less than one-half the prices that are asked for other high-class property within equal distance from New York. Write for illustrated booklets and FREE R. R. tickets.

MANOR REALTY CO.,
CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

WEEQUAHIC TRACT, Newark, N. J.
This development offers the greatest opportunity to reap the benefit of the inevitable increase in land values that will result from the completion of the improved transit facilities between New York and New Jersey.
The Parkview station of the Lehigh Valley Railroad at the property. Beautiful Weequahic Park directly opposite. Flat roofs not allowed. No more than 2½ stories. All houses built uniform distance from street. Streets paved, with parkways in centre. Water, gas, and electric lights; sewer mains laid, with connections to curb line.
Take Lehigh Valley Train (Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries,) 12:25 Boat, 23d St.; 12:45 Boat, Cortlandt St., (Sunday,) and get off at Parkview Station.
Take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania, or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark and take Mt. Prospect Av. or Main Line trolleys to the property.
FRANK J. BOCK
800 BROAD ST. NEWARK

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, Llewellyn Park, exchange considered. Address Room 1,016, 32 Union Square.

Bargains; farms; acreage; country homes everywhere, all kinds; list mailed. Lebrecher, Little House, Manhattan.

MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY.

Gentleman's country place and farm, consisting of 360 acres; large frontage on both sides of road leading from Morristown to Bernardsville; manor house contains over 30 rooms, 5 bath rooms, music room and billiard room; 3 farm houses, barns and poultry plant; owner of this place now lives permanently in Europe, and it will be sold at a great sacrifice. For full particulars see
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149TH ST. AND 3D AV.

OAKCROFT, UPPER MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Foothills of the Orange Mountains, 420 feet above sea level; 40 minutes from New York; 5 minutes' walk as the clock ticks from Erie Station; lawned, sewered, curbed, and guttered; macadam roads; gas, water, electricity, telephone, drainage, underdrainage; park effect; schools, High Schools, churches; quaint cement stucco houses, superbly built, or houses built to order if desired, or lots sold; terms to suit; booklet on demand. Godfrey Land & Building Co., Upper Montclair, N. J.

Farms at farmer's prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

FINE OLD RESIDENCE, CHOICE CORNER PROPERTY, NEAR DEPOT; TWENTY-FIVE MILES FROM NEW YORK ON NEW JERSEY & NEW YORK RAILROAD; REMOVAL OF BUSINESS INTERESTS REQUIRES CHANGE OF RESIDENCE OF PRESENT OWNER, HENCE THE LOW PRICE, $6,000. S 146 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

1,000 ACRES

Bungalow, quarter-half acre, proposition; thirty miles; near station; 100-acre lake; $130 per acre; terms. Strohm, 110 West 34th St.

REAL ESTATE.

City & Suburban Homes Co.
ASSETS NEARLY $6,000,000.
AGENTS
For First-Class Apartment Houses, Flats and Tenements.
Send for our report showing rents collected, with losses, which speaks for itself.
Benefit by our experience and increase your income.
Main office, 281 4th Av., New York.
Tel. 6137-6138 Gramercy.

JOHNSTON & HENDERSON
TIMBER AND AGRICULTURAL LANDS
115 Broadway. Room 605.
AGENTS FOR
TAMPA BAY LAND CO.
$6.13 monthly pays for $1,000 gold bond. Write 1 West 34th St. Suite 209.

East Side.

THE HILLHURST
160 EAST 91ST STREET
LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS—TASTEFUL DECORATIONS—POLITE ATTENDANTS.
$16 HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS. $40
UNFURNISHED.
4 Rooms and Bath.....$33.00
5 Rooms and Bath..... 35.00
MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
TWO OTIS PASSENGER LIFTS.
Free private 'phone in each apartment, Night and day service.
MEALS SERVED IN PRIVATE DINING ROOM IF DESIRED.

MT. MORRIS
Cor. 126th St. and 5th Ave.
High Class modern apartments with elevator, hall and telephone service.
8 rooms and 2 baths.....$1,300
7 rooms and bath.....$720 to $1,000
Libera concessions will be made on account of lateness of season.
PORTER & CO.,
149 W. 125TH ST.

THE ALVARADO,
S.E. cor. 80th St., Park Av.
High-class Apartments, seven, eight, and nine rooms, two baths, equipped with latest appliances; rents $1,300 to $1,900. Supt.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., s e. cor. 99th St.—Beautiful outside apartment; $50 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity, all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

The BELNORD

(ONE ENTIRE SQUARE BLOCK),
Broadway, Amsterdam Av., 86th to 87th Street.
The largest and best appointed apartment house in the world.
7 outside rooms and up; 2, 3 and 4 bathrooms.
Rentals $2,100 upward.
Representative on premises at all hours to show apartments.
Illustrated Booklet upon application.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents.
Office on premises—2364 Broadway.
Telephone, 10400—River.

PAUL REVERE
Elevator Apartments
Convent Av. and 147th St.
4 AND 5 ROOMS.
All Outside Rooms.
Convenient to subway, elevated and all surface lines; all night elevator service; strictly first class in every detail; $600-$900.

THE MAJESTIC
St. Nicholas Ave., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
Absolutely Fireproof
7 and 8 Large Rooms.
Rents $660 to $1080
Including Electric Light and Cold Storage. Continuous Elevator Service. Subway, Elevated, Surface Lines.
DU BOIS & TAYLOR,
3555 Broadway (146th St.)

STERLING COURT
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
4, 5, 6 Rooms & Bath, $36 to $55.
N.W. Cor. Audubon Av. & 181st
HEALTHIEST PART OF CITY.
Convenient to Subway; all improvements; telephone; service night and day.

TO SUBLET

Unfurnished corner apartment, 5 large rooms; elevator; all improvements; beautiful location on Washington Heights, convenient to Subway; rent $50; liberal concession. See Superintendent on premises, 94 Hamilton Place, corner 141st St., or telephone 6848 Cortlandt.

MARLEN COURT,
S. E. COR. BROADWAY AND 179TH ST.
Contains all the improvements ordinarily found only in more expensive apartments.
4, 5, 6, & 7 ROOMS & BATH, $35-$75.
R. S. JENNINGS & CO.
AGENTS ON PREMISES.

ATTENTION!
Suite of 4 rooms, very large ballroom, large reception room, large library, large sun room, gorgeously decorated, in private house; enormous grounds, river front; auto garage; running water, steam heat; Subway station at entrance; 35 minutes City Hall; suitable for club or private purpose. Telephone 948—Audubon; reasonable. Marble House, Broadway, 215th St.

STERLING, 203 WEST 118TH ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENTS $50 TO $70.

122d St., 288 West.—Eight large, light rooms; thorough modern improvements; bath, steam; $39. Janitor.

West End Ave., 407-409; elevator apartments; night service; 5-6 rms. Apply on premises.

Euclid Hall
Broadway, West Side, 85th and 86th Sts.
9 and 11 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.
RENTS, $2,000 to $3,000 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.
All-night elevator service.
Eight large rooms and two baths.

Covent Garden
APARTMENTS.
St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park.
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT, LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.
Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court,
746 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator service and steam heat. 4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court,
108-116 W. 141st St.
5 and 6 Rooms
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
$32.50 to $50.00 per Month.
APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO., 149 Church St., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ANDERSON
102 WEST 80TH.
Cozy modern family hotel.
One, two, and three rooms, with baths, furnished and unfurnished; American dining room.

No. 4 West 103d St.
Seven and eight light rooms; modern; convenient to Park and all car lines. Rents $46, $47.50.
John R. Davidson, 879 Columbus Av., (103d.)

84th St., 25 West.—Seven large, light rooms and bath; all improvements.

Bronx.

THE HILLCREST
Woodycrest Av. & 166th St
Two short blocks east of Ogden Av.
These exquisite new non-elevator apartments are of a superior construction and finish, surpassing anything in the Bronx.
The improvements include long-distance telephone, electric lights, tiled bathrooms, open nickel plumbing, Dutch shelves, &c.
4, 5, and 6 Large Rooms.
RENTS REDUCED.
Superintendent on premises

KEMP-JONES APARTMENTS,
ON ANDERSON AVE.,
near Jerome Ave. & 161st St.
on the Carnegie Hill of the Bronx.
Refined neighborhood; restricted section; near Park and Athletic Grounds.
4, 5, 6 ROOMS, $28-$45.
Every improvement, including electric light, telephone, &c.
Convenient to 155th St. 6th-9th Av. "L." 161st St. B'way Subway via Ogden Av. car.

Cathedral Heights, $40.
Elevator; five rooms. 509 West 112th St.

7TH AV., 2,256, (132d.)—Six rooms, bath; heated; quiet house; convenient to L, subway; $28.

East Side.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 EAST 24TH STREET.
Large Apartments to Rent.

86th St., 13 East, (near 5th Av.)—Two large rooms and bath; electric light, telephone, and maid service, newly decorated; exceptionally refined neighborhood.

88th St., 14-16-18 East.—Six and seven rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water; $38 and $40. Apply janitor.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
Only a few left at special prices.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 7 rooms and bath, $28 to $45.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS.
5 and 6 rooms and bath $26 to $33.
All large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW!
Apply to Rental Office, 935 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

152D ST., 301 EAST.
Three nice rooms and bath; rent $10.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Slight Traces of Lead in Enamel Does Not Change Classification.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has sustained a protest filed by the Standard Varnish Company of New York regarding the classification of white enamel. Acting on a report from the Appraiser of the Port, Collector Loeb exacted a duty of 35 per cent., under the provision in the Dingley tariff for "varnish."

According to the importers, the merchandise is entitled to enter as "paint" with a tax of 1¾ per cent. per pound. One of the reasons influencing the classification of the article as "varnish" was that the Government chemist, who made the analysis, stated he found "traces of lead" in the article. At the hearing, the chemist explained that the amount of lead in the white enamel was infinitesimal, and that it probably found its way into the article as an impurity in the oxide of zinc, and that it was not present as a result of deliberate introduction.

General Appraiser McClelland in his decision for the board, says that on the record submitted the importers are entitled to the lower rate of duty. The decision of the Collector is reversed.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LOUIS M. FISHER.—Louis M. Fisher, salesman, 203 East Sixty-ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,154 and assets of $12 cash. The Twelfth Ward Bank is a creditor for $924.

HYMAN HODES.—Hyman Hodes, living at 1,833 Madison Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,188 and no assets. He was a partner in the firm of Isaac & Hyman Hodes, manufacturers of cloaks and suits, in 1904.

GOLDSTEIN & HEIDT.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Goldstein & Heidt, cloak manufacturers at 102 Greene Street, show liabilities of $4,428, and assets consisting of stock, fixtures, and accounts, amounts unknown, in the hands of the receiver. They owe $400 for wages.

YOUNGERMAN & COHEN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Youngerman & Cohen, manufacturers of skirts and suits at 110 West Fourteenth Street, show liabilities of $2,973 and assets of $2,878, consisting of stock, $85; machines, $951; accounts, $1,828, and cash in bank, $13.

I. WILDENBERG & SONS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of I. Wildenberg & Sons, manufacturers of bonnet frames at 5 Great Jones Street, show liabilities of $5,162 and assets of $3,208, consisting of stock and materials, $2,000; machines and fixtures, $1,000; accounts, $200, and cash in bank, $3.

PEERLESS SPECIALTY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Peerless Specialty Company, manufacturer of speedometers for automobiles, 1,876 Broadway, show liabilities of $7,314 and assets of $1,359, consisting of stock and materials, $446; equity in machinery, $785, and accounts, $128. The machinery is valued at $2,000, subject to a chattel mortgage of $1,215.

PARISIAN IMPORTING COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Parisian Importing Company, fancy feathers, 10 Waverley Place, show liabilities of $5,938 and assets of $3,002, consisting of stock, $2,000; fixtures, $500; accounts not assigned, $500, and cash in bank, $2. The largest creditors are the Columbia Dye Works, $1,607, and Max Wohl of Vienna, $1,200. The company owes $300 for wages.

HARRY KOVNER.—Harry Kovner, real estate dealer 204 West 119th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $38,262, of which $28,000 are secured by bond and mortgage, and no assets. Among the creditors are the estate of Henry F. W. Poggenberg, $16,000, secured; estate of George H. Fahrbach, $12,000, secured, and Max Wachsman and Joseph Isaacs, $9,912 on two deficiency judgments.

S. GRULIN & CO.—Judge Holt has appointed Marcus Helfand receiver in bankruptcy of Samuel Grulin, who did business as S. Grulin & Co., billiard parlor and dealer in electrical goods, at 1,947 Broadway, with a bond of $1,000, and granted an order restraining George Engensweiler, who has a bill of sale of the billiard business; Harry C. Rice, who has a chattel mortgage on nineteen billiard tables, and Julius Lewis, who claims a lien, from disposing of any of the property which has been transferred to them.

MAX SIEGEL.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Siegel, retail dealer in dress goods at 1,388 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $125; Ozdoba Brothers, $250, and Bradford Woolen Company, $200. It was alleged that he is insolvent, made preferential payments, and transferred property. Judge Holt appointed Benjamin W. B. Brown receiver. The liabilities are $5,000, and the assets $2,000. A few days ago he offered to compromise at 30 cents on the dollar.

EDWARD B. UNDERHILL.—Edward B. Underhill, living at 500 West 143d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $9,673 and assets of $115 in a debt due him. From Oct. 1, 1906, to Jan. 1, 1908, he was in the automobile business at 1,531 Broadway, under the trade name of Ralph Joyce. Since then he has been treasurer of the Vanderbilt Cup Garage, a corporation, at 62 West Forty-third Street, and has guaranteed to pay some of the debts of that company. Among his creditors are Ralph W. Mayer of London, $5,000 on a note; A. R. Rice, Waltham, Mass., $1,000; Howard Longstreth, Philadelphia, $1,000, and Pyramid Motor Car Company, $600.

L. MAINTHOW & BROTHERS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Leopold, Walter J., and Samuel M. Mainthow, who compose the firm of L. Mainthow & Brothers, manufacturers of infants' wear, 17 and 19 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $500; James H. Dunham & Co., $100, and Tefft-Weller Company, $100. It was alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments, and transferred accounts of over $5,000. They have been in business since 1898, and formerly claimed to have a capital of over $30,000. Judge Holt appointed Walter C. Low receiver, with a bond of $4,000, on application of Charles L. Greenhall, who said that the liabilities are $35,000 and the assets $8,000, consisting of stock, $5,000, and equity in accounts, $3,000.

W. B. SMITH & CO.—A meeting of creditors of W. B. Smith & Co., stock brokers, 11 Broadway, was held yesterday at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, at 120 Broadway, to prove claims and elect a trustee. A number of claims were filed and Gerrard Glenn, the receiver, was elected trustee and his bond was fixed at $25,000. He has about $28,000 cash, realized so far out of the assets, and two suits for reclamation of stocks are pending against him. The schedules showed liabilities of $641,700 and nominal assets of $159,486. W. B. Smith and William H. Osborne, the partners, were briefly examined about the collateral pledged for a loan with the National Reserve Bank, and what firms in the Cotton Exchange the bankrupts did business with.

Judgments.

These judgments, for amounts for more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ainslie, George H.—American Newspaper Publishers' Associaton, $265.
Allegro, Michael, (not summoned)—J. Newmark, $214.
Allen, Ruth—Holbrook & Schafer, $113.
Adler, Jacob P.—T. Goldenberg, $247.
Bertsch, Alfred and Caroline R.—A. Smith, $2,306.
Borel, Arthur—Knickerbocker Leather Co., $665.
Baltes, Fernando, Jr.—C. E. Ellis, $325.
Benson, William R.—L. Cohen, $161.
Benedetto, Goffredo and Katie, et al.—Frank Brewery, $105.
Batonyi, Aurel—F. Batonyi, costs, $230.
Burr, Nelson R.—Hewitt Motor Co., $284.
Cohen, William—O. A. Venderlyn, $1,702.
Chenkin, Bernard—Burns Bros., $288.
Cava, Stephen, (not summoned,) et al.—Frank Brewery, $195.
Cook, Henry L.—Bronx Investment Co., $121.
Davison, Simon, et al.—S. Ofsay, $224.
Duckworth, Le Roy, et al.—District No. 1 of the Independent Order Banai Berith, $101.
Doyle, Andrew T.—W. A. Schumacher, $775.
Duberstein, Fanny—M. B. Dun et al., $102.
Druskin, Louis, et al.—S. Adelson et al., $251.
Franck, Carl—Byron W. Greene, Jr., Co., $123.
Fox, Florence—E. Carson, $236.
Ginsberg, Rae—M. D. Williamson Co., $459.
Gardiner, Stephen H., et al.—New Beaver Street Corporation, $271.
George, Albert, et al.—District No. 1 of the Independent Order Banai Berith, $101.
Graham, John H.—J. J. Carney, $142.
Grossman, Alexander R., et al.—C. W. Wall, $131.
Gray, Viola, (not summoned,) et al.—C. W. Wall, $131.
Gruhn, Samuel—German-American Electric Co., $926.
Gordon, Samuel, et al.—D. A. Spellissy, costs, $151.
Goodhart, William A., executor—Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias, $1,016.
Glass, Julius—G. Marks et al., $206.
Holl, John—Burns Bros., $107.
Heinze, Arthur P.—Carnegie Trust Co., $1,653.
Jacobs, Samuel M., (not summoned,) et al.—S. Adelson et al., $215.
Keyser, Jerome H., et al.—C. H. Nolte et al., $240.
Kroutil, Frank—J. C. Bogert Co., $490.
Kampf, John W.—L. Lauterstein, $122.
Linde, Charles F.—Burns Brothers, $111.
Loewenthal, Irwin S.—R. L. Gray, $199.
Lancaster, Frederick J.—E. O. Roosslo, $7,314.
Marcus, Ike, (not summoned,) et al.—M. Frankel, $124.
Moore, J. Clifford—C. G. Alleyn, $519.
Missildine, Arthur H.—C. P. Caldwell, $1,477.
MacFarland, John J., (not summoned,) et al.—District No. 1 of the Independent Order Banai Berith, $101.
MacPherson, Janne—J. Rothschild, $123.
Muller, William—M. Felleman Distillery Co., $217.
Mooney, William L.—W. R. Callen, $874.
Mordecai, Goodman L.—W. F. Butcher, $1,019.
Mark, John W., Charles W., Jacob L., Margaret, Amelia—W. Kidde, agent, $603.
McDonald, Patrick—W. H. Ogle, $471.
Nickerson, Gertrude—R. Tumey, $157.
Pollack, Abraham, et al.—S. Ofsay, $284.
Peck, Eliza E. K., et al.—W. R. Wilson, $1,145.
Pacher, Anna M.—H. Buttner, $103.
Remkel, Maurice, et al.—J. Newmark, $214.
Roberts, Joseph B., et al.—W. R. Wilson, $1,145.
Rosenfeld, Monroe & Ray—Schwartz Plumbing Supply Co., $139.
Rothenbucher, Auguste—Citizens' Trust Co., $144.
Siegelschipper, Harris, et al.—M. Frankel, $124.
Strauss, Joseph H., et al.—C. H. Nolte et al., $340.
Schneider, Jacob and Michael, (not summoned) —Burns Brothers, $464.
Starr, John K.—People, &c., $101.
Scott, John C. and Mary—D. Rosenberg, $221.
Thompson, R. Percy—Long Acre Motor Co., $120.
Tannenbaum, Emanuel—Northern Bank of New York, $1,642.
Van Blaricom, Charles W.—M. Maxwell et al., $167.
Wicker, Cassius M.—Burns Bros., $345.
Weingerath, William—Standard Plumbing Supply Co., $287.
Zilz, Max, et al.—New Beaver Street Corporation, $271.
Berliner & Greenberg, Inc.—Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., $172.
Bisch-Hoof Realty Construction Co. et al.—J. Newmark, $214.
Alliegro & Spallone Construction Co. (not summoned) et al.—J. Newmark, $214.
B. A. and S. N. Williams—F. C. Meyer, costs, $122.
Witmer-Jaffer Realty Co.—D. Caroline et al., costs, $157.
Wallington Fruit Co.—John Nixon, $2,536.
City of New York—J. Kelly, $250.
Jencick Motor Mfg. Co.—G. T. Govilliam, $158.
L. F. Higinbotham Co.—C. Kahlen, $208.
Ficklin Concrete Construction Co.—W. L. Treat, $238.
Union Railway Co. of New York City—M. Bowles, $334
R. J. Sovereign Co.—Donegan & Swift, $134.
Central R. R. of N. J.—E. J. Willets, $1,133.
City of New York—Sherman Apartment Hotel Co., costs, $148.
A. Shatzkin & Sons, Inc.—Melrose Realty Co., $261.
City of New York—C. B. Cosgrove, $414.
Cherry Autocab Co.—P. Karsten, $376.
Lee Co.—Atlantic Advertising Service, $108.
National Surety Co.—M. J. Bormay, $1,104.
Independent Order Ahawas Israel—S. Wilner, $809.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Chichester, Daniel—P. Owen, June 6, 1905, $214.
Donohue John—L. Kaufold, Oct. 29, 1909, $883.
Hertel, Frank P., et al.—C. L. Adams et al., Oct. 27, 1908, $131.
Bossler, Philip J., et al.—C. L. Adams et al., Oct. 27, 1908, $131.
Kreilsheimer, Max—United States Exchange Bank, April 16, 1909, $1,550.
Koblich, Joseph—T. W. Freiwald, Dec. 1, 1908, $906.
Monomey Co.—H. Wartell, Oct. 27, 1909, $169.
Rozinsky, Jacob—H. Boessneck et al., Jan. 6, 1897, (canceled,) $4,818.
Ell, Eugene—W. Blenn, Aug. 2, 1909, $261.
Butler, Jacob D. and Carrie M.—L. H. Wenzel Co., Oct. 19, 1904, $519.
Same—Same, Oct. 19, 1904, $519.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; H. Shartenberg, dry goods; 75 Spring Street.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; G. Melin, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street.
Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. K. Stanley, silks; F. A. Howes, books; 75 Spring Street.
Bacon, J., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; J. T. Middleton, dress goods, silks, and ribbons; 214 Church Street.
Starr, L., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss F. Prescott, cloaks, suits, and millinery; Hotel Brozell.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; M. V. Scott, jewelry; Mrs. N. B. Falkins, linings; 41 Union Square.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. D. Sanfield, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; W. E. Tiffney, silks; 75 Spring Street.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. C. Truxes, laces; 214 Church Street.
McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; J. Conn, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street.
Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Company, Atlanta, Ga.; E. R. Dubose, dry goods; G. H. Jones, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; F. A. Burdick, suits; J. J. Whittaker, ribbons; F. W. Edgill, boys' clothing; W. S. Tufts, laces; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; Mrs. A. Leary, infants' wear; E. J. Feeney, white goods; 31 Union Square.
Houston, J. A., Company, Boston, Mass.; H. W. Atkins, laces and ladies' neckwear; E. P. Clancy, general merchandise; 458 Broadway.
Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Baer, boys' and children's clothing; 648 Broadway.
Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; Miss M. Gel, waists; 20 East Twentieth Street.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; A. T. Williams, upholstery goods; 214 Church Street.
Hochschild, Kahn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss C. H. Fuld, infants' and children's wear; 31 Union Square.
Ives, Upham & Rand, Meriden, Conn.; C. L. Upham, dry goods; 75 Spring Street.
Gilchrist & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. N. Clark, silks; 57 White Street.
MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. T. Cosgrove, silks; 57 White Street.
Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss C. Kavanagh, knit underwear, ladies' and children's wear; 350 Broadway.
Halle Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; S. P. Halle, dry goods; 31 Union Square.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. P. Slattery, dress goods and silks; Hotel Broztell.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Troy, N. Y.; G. R. Edwards, dress goods; Hotel Broztell.
Rathbun & Co., Utica, N. Y.; F. B. Rathbun, domestics and dress goods; Hotel Broztell.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; D. R. McGonigal, silks; Hotel York.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; E. S. Malvern, hosiery, gloves, and knit underwear; Miss M. L. Lehr, ladies' and infants' wear; J. Barker, house furnishing goods; 41 Union Square.
Chicago Merchandise Company, Chicago, Ill.; L. Ringleman, silks, ribbons, and laces; 621 Broadway.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; J. H. Galligan, notions and laces; 57 White Street.
Brenner Company, Sacramento, Cal.; C. W. Frazier carpets; G. Gifford, carpets; The Breslin.
Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; C. L. Kreskky, domestics and dress goods; Hoffman House.
Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; E. H. Wade, china; 396 Broadway; Hotel Albany.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. Goldenberg, silks; Hotel Albert.
Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; I. I. Wolf, clothing; L. Michaels, furnishing goods; A. Delwe; carpets; Hotel Marlborough.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. M. Morton, infants' wear; D. E. Walsh, wash goods; 31 Union Square.
England Brothers, Pittsfield, Mass.; B. M. England, cloths and trimmings; 75 Spring Street.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; F. D. Perry, dry goods; 493 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; C. M. Shartzer silks; 57 White Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; G. C. Abergast, notions and jewelry; 2 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Bunce, J. H., Company, Middleton, Conn.; C. W. Cramer, dress and wash goods; 75 Spring Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. E. Beck, dress goods, silks, and novelties; Hotel Imperial.
Sommers, G., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; H. S. Sommers, notions and jewelry; 355 Broadway.
Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; B. A. Sponye, clothing and furnishing goods; 45 West Twenty-sixth Street.
Schloss Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; N. Schloss, clothing; 753 Broadway.
Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; C. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; Herald Square Hotel.
Gladding, B., Dry Goods Company, Providence, R. I.; G. F. Pfeiffer, handkerchiefs, laces, and umbrellas; Hotel Wolcott.
Woodward & Lathrop, Washington, D. C.; Miss Wenner, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wolcott.
Stevens, C. A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. A. Lehman, cloaks; 487 Broadway.
Cahn-Coblens Company, Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. E. Kivlan, laces; Hotel Imperial.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, hosiery and underwear; 57 White Street.
O'Neil, M., & Akron, Ohio; A. M. Barber, furnishing goods; 455 Broadway.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; C. H. Baker, domestics; 214 Church Street.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; T. N. Wilson, cloaks and suits; J. J. Dunnett, silks; 57 White Street.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, silks; 57 White Street.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; W. Keir, dry goods; Hotel Grand.
Fair, Chicago, Ill.; George W. Mittler, ladies' neckwear, laces, and embroideries; F. Wise, linens, white goods, and handkerchiefs; 684 Broadway.
Wallace, J., & Sons, Stroudsburg, Penn.; C. D. Wallace, dry goods; The Breslin.
Gutman, Nathan & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss L. Wise, muslin underwear, waists, and infants' wear; The Breslin.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss N. McNamara, art novelties; Miss S. McKenna, laces and dress trimmings; 72 Leonard Street.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. K. Hermes, rugs; 450 Broome Street; Hotel Navarre.
Jorde, W. P., & Co., Wilmington, Conn.; W. P. Jorde, notions and hosiery; Hotel Navarre.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. L. Hall, notions; Hotel Navarre.
Grinsfelder, J., & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; D. J. Grinsfelder, silks; Hotel York.
Mann & Anker, Albany, N. Y.; L. Mann, cloaks; The Hermitage.
Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; F. C. Feckenscher, furnishing goods and hosiery; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Baer, L., Monroe, La.; dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. Wolf, cloaks and suits; Hotel Marlborough.
Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.; I. Wise, cloaks, suits, and waists; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Beekman's, New Orleans, La.; R. Beekman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wellington.
McCarren Millinery Company, Kansas City, Mo.; E. McCarren, millinery; Hotel Wellington.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; H. G. Cloyes, notions, ribbons, and leather goods; King Edward Hotel.
Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co., Portland, Me.; A. L. Homme, dry goods; 57 White Street; The Hermitage.
Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. S. Hutzler, ladies' neckwear, laces, and trimmings; Hoffman House.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. N. White, silks and ribbons; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; G. W. Landon, laces; 41 Union Square; Hotel Victoria.
Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; G. A. McLean, notions, hosiery, gloves, corsets, and underwear; Hotel Broztell.

SALESMAN traveling South open for dozens in connection with staple G. I. Stores, Union Square.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising in this department telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
W. A. Anderson & Co., 81-83 Fulton St.
AUTOMOBILE TRUNKS.
Ajax Trunk & Sample Case Co., 91-93 Mercer.
BOOKS.
The Baker & Taylor Co., 33-37 E. 17th St.
CANDIES.
Beinhauer Bros. Candy Co., 617-623 W. 47th.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av. cor. 17th.
JEWELRY.
S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane.
JEWELRY BOXES & Window Novelties.
Albert Borgzinner & Co., 66 Nassau St.
Worsheim & Sachs, 35 Maiden Lane.
KNIT UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Ave.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach 842-844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Kelser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
SOLIDSILK SCARVES, Louis Auerbach, 846 B'way.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
RIBBONS.
Manhattan Ribbon Co., 96-98 Prince St.
SELECTED ITALIAN WINES.
Francesco Tocci, 520 Broadway.
SMYRNA RUGS.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366,370 Fifth Av.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
PLAYMATE TOY MFG. CO., 6 E. 14th St.
Makers of all kinds of stuffed toys.
WATCHES—American.
Louis Manheimer & Bros., 85 Maiden Lane.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

AUCTION SALES.

$20,000 inventoried choice high-grade line of TAFFETA, MESSALINE, MOIRE AND LACE

SHIRT WAISTS

Positively the finest ever placed on auction sale. A swell line of high cost

LADIES' DRESSES

Comprising most modern, up-to-date models and variety of elegant fabrics and colors.
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CORSET COVERS
An Expensive and High-Grade Line of

FURS

SCARFS, MUFFS, FUR COATS,
Caracul, Pony, Lynx, Mink, Ermine, Skunk, Etc.

D. HARTMANN, AUCTIONEER,
sells To-day, Wed., Nov. 10th,
10:30 A. M., AT SALESROOM,
22-24 Lispenard St., N. Y. C.
the above very fine and seasonable offering. This sale is of unqualified merit, every item of high-grade production, and must interest buyers generally. Auctioneer's Telephone, 534 Franklin.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., Auctioneers,
Tel. 2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day, Wednesday, Nov. 10th, 10:30 A. M.
Special peremptory auction sale
3,500 LADIES'

DRESSES

IN JERSEYS, BROADCLOTHS, PRUNELLAS, SERGES, TAFFETTA, MESSALINE, AND CHECKS, all of best makes and newest effects.
800 Doz. Shirtwaists
in flannel, taffeta, lawn, lingerie & net.
5,000 Ladies' Skirts
IN VOILES, PANAMAS, &c.
COAT SUITS, LONG COATS, CAPES;
ALSO HIGH-CLASS STOCK OF
MEN'S AND LADIES'

FURS

and fur-lined coats,
mink, otter, caracul, pony, muskrat; 50 inches long; values from $55 to $325 each.
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Christman Pianos

Prominent artists speak highly of the "CHRISTMAN"—grow enthusiastic over their wonderful tone. Prices are lower than any other high-class piano. Call, listen, and judge for yourself.

BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK.

Christman Upright	$225
Steinway Upright	275
Bohmer Upright	200
Weber Upright	175
Everett Upright	150
Angelus Player Piano	50
Square Pianos from	15

Christman Sons, 35 West 14th St.

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FOR RENT, STEINWAY'S, WEBER'S and other high grade pianos. Month or season. Also for SALE for CASH or on EASY PAYMENTS.
18 WEST 37th ST., near 5th Avenue.

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O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS
sold at factory prices on easy payments. Players, self-playing pianos. Open evenings. 1,518 Third Av., near 86th St., Manhattan. 2,999 Third Av., near 151st St., Bronx.

$125 Gabler upright, $4 monthly until paid; $80 Steinway & Sons, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., one block from Borough Hall Subway, Brooklyn. Open evenings.

USED PIANOS | To be sold this week at Great Sacrifices. Prices $40, $75, $100, $125, $150, $175, $200, $250. | BIDDLE, 4-6 WEST 125TH ST.

Bargains.—Used uprights, good condition; $65; easy payments; rentals. Ouvrier Bros., 13 East 14th.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Hotel Wellington

Seventh Avenue & 55th St.
Best located family and transient Hotel in the city.
Apartments furnished and unfurnished now leasing for fall and winter.
J. F. CHAMPLIN, Mgr.

You must live somewhere, why not at HOTEL FREDERICK ? WEST 56TH ST.,
between Seventh Av. and Broadway; finest location in the city; only three blocks from Central Park.—Rooms and private bath, American plan, $20aweek; Parlor, Bedroom, and private bath, American plan, with board for two, $35 a week; greatest value in New York for the money; elevator service day and night; telephone in every room; large Rooms, extra large closets. Fireproof hotel. Special monthly rates. Meals a la carte if desired. Transient rates: Room and private bath, $1.50 a day; two rooms and private bath for one or two persons, $2.00 a day.

EGYPTIAN HOTELS.

CAIRO (Egypt)

The SAVOY HOTEL.
THE MOST FASHIONABLE.
PATRONIZED BY ROYALTY.

The CONTINENTAL.
Splendid open situation.
Opposite Esvekyeh Gdns. and Opera.
300 rooms, 400 beds. Moderate terms.

The ANGLETERRE.
The Family Hotel par excellence.
Comfort, quietness, and moderate terms.
A. WILD, General Manager.
Same management as MENA HOUSE and HELOUAN GRAND HOTEL.
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Brooklyn.

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Brooklyn—On the Heights.
Montague, Hicks, and Remsen Sts.
A New High-Class FAMILY HOTEL
Absolutely fireproof. Situated in the most Aristocratic and Delightful Section of Brooklyn. Spacious Lobby, richly furnished and decorated.
Apartments, luxuriously furnished or unfurnished, may now be leased. Furnished Apartments by week, month, or season. European Plan.
Very attractive RESTAURANT and PALM ROOM open until 1 A. M. for Dinners, Suppers, Theatre Parties, and Weddings.
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AS our salesmen have returned from the road, we clear out their traveling sample lines of FUR HATS, MUFFS AND COLLARS, &C., of finest quality and make, from $3 up, at ⅓ off cost price.
THE FASHION FUR CO.,
The Monolith Building,
45 WEST 34TH ST., SUITE 508.
Take elevator. 'Phone, 478—Murray Hill.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ADAMS REPAIR COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this court, the undersigned will sell, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, the assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of automobile parts, tools, repair materials, machinery, office fixtures, and appurtenances of plant situated at 244 West 49th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of November, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. The property may be inspected on any day prior to sale between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.
JOHN V. IRWIN, Receiver.
ROBERTS & HEPBURN, Attorneys for Receiver, 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL HYMAN and MORRIS HYMAN, trading under the firm name of HYMAN BROS., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 107 Bleecker St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of piece goods, woolens, cutting machines, Singer sewing machines, cutting boards, safe, motor, fixtures, &c.
WILLIAM HENKEL, JR., Receiver.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ATLAS BOOKING CIRCUIT, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1909, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 33th St. and Broadway, Knickerbocker Building, Room 426, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, &c.
CHARLES L. COHN.
Receiver, 271 Broadway, New York.
ARNOLD LICHTIG, Attorney for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of L. F. HIGGINBOTHAM CO., Bankrupt.
Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1909, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 61 West 37th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of artists' material, supplies, show cases, stationery, safe, typewriter, office fixtures, &c.
WALTER CARROLL LOW, Receiver.
JOSEPH STEINBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 12,440.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON S. PEARLMAN and SAMUEL HARRIS, individually and trading as PEARLMAN & HARRIS, bankrupts.

To the creditors of Solomon S. Pearlman and Samuel Harris, individually and trading as Pearlman & Harris, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said Solomon S. Pearlman and Samuel Harris, individually and trading as Pearlman & Harris, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1909, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 6th, 1909.

NO. 12,859.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of NAJEEB NAJA, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Najeeb Naja of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said Najeeb Naja was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1909, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 6th, 1909.

NO. 12,869.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISAAC NAGEL, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isaac Nagel of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1909, the said Isaac Nagel was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1909, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 8th, 1909.

NO. 12,215.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM SCHEUER, bankrupt.

To the creditors of William Scheuer of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1909, the said William Scheuer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1909, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 6th, 1909.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PIETRO FERRI, Bankrupt.—No. 12,877.

To the creditors of Pietro Ferri of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of November, 1909, the said Pietro Ferri was duly adjudicated bankrupt

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent double-entry bookkeeper, one who can take trial balance; must be stenographer; $15; architect's office. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

TYPIST.—Young lady between 20-25, familiar with literary work; accuracy, neatness essential; moderate salary to start. S 143 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating in Central office; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 W. Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., B'KLYN.

AISLE MANAGERS—Require several competent Aisle Managers, having had experience with first-class houses.

Also

UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM can use several upholsterers on fine furniture. Apply by mail or in person to General Superintendent.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, seniors, to leave New York for permanent positions in Western branch office of Certified Accountants; single men preferred; only those need apply who have had thorough training in public accountancy, and can produce unquestionable references; in answering give full particulars as to experience, age, salary expected, &c.; applications which are not full and complete will be ignored. Address S 152 Times Downtown.

BELLBOY.—Must have reference. 19 East 32d St.

BOND SALESMEN for old established firm; must be energetic and reliable; exceptional attractive arrangements will be made with the right men. W. B. Carlton, Room 64, 27 East 23d St., New York.

BUSINESS GETTER.—Able, tactful gentleman to represent well known mercantile agency and solicit business in New York and United States; on commission at first; for man who makes good, permanent, desirable connection with salary or drawing account. Address Secretary, Box 1,495, General Post Office, New York.

DRAFTSMAN.—A first-class man, familiar with the designing of small electric apparatus. Western Electrical Co., Employment Dept., 57 Bethune St.

EXPERIENCED bond and stock salesmen for an attractive proposition, which is to be extensively advertised; first-class, energetic men of good character only need apply; exceptional opportunity for the right men. H. G., Box 206 Madison Square, New York.

FROM $100 to $500 per week can be made easily by stock salesmen handling a sound security that has a world-wide field. Everybody knows of it. Three factories cannot supply the present demand, which is increasing at a tremendous pace. The revenue this year—only two years established—will approximate $1,000,000. Call and see if it is not the best and soundest proposition you ever investigated.

Room 921, 5 Beaver St.

JANITOR, experienced with steam heat and repairs, for three flats, downtown. Inquire, 9 to 11 A. M., 232 Broome St.

OFFICE BOYS.—Bright, clean boys for office work; excellent opportunity and quick advancement; must be public school graduates. Apply to the Western Electric Co., Employment Dept., 57 Bethune St., N. Y. City.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.
REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.
A man possessing high-class selling ability and extensive acquaintance among well-to-do people, wanted to sell seashore real estate. This is a dignified proposition, and the property is the best of its kind. We want only a high-grade man, and we prefer ability and personality to experience in this business. The compensation will be suitable for the ability demanded. Seashore, 187 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN. — WANTED. TWO EXPERIenced salesmen for high-class advertising proposition to manufacturers and best trade in New York City and vicinity; prefer men now employed, able to demonstrate ability to earn $4,000 to $6,000 per year; begin Dec. 15; permanent position; exclusive territory; liberal commission basis; write, giving full information and telephone number; Sales Manager in city until Friday night. Address O 8 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN, (3.)—A LARGE CORPORATION REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF THREE HIGH-GRADE SALESMEN; MEN WITH EXPERIENCE IN REAL ESTATE STOCKS, OR INSURANCE PREFERRED; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO CAPABLE MEN. ADDRESS BOX M 105 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

SALESMEN.—Woodward & Tiernan Printing Co. wants two high-grade calendar salesmen for the 1911 Woodward line in New York City and vicinity; come prepared to show sales for past year, and established trade. Sales Manager in city until Friday night. Call 9 to 12 A. M., 101 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted by the largest calendar house in America for their combined lines of high-grade domestic art advertising calendars, imported lithographs, leather goods, signs, and decalcomanias; all subjects are copyrighted and are for exclusive sale only; the most liberal contract offered to men with established trade; only experienced men need apply; all communications strictly confidential. Address Wolf & Co., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED SILK PETTICOAT SALESMAN FOR THE MIDDLE WEST TO HANDLE ONE OF THE STRONGEST LINES; ONLY THOSE COMMANDING TRADE NEED APPLY. ADDRESS S. P., BOX 202 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN for kimonos lines out of city; good commission offered; good reference and security. Call 9 to 11 A. M., R. Tahan & Co., 98 Washington St., New York City.

SHADE tackers wanted; young men with experience in stock work. McLean, 116 E. 13th St.

SOLICITOR wanted by banking firm for New York City; wages $10 per week; must be of neat appearance. F. G. H., S 149 Times Downtown.

General.

SALESMEN—Traveling salesmen wanted; hundreds of good positions now open; no experience needed to get one of them; salesmen earn from $1,000 to $25,000 a year and expenses; over 600,000 employed in the United States, and the demand always exceeds the supply. We will teach you to be an expert Salesman by mail and assist you to secure a good position. We are receiving more calls for Salesmen than we can fill and are placing our graduates daily with the best firms in the country. Hundreds of them who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month have since earned from $100 to as high as $500 a month and expenses. Many of them have earned as high as $100 a day. Our Free Employment Bureau will assist you to secure one of these positions. If you want to increase your earning capacity, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810-D Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches: Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—A young man with experience in bond house as double entry bookkeeper and office work in general. Box S 153 Times downtown.

WANTED—Three first-class salesmen on the Stoddard lectures. Mr. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS WANTED.
Household necessity which sells on sight; large profit; men or women canvassers; alone or side line.
The Cake-Thomas Mfg. Co., Norristown, Penn.

AGENTS and canvassers throughout the United States for article indispensable to any line of business; 1910 issue; agents now making big money. Sales Record Co., 175 Broadway.

AGENTS—Sell Waltham watches; $1 weekly payments. World Watch Co., 110 West 34th.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035 Barclay.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, competent office assistants wanted, male and female. Universal Exchange, 110 W. 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 69 West 39th St. —Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses; lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

COOK, $25; waitress, $20; general housework-ers, laundress. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741 River.

Lind's Employment Agency, 729 Lexington Av. —Reliable servants; all nationalities; references investigated: phone 4696—Plaza.

MME. AUGUSTE BUREAU, 682 6th Av.; married couples, cooks, laundresses, butlers, maids. 'Phone 3171 Bryant.

MRS. NEILSON'S BUREAU.—Reliable servants, all nationalities. 503 5th Av., Room 800. 42d St. entrance.

MRS. PILLSBURY, 507 5th Av., Murray Hill, 6185.—Teachers, governesses, housekeepers, companions, trained nurses.
SEPARATE DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

MRS. RICE KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Thoroughly competent domestic help; investigated references. Tel. Riverside 9348.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

SELECT COLORED HELP for private families, boarding houses, hotels, and clubs. Duncan's Help Exchange, 134 West 134th St. Telephone 5078 Morningside.

YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,235 Lexington Av.—Competent female help supplied. Telephone 1210 Lenox.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A—"Practical Nurses."
Trained nurses, male, female; nurse-companions and housekeepers; $25 to $75 month. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 Fifth Av. Murray Hill 6185.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Tel. 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.A.—DRESSMAKER.—Maker of gowns of superior design, fit, and workmanship; evening gowns, dinner gowns, opera wraps, &c.; satisfactory remodeling, equal to new work; reliable, reasonable. Mme. Cully, 138 West 48th St. Telephone 1883 Bryant.

ABSOLUTELY reliable elderly woman wants position as maid to invalid lady or school girl or to tend to door in physician's office; wages moderate. Call at 311 West 76th St., residence present employer, who strongly recommends her.

ADELE, French Dressmaker, 31 West 80th.—Reliable, reasonable; perfect fitter, cutter; workmanship guaranteed; stylish gowns, every description; coats, plain dresses, remodeling.

CASHIER or auditor, restaurant, hotel; young woman; experienced; best reference. M 189 Times, Times Square.

COLORED GIRL.—Half day work and care apartment. 46 East 132d St. E. Williams.

COLORED WOMAN wishes wash home; reference; will call. Mrs. Garland, 229 E. 73d.

COMPANION.—Middle-aged lady of good family, with good references, wants position as companion; willing and capable to accompany invalid to Winter resort. M 62 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—A young woman wishes situation as cook; good references. 180 West 81st St. Donnelly's bell.

DRESSMAKER.—Colored; perfect cutting, fitting, remodeling; out by day; references. Wilson, 144 West 133d St.

FEMALE STENOGRAPHER desires position; over 12 years' experience, legal, banking, and commercial; faithful worker; obliging; $20. S 147 Times Downtown.

FRIENDS OF HUMANITY CO-OPERATE.
Charity is degrading—giving employment is noble. We need employment for cripples and unfortunate helpless. We make FINEST HANDWROUGHT JEWELRY, ORIGINAL designs, also SILVERWARE and art things in brass, &c. Inspection invited; workers taken. Mutual Philanthropy, 1537 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, experienced, speaking, teaching perfectly French, German, English, music, desires position; thorough care training children; best references. Education, 233 East 60th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted in city or country as managing housekeeper by middle-aged woman; prefer situation in a home where there are servants; have a thorough knowledge of every detail in the management of a home; years of experience and very good references as to character and trustworthiness. M 60 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position as managing housekeeper by middle-aged American woman of culture in gentlemen's home or small family of adults where one or more servants are kept; references as to ability and integrity. M 190 Times, Times Square.

HCUSEWORK.—Young colored girl for housework; sleep home. Call or write care Bailey, 18 Christopher St.

LADY'S MAID or companion; excellent seamstress; best references. A. Knorr, 167 E. 95th St., N. Y. City.

LADY would like to get position for elderly woman as chambermaid and assist with other work. Call on Wed. before 11 o'clock, Mrs. L., The Wyoming, 853 7th Av.

SECRETARY or COMPANION.—Young Dane, just arrived, speaks English and German, wants situation as secretary or companion; can look after a household, having a thorough knowledge of domestic work. Apply to Miss Jacobson, care Mrs. Wagner, 161 Henry St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY, seven years' experience legal, commercial, and literary work; well educated, absolutely competent, and reliable; unquestionable references; salary, $18. Box S 145 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, can handle large correspondence intelligently and rapidly, has executive ability and good common sense; very best references furnished; salary desired, $15. Miss L., 131 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, businesslike, years' experience; good judgment and ability; attentive, appreciative; good education; $8. Geraldine, 132 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, eight years' experience, educated, capable business woman, desires responsible position. S 144 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A young lady employed mornings desires work afternoons from 2 to 6. M 176 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Aiding the Search for Work.

The New York Times, by keeping its Want Page clean, by accepting only legitimate Help and Situation Wanted Advertisements, hopes to aid in the solution of the Problem of the Unemployed. The best class of employers will not hesitate to advertise for Help in a medium where their advertisements will not be brought into competition with frauds. And the intelligent man or woman in search of work will watch closely the Help Wanted advertisements in that medium which they know accepts only legitimate Want advertisements. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, installs, and simplifies systems; makes weekly postings, trial balances, profit-loss, balance sheets. George Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, disentangled, systematized, audited, $5 monthly upward; kept part time. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

A GENTLEMAN with 30 years' business experience is ready for anything where a good head, energy, and integrity will secure advancement. M 56 Times, Times Square.

ADVERTISING EXPERT, manager, writer, can increase your business; large firms only. Address Franklin, S 139 Times Downtown.

ARE YOU LOOKING
for a young man, 24, with proved ability and integrity, who is energetic? My recommendations will convince you that my six years' office experience has qualified me to fill a position of responsibility, and that I am worthy of trial; want larger scope for advancement than present position affords. S 50 Times Downtown.

ATTENTION.—Young man, 26 years, expert bookkeeper at present employed, would like to get out of the daily grind and rut; wishes to connect with a good house with chances for higher advantages as to assist manager or credit man; am fitted for better service than simply a bookkeeper or clerk. Address Box O 5 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER. — Expert accountant seeks work; books opened, written up, systematized; special arrangements with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 306, 302 Broadway. Telephone 1544 Worth.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, age 20; passed examination and holds diploma from Y. M. C. A.; can do repairing; will take position as second man. F. Brewer, 164 East 82d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; 3½ years' experience on foreign and American cars. Brooks, 307 West 41st St.

COLORED COUPLE desire positions; chef and steward or head waiter; 7 years' references; city or country. Saunders, 58 East 101st St.

ELECTRICAL constructing designing engineer desires engagement, outside, office, or both; competent estimates, specifications; resourceful, and handler of men. Box M 97 Times, Times Square.

EXPERIENCED shipping clerk, 35 years old, desires position. T. Fitzsimmons, 407 W. 30th.

GENERAL OFFICE MAN, 26, bookkeeper, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; six years' experience. S 137 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Cast work; crackerjack; four years' experience; best references. Efficient, 84 Eldert St., Brooklyn.

MODELER.—By modeler lately returned from Paris; thoroughly understands silverware; can also design and chase. M 186 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—Experienced male nurse to take care of invalid; terms moderate; references. O 7 Times, Times Square.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, 20 years of age, desires position in office; five years with former employer; can furnish references from same. M 157 Times, Times Square.

PLUMBER.—Licensed; steam, hot water; new work, alterations. Plumber, 987 Summit Av., Bronx.

SALES MANAGER.—Young man with ability and some advertising experience to assist factory sales manager. State full particulars. Box M 167 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced woolen salesman desires position; traveling preferred. V 154 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) college education; has brain, ability, pluck; will work sixty minutes to hour and sixty seconds to minute; let me see you and be convinced. M 171 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as clerk; has had four years' experience in the circulation department of a large newspaper, but is willing to do anything. M 33 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 26 years old, wishes to secure a position as chipping clerk; can give first-class references for the past seven years. John Keating, Box 130 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, 30, wishes position janitor one or more houses; understands steam, electricity, &c.; employed at present. M 68, Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 24, to make himself generally useful in wholesale house, with opportunity for advancement. Box 43, 1,515 3d Av., Manhattan.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes office position or some outside position. S 138 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—By colored man and wife, position as janitor; no children. Address John Martin, Westend Bridge, Coney Island, N. Y.

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Say you saw it in The Times.
Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.— $12 WEEKLY,
ROOM AND MEALS.
IN THE SAME "HIGH CLASS"
AS THE REST OF OUR HOUSES.
Single Rooms, Top Floor Rear,
next door to bath, continuous hot water, steam heat,
with meals, $12 weekly.
HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED.
Palatially furnished and
appointed "brownstone front."
TABLE GUESTS, $7 WEEKLY.
CUISINE AND SERVICE
"THE BEST IN NEW YORK."
Unequaled elsewhere
except at twice our rate.
Why pay higher prices?
Dinners 75c.
Lunches 40c.
Breakfasts 50c.
THIS ADVERTISEMENT
and $1.50
GOOD FOR THREE DINNERS,
Sundays and holidays excepted.
SPENCER, 139 West 69th,
Just off Broadway.
PHONE 5774 Columbus.

THE CONNEAUT,
371 CENTRAL PARK WEST.
Beautiful location; all rooms southern exposure; running water; rate moderate. A. K. Dick, Manager.

32D ST., 24 WEST.—Choice rooms; private bath, electric lights, telephone; superior table; references.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST—Alliance House.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, small steam-heated rooms; entire house newly redecorated, under new management; inexhaustible hot water supply; private baths; table board without room, $7.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references exchanged.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, running water; first-class table; moderate.

64TH ST., 120-122 WEST.—Attractive, heated rooms; hot water always; table unlike boarding house.

68TH ST., 42 WEST.
Handsome rooms with private baths; high-class cuisine; table guests; references; telephone.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; single room; private baths; electric lights; table guests.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Single and medium rooms; references; table boarders.

80TH ST., 131 WEST.—Fourth floor, front; southern exposure; abundant hot water; table guests; references.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; ample closets; table guests accommodated; references.

80TH, 146 WEST—Large and small rooms; superior table board; American family; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Large, sunny room; bath adjoining; parlor dining room; table guests.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Small and large room; nice home; convenient all cars; 'phone.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; private bath; electric lights; large closets; excellent table; telephone; near Park.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Elegant rooms; excellent table board; table guests accommodated. Telephone 2871—Riverside.

91ST ST., 66 WEST.—House newly furnished throughout; rooms with board; moderate prices; references required.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table boarders; telephone; convenient "L."

94TH ST., 18 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; southern exposure; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large room, well furnished; near Subway, "L"; private house; moderate; telephone.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, ample closets, $25; single, $8; select home. Peters.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; parlor dining rooms; $8 upward; permanent; references; table boarders.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large comfortable rooms, suitable couple or two gentlemen; table guests. Phone.

117TH ST., 113 and 115 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; running water, heat; moderate.

123D, 439 WEST.—Beautiful room; excellent board; opposite park; El., subway; private; reasonable. Joseph.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large, front room, 2d floor; also small room; references.; L, Subway.

149th St., 540-546 West, near Broadway
Healthiest, prettiest, most convenient section in city.
"THE AUDUBON AND ANNEX."
(Main entrance, 542.)
A few bright, clean, and comfortably furnished rooms to first-class permanent parties. Rates, $16 to $20 per week, including board for two.
Parlor dining rooms, (separate tables,) reception parlor, billiard room; accommodations Al.

Three years ago we started with one house—last month we took the fourth house, all connected in one. Recommendations did it. Illustrated booklet on request.
M. VONDRAN, Prop. H. MILNER, Mgr.,
Late Asst. Mgr. of the Hofbrauhaus, New York.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 301, Corner 125th St.—Board for man and wife; also two gentlemen; elevator apartment; all conveniences; absolute independence. Hubbard.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway, 215th St.; private house, overlooking Hudson, Harlem River; suites, large, small rooms, beautifully decorated; enormous grounds, river front; private baths; auto garage; Subway Station at entrance; 35 minutes City Hall; moderate; telephone 943—Audubon; excellent board.

TREVELYAN HOUSE,
336 WEST 46TH,
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY.
DINING ROOM A SPECIALTY.
3 MEALS PER DAY, $5 WEEKLY.
2 MEALS PER DAY, $4 WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE 2014 BRYANT.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, Northwest Corner Washington Square.—Attractive large rooms; southern exposure; private baths, steam heat; superior table; $12 to $15 weekly.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST (5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; excellent board; steam heated; telephone; table board.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Desirable single rooms, large front parlor with exceptionally good board.

21ST ST., 48 EAST.—Desirable room, quiet house; excellent board; references.

24TH, 119 EAST.—First-class board; rooms convenient to subway and elevated; running water.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Location central, convenient; have a beautiful suite, or will divide; another room for two; fine table; private house. Drew.

71 IRVING PLACE.—Desirable rooms, with private baths, and board; all conveniences; reference; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy Park District, Nicholas Fish Mansion.—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 41.—Five minutes from Flatbush Av. Subway, within one square of four trolleys and Fulton St. "L"; all the comforts of a refined home; better apply early; I seldom have vacancies during the season.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Water view Wall St.; Subway, five minutes Broadway; neighborhood, house high class; table choicest products New York markets.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient homelike; on Little Neck Bay. Easy commuting distance.

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Say you saw it in The Times.
Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—On upper west side, with Christian family, or where few boarders are taken, a large room, with board, for middle-aged lady; must be first-class; references exchanged. M 187 Times, Times Square.

Board and room wanted by young man; state price and full particulars; prefer West Side, below 50th St. M 183 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.
Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Country Board.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

New York.

SUPERIOR FURNISHED ROOM; board optional. 179 Woodland Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Tel. 542 R.

Excellent accommodations nervous, mental rest cure patients; convenient city; references. "Ideal," 263 West 125th St.

Pennsylvania.

A LADY will take two or three feeble-minded children to be boarded and cared for in a refined country home near Landsdowne, Penn., (a Philadelphia suburb;) references. Address M 89 Times, Times Square.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

A.—A.—A.— Newport Court.
111-117 West 104th St.
Telephone, 5420—Riverside.
Single rooms, $3-$6 week.
Two rooms, kitchen, $10, $15 per week.
Elevator service day and night.
Restaurant on premises.
Special rates for resident guests.

5TH AV., 61.—Square front, one flight; running water; electricity, steam heat; gentleman. Campbell.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Large comfortable front room; heated; every convenience; location fine; reasonable rent.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room, one flight, private bath; single room; telephone.

12TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable furnished room; running water; gentlemen; reference.

13TH ST., 104 WEST, (near 6th Av.)—Desirable hall rooms, adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

14TH ST., 322 WEST.—(The Craven); large, small rooms, well heated; parlor for business; reasonable.

15TH ST., 252 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; hot and cold water; telephone; private house.

27TH ST., 345 WEST.—Large and small rooms for gentlemen; bath, heat; also housekeeping rooms.

43D ST., 448 WEST.—Newly furnished double or single rooms; also parlor.

44TH ST., 316 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Large rooms, with or without private bath; near Astor Hotel.

49TH ST., 131 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; quiet, private house; hot, cold water; bath; moderate.

55TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small, well-furnished rooms.

58TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, well furnished, adjoining bath; private house; reference.

68TH ST., 111 WEST.—Sunny front suite; newly furnished; private entrance; also large alderoom. Benson.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—For gentlemen; electric lights, telephone, private baths; European service; breakfast; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—High-class bachelor apartments; private bath; private house; telephone; breakfast; reference.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms, near L and subway stations; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Attractive second floor, single, en suite; twin beds; gentlemen.

79TH ST., 147 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; wide street; telephone; breakfast optional.

80TH ST., 134 WEST.—Rooms, with private bath; board optional; parlor for physician; moderate.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; choice rooms; quiet, sunny rear room; exceptionally handsome house; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house, entirely new; abundant heat, hot water; references.

81ST ST., 207 WEST.—Large room, all conveniences, near Subway and "L"; $3.50; gentlemen. Mullen.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Large room; suitable for two; every convenience; bath adjoining; telephone.

82D ST., 53 WEST.—Comfortable, large and medium-sized rooms; back parlor, suitable for physician.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor with private bath; suitable gentlemen or doctor.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Large newly furnished room; private house; gentlemen; references.

83D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, private house; desirable South room; running water, (plenty hot;) telephone.

83D ST., 126 WEST.—Parlor alcove, in neat apartment; steam, piano; also small room. Cusick.

83D ST., 106 WEST.—Newly furnished pleasant room; steam; bath; references. Hoffmann.

88TH ST., (WEST END AV., 570.)—In private house, beautifully furnished rooms; bath; telephone 7996 Riverside; terms moderate.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Comfortable, neatly furnished rooms; modern elevator apartment; ample closets; convenient elevated road; also Subway; $4.50-$8. Brown.

92D ST., 202 WEST.—Southern lady, comfortable front inside room; all conveniences; Subway; references. Mueller.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large, small rooms; single or connecting; lavatories; telephone; reception room; moderate.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Substantially furnished three-room suite; private bath; telephone; private family; breakfast.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Doctor, dentist; three large rooms; parlor floor; lavatory; desirable neighborhood; telephone.

97TH ST., 48 WEST.—Elegantly furnished parlor floor suitable for doctor; also large front or back room, with bath.

104TH ST., 112 WEST.—Comfortable suite, two rooms, two, three gentlemen, business women. Croft.

107TH ST., 258 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front rooms; conveniences; fine neighborhood; private family; terms moderate.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Choice, light room in private family, to refined business man; elevator apartment; telephone; references. Apartment 56

112TH, 504 WEST.—Artistic connecting, independent rooms, $5 and $10; 'phone; elevator; references required. Cooke.

113TH ST., 549 WEST.—Large, handsome front room, elegantly furnished; southern exposure; new, high-class elevator apartment; electricity, telephone; gentlemen. Elevator boy.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Large, light, comfortably furnished room, select elevator apartment; electricity; fine bath; neat, quiet; near Columbia, Subway; excellent meals convenient; fourth floor; 'phone, 3375 —Morningside.

128TH ST., 177 WEST.—Doctor's office established twelve years; electric light and all modern equipments.

127TH ST., 226 WEST.—Attractive room; moderate; private family.

139TH, 300 WEST, (Corner 8th Ave., Block From "L")—Large sunny rooms, elegant bath; wall closets; bath; phone; one flight. Creston.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, with lavatory; steam heat, telephone; Subway; table guests.

160TH ST., 540 WEST.—Elegant large room, suitable one or two; private house; $6.00.

171ST ST., 500 WEST.—Attractive outside room adjoining bath; heated; convenient Subway, surface; reasonable. Kehoe.

606 WEST 115TH ST.
Nicely furnished suite, also single rooms, block from Subway; elevator, electric light; board optional; reasonable. 7th apartment east.

BUSINESS MAN will let to another half interest in three rooms; kitchenette; bath; apartment near 72d Subway; $11 weekly. Address Hooper, Hotel Longacre, City.

CHARLES ST., 26.—Outside room, desirable neighborhood; Christian family; bath, heat, telephone; $3.50; 3d floor.

GRAMERCY PARK.—Exceptional opportunity, furnished rooms; high-class apartment; reference. Rogers, 105 East 19th.

PHYSICIAN, DENTIST.—Large back parlor; running water; desirable locality; private 'phone. O 9 Times, Times Square.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, (corner 127th St.)—Beautifully furnished four, five, six rooms; silver; linen; high-class elevator apartments; $12.50 weekly upward.

ST. NICHOLAS TERRACE, 23, (St. Cecelia.) —Beautiful suite; single room; new; very desirable. Perry.

East Side.

10TH ST., 422.—Large and small rooms, $3 with board; German cooking; all conveniences.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant large and small rooms; well heated; board optional; near Subway.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen, including use of swimming pool; showers.

49TH ST., 50 EAST., (Near Madison)—Attractive front room; refined neighborhood; reasonable; references; telephone.

54TH ST., 130 EAST.—Front alcove room, two large, southern exposure; heat; running water; reasonable.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Beautiful large front room; newly furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

58TH ST., 34 and 36 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, single or connecting; physician's office; references.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner Park Av.—Large front room; private bath, steam heat; suitable for one or two gentlemen; $6.

IRVING PLACE, 69.—Suite parlors; kitchenette; large front room, near bath; block Subway; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 73d St.—Rooms furnished, unfurnished; electric light, steam heat; parlor floor for light business; splendid neighborhood; reasonable prices.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidntial. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Brooklyn.

HENRY ST., 139, Heights.—Accommodations for few refined roomers; all conveniences; moderate; convenient Subway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Inexpensive room; 113th St., west of Broadway vicinity; bath facilities. M 173 Times, Times Square.

Furnished room, medium size, wanted in neighborhood of Times Square. M 182 Times, Times Square.

FAIR SIZED ROOM WANTED in private family by young man. M 64 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.
Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

NEAT, unfurnished room wanted by young man; must be reasonable. O 6 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

FOUR PERTINENT QUESTIONS.

FIRST.—Have you allowed your business affairs to become entangled?

SECOND.—Do you need more capital for operation or development?

THIRD.—Have you a proposition of merit you wish developed?

FOURTH.—Do your affairs require adjusting or reorganizing?

IN THIS WORK WE ARE SPECIALISTS.

INCORPORATING AND ADJUSTING COMPANY OR AMERICA,
11 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A rare opportunity is offered to secure part interest in a going department store doing business in excess of $1,000,000, located in one of the large Western cities; retirement of some of the parties interested reason for selling; prospective purchaser, with department store experience, preferred; approximately $100,000 required. Address Mervyn Wolff, 299 Broadway, New York City.

Rare opportunity for conservative investors to place large or small amounts in important established and profitable business, which is about to extend its operations; big returns assured and capital begins earning them immediately; principals only. Write S. M., care of Luther, Feist & Co., 40 Exchange Place, New York.

For Sale—First-class butcher market in good neighborhood, all new marble fixtures in elegant condition

PLUCKY ROSE GROWER WILL HAVE A HOME

Aged Granddaughter of the Revolution Finds Many Friends to Help Her in Her Need.

SHE PREPARES TO MOVE

Money Given by Times Readers Will Pay a Month's Rent and Give Her a Start Again.

A little woman of 76 was digging up rose bushes in a small garden down at Valley Stream yesterday afternoon when a TIMES reporter came upon her. She is the granddaughter of a soldier of the Revolution, who has been threatened with eviction from the small house where, with the products from her garden, she has supported herself for the last eight years, and she was preparing to move.

Thanks to the generosity of TIMES readers, she will not be homeless. She has money enough now to rent a new home, and if she is not put out to-day, the date set for eviction, within the few days which it will require to complete the negotiations she will be better situated than before to earn her living.

This granddaughter of the Revolution is a cheerful body in spite of her troubles, but she broke down yesterday and cried when bills and checks were handed to her amounting to $83.

"They ought not to have done this," she cried, with a big handkerchief at her eyes. "You can keep it all except $25. That will pay one month's rent and the moving, and I will pay it back."

The granddaughter of the Revolution looks every bit of her seventy-six years, but she is wonderfully strong and vigorous, capable and energetic. In the little entrance hall of her home were big oleanders, one of them twenty-seven years old, and in the little kitchen there was the only other occupant of the house, the cockatoo. A big orange tree that is fifteen years old took up most of the room.

"If I went to the office of a wealthy man in New York yesterday," the old lady continued. "I wanted to see his agent to see if he would buy the orange tree for $50. When it is in blossom it is just a sheet of snow, and I have to open all the doors, so that I can sleep, it is so sweet. Good oranges? Yes, indeed! They are ten inches around and weigh half a pound. When you have eaten one of those oranges you will never buy another. There were thirty on the tree, but I see one has fallen off. I didn't see the agent. They said I would have to make an appointment. You see, if I sell the tree the money will be mine, and I won't have to pay it back, as I would if any one gave it to me. A florist in Fifth Avenue told me, when I described it, that it was worth from $50 to $60.

"Then I went into Trinity Church and asked God to help me, and I guess He has.

"I can get a house with a barn on the Rockville Road with an acre and a half of land for $13 a month. It is a miserable old house and very dirty and I shall have to clean it, but the automobiles go by there and I will have a good chance to sell things. It is a good deal to pay, isn't it, $13? That is $3.25 a week, and it costs me from 75 cents to $1 a week to live. Sometimes it is less when I have my own vegetables. It is hard now, though, potatoes are so high. I don't have very much meat; I like vegetables better. I have broken myself of eating butter. I don't care anything about it now."

Had the little Revolutionary granddaughter ever thought of going into a home, an old ladies' home? the reporter asked.

"Why should I?" she asked. And the reporter echoed the question, for such a little woman, one burdened with so many years, this one was so clever and bright, capable and energetic.

"And you can support yourself?"

"Why, I made $30 at one time with my strawberries," was the answer. "God is very good to me. And then I am going to make rye bread and brown bread, and I have ever so many good customers. I should have money enough now to support me all Winter if I had not been going around so much trying to find a house. That takes a good deal of car fare. I spent all my rose money, and all my grape money, and all my quince money. And I walked as much as I could, too. Why, one day last March I walked eleven miles, and there are a good many people can tell you that," with a smile of pride.

"Then I make jelly that I sell for 15 cents a glass, and my dandelion wine is a great tonic. Why, I had a sister who was very ill. She was reduced to sixty pounds and she got entirely well on my tonic. And my elder flower wine! I take just the little buds for that."

There were samples of the jelly to show, and any amateur could see that it was very clear and had "jelled" as much as the best housekeeper could have wished.

The Revolutionary granddaughter, it seems, has been occupying her present home rent free through the courtesy of its two women owners, who asked its present occupant to use it. Some time ago they decided that they must have it again. Landed estates suitable for the raising of flowers for the market are difficult to find for people with small incomes, even when they can keep expenses down by living on 75 cents a week.

In addition to $58 acknowledged yesterday for the relief of the Granddaughter of the Revolution, these amounts have been received: A. F., $1; O. and H., $2; G. R., $1; P. G., check for $2; M. E. D., $1; A. Z., a check for $25; $1 from a man who wished to have his name withheld, and a Post Office order for $1 from M. C.

OVERHAULING TRINITY CHIMES

One Bell to be Recast and a New Ringing Device Installed.

Workmen from the Meneely Bell Foundry in Troy began yesterday the complete overhauling of the chimes in Trinity Church, Broadway at Wall Street, which includes the recasting of one of the bells and the installation of a new ringing device. The latter consists in part of a hard-wood case, or keyboard, measuring about four feet square and containing ten handles, which are lettered with the musical notes of the ten bells in the chime.

This case is placed in a room below the belfry, each handle being connected with the clapper of its corresponding bell by means of rods and chains. So carefully are these adjustments made that slight downward pulls on the handles sound the full tones of the bells with whatever power the chimer wishes to exert, for this new system permits of playing with expression similar to a piano.

Trinity's chimes are the oldest set of bells in New York, ten in number, the largest of which weighs 3,000 pounds. The most recently installed set in this city is in the Metropolitan tower, the largest bell weighing 7,000 pounds.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
3:00—405 10th Av.; D. Ross	None
5:10—603-611 W. 129th St.; Brett Lithographing Co.	$5,000
5:25—356 Hudson St.; John Sullivan & Sons	$1,000
10:05—246 Division St.; Esther Shapiro	$50
10:45—302 E. 70th St.; Jacoo Kap	$300
11:00—284 W. 35th St.; Elias Murevat	$5
11:45—151st St. and Harlem River; unknown	None
P. M.	
1:00—468 West 150th St.; unknown	Trifling
1:55—718 10th Av.; Arthur Neuman	$1,500
2:30—151st St. and the Harlem River; unknown	None
3:00—243 W. 137th St.; S. Campbell	None
4:45—224 E. 112th St.; Annie Beckerman	Trifling
6:00—74 E. 113th St.; Max Goldberg	Trifling
6:05—410 East 77th St.; Harry Gultuch	$1,000
6:30—264 3d Av.; Alex. Brown	$20
7:25—310 Rivington St.; Joseph Hector	None
7:30—136 W. 83d St.; M. Gunnonchuria	Trifling
8:10—185 Avenue D; unknown	$50
8:30—98 Christopher St.; Joseph Shapiro	Trifling
8:40—75 Vesey St.; Smith & McNell	$200
8:45—801 West 128th St.; Tony Santonio	Trifling

CURTIS COMPANY GAINS.

Publishing Concern's Earnings Show a Big Increase Since Last Year.

The Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia, which owns the Ladies' Home Journal and The Saturday Evening Post, has filed its annual balance sheet with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The statement, which reveals condition as of June 30, last, shows a heavy increase in values since the previous year. The two periodicals are carried at $700,000 among the assets.

The principal increase is in the item of cash and debts receivable, which on June 30 was $2,787,553, a gain of $1,419,496 since the statement of the previous year. Real estate valued at $1,251,221 and machinery at $540,951 show increases in value of $277,177, and $40,811 respectively. In place of the item "merchandise," which appeared in the report for 1908, at $249,417, "manufactured merchandise, material, and stock in process" appears with a valuation of $338,939.

The assets thus show an increase of $1,627,006 over 1908, being now put at $5,618,664. In the same period the capital stock has been increased from $600,000 to $2,500,000, and the surplus from $1,255,901 to $1,542,887.

BETHLEHEM'S NOTE ISSUE.

Conditions Underlying It Explained by President Schwab.

In connection with the recent sale of $7,500,000 6 per cent. five-year notes of the Bethlehem Steel Company President Schwab made some interesting statements yesterday about the company's position. The unfilled orders on Sept. 30, he said, aggregated more than $10,000,000. As already announced, part of the proceeds of the bond issue is to be used to retire $2,500,000 existing notes, and the balance will go into improvements. These improvements will double the capacity of the mills.

President Schwab said that the net book value of the assets of all the companies after all additions to the plants have been made, eliminating the balance due the companies to each other and deducting all liabilities save this issue of notes, is $21,157,993, which is nearly three times the amount of notes which can be outstanding at any time.

SUGAR SETTLEMENT UPHELD.

Court Lets Trust Pay $750,000 and Return Bonds to Pennsylvania Co.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—The settlement of the suit of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company against the American Sugar Refining Company, as arranged by Receiver George H. Earle of the plaintiff company, received to-day the sanction of the Court of Common Pleas, which appointed him receiver. The question of how much of the money to be received from the defendant company should be paid as fees to the thirty lawyers interested, was held under advisement by the court, and will be announced later. The suit was brought in the United States District Court in New York. According to the terms of the compromise the trust will pay to Mr. Earle's company $750,000 and return to the bondholders of the Pennsylvania Company the $1,250,000 in bonds held as collateral for a loan made to Adolph Segal, the President of that company.

All the bondholders agreed to the terms of the settlement except the trustees for Henry R. Wilson of New York, who wrote that they thought the trust was getting off too easily.

FRESH AIR SCHOOL ROOMS.

All Future Boston Schoolhouses to Have Sun and Fresh-Air Rooms.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—All new school buildings erected in this city in the future are to contain sun and fresh air rooms, according to a communication to be sent by the School Commission to the School House Commission. A report containing such a recommendation was adopted at a special meeting of the School Committee held Monday night.

A committee of the board also has under consideration a plan for utilizing the roofs of the present buildings, and it is probable that a recommendation will be made and action taken on this.

Yale Requirements Decrease Classes.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Yale's membership for the year is 3,264, against 3,434 last Fall. The academic department has decreased from 1,273 to 1,238, the Sheffield Scientific School has grown from 953 to 968, and the Law School has decreased from 434 to 348. The Medical School has shrunk from 140 to 125. The Art School has grown from 47 to 49, the Forest School from 70 to 88, and the Graduate School from 385 to 413. The Faculty numbers 495, against 485 last year. Advanced requirements are said to be responsible for the smaller number in the Law and Medical Schools.

Give Black Opals

Aside from its charm as a beautiful gem, the Black Opal must always remain unique and unusual—it can never become commonplace. The miners fear that 1910 will show a great decrease in the output of the famous Lightning Ridge Mine. The last of this year's mining is now in our hands and we are showing some marvellous specimens in the form of unset gems, and mounted in scarf pins, rings, pendants, brooches and necklaces.

Marcus & Co.

Jewelers and Goldsmiths,
5th Avenue and 45th Street, New York

THIRTEEN DROWNED IN COLLISION AT SEA

Barkentine John S. Bennett and Schooner Herrill C. Hart Come Together Off Block Island.

TWO SAVED OF ALL ABOARD

Barkentine Sighted Before She Sank, but No Trace of Schooner Except in Wreckage on Shore.

Eight lives are known to have been lost, and doubtless five more are to be added to the list, at sea on Monday night three miles off Block Island as the result of a collision between the barkentine John S. Bennett, which sailed from this port for Halifax, N. S., on Friday, laden with coal, and a four-masted schooner, the Herrill C. Hart of Thomaston, Me., bound for New York.

The news was brought here yesterday by Capt. Bullock of the schooner William Jones, who saw the final struggle before the Bennett sank in 100 fathoms of water. Capt. Bullock's men rescued two Filipino sailors.

Some of the crew of the barkentine who lost their lives were:

FIRTH, JONAS E., Captain, Liverpool, N. S.
HADLEY, CLAUDE, mate, of St. Vincent, N. S.
GOLDERT, AUBREY, second mate, Liverpool, N. S.
STOUTLEY, DANIEL, cook, Liverpool, N. S.
HUTT, ROSS, able seaman, Liverpool, N. S.
FILLIPINO SAILOR, name unknown.

Those on board the Herrill C. Hart, all of whom are presumed to have gone down with the schooner, were:

CHARLES C. BOYLES of Tennant's Harbor, Me., Captain.
CHARLES RUMILL, Swan's Island, Me., cook.
ALFRED A. BRAUM, seaman, Sweden.
ADOLPH ANDERSON, seaman, Sweden.
ALFRED TER, seaman, a native of Finland.

Capt. Bullock said that he was on deck on Monday night, and it was so clear that the Sound lights could be seen for miles.

"I sighted the barkentine ahead of us," said the skipper, "and she had her lights burning and seemed all right. Half an hour later we passed her in the darkness, when the Captain hailed us and shouted through his speaking trumpet, 'I've been in collision and we are sinking.'

"I immediately ordered all hands on deck and gave orders to 'bout ship, and we bore down on the barkentine as fast as the old schooner could get through the water. I kept a bright lookout in the direction we had passed the barkentine, but the lights had gone and there was only a black shape visible, and it was settling below the surface of the water.

"'Bear a hand lively, boys,' I called out to the crew, 'and get the boat over the side. Those men are drowning before our eyes.' The mate and two of the crew jumped into the small boat and pulled away. We could hear the shouts of the sailors of the barkentine growing fainter each moment. Then there was a splashing sound and the outline of the barkentine disappeared. The two Filipinos were found struggling in the water. They were hauled into the small boat and brought aboard.

"We stood by for fully an hour. Then I steered for New York."

Wreckage bearing the name of the schooner Herrill C. Hart was washed ashore yesterday afternoon at Sandy Point, but no bodies have been recovered.

The two men who were saved are Jose Valeria, 24 years old, and Dina Filipino, 21 years old, both able seamen.

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Russet Shoes Are Again "It."

Fall Russets 3.98

Why Pay 5.00 Elsewhere?

A smart new last with heavy sole and broad flat heel.

Evening Dress Shoes.

Patent Leathers (cloth top) 3.98.
Walking Pumps 3.98.

WHAT TO READ
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ARSENE LUPIN.
Novelized by Jepson and Leblanc.
The thrilling sensation of the country.
Doubleday, Page & Co., N. Y. $1.50.

PA FLECK-NGE'S FOLKS.
By Bessie R. Hoover. $1.00.
Laughter—Tears—Laughter.
Harper & Brothers.

THE BEGGAR IN THE HEART.
By Edith Rickert. $1.50.
Rich in Character and Interest.
Moffat, Yard & Company.

LITTLE SISTER SNOW.
A New Book by the Author of The Lady of the Decoration.
The Century Co. $1.00 net. Postage 7 cents.

JEANNE OF THE MARSHES.
By E. Phillips Oppenheim. $1.50.
His Latest Tale of Love and Intrigue.
Little, Brown & Company.

The Autobiography of H. M. Stanley.
The Biography of the Year.
Fully illustrated with portraits, maps, &c.
Houghton Mifflin Company.

HAPPY HAWKINS.
By Robert Alexander Wason. $1.50.
The Nation calls it the best novel of the West since "The Virginian." Small, Maynard & Co.

NACHETTE (Another Trilby.)
By Robert Wason, Author of "Happy Hawkins." The book that makes you "sit up." At all bookstores and libraries. Look it over.

HONK! HONK!
By Sewell Ford. Illustrated. 50 cents.
An inimitable Shorty McCabe automobile story.
Mitchell Kennerley, Publisher.

IF YOU LOSE ANYTHING
Advertise the loss in The New York Times. Go to any advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant. The Lost and Found Registry Bureau is at your service free of charge.—Adv.

ELGIN MINUTES

THERE'S a modern tendency to combine business and sociability. Punctuality so becomes at once a duty and a courtesy; it's best backed by an

Elgin

LORD ELGIN, Thin Model

Pendant Winding and Setting. Seventeen or fifteen jewels. Ruby and sapphire balance and center jewels. Compensating balance. Breguet hair spring, with micrometric regulator. Adjusted to temperature. Exposed winding wheels. Patent recoiling click and self-locking setting device. Sunk-second dial. Plates damaskeened. Cased and timed in case at the factory.

In Filled Gold Cases, $21 and up.
In Solid Gold Cases, $36 and up.

Other Elgin models at other prices, according to grade of movement and case. All Elgin Watches are fully guaranteed, and are sold by jewelers everywhere.

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH COMPANY,
Elgin, Illinois.

Stylish Suits & Overcoats

to order for $20 from a special purchase of 60 pieces of fancy cheviots with plaid backs for Overcoats and fine twilled worsted cheviots for Suits. These goods should be seen to be appreciated. They are exceptional value.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Wigs AND Toupees

To Cover Total or Partial Baldness

Those of my make are the standard of perfection as to fit and naturalness. It costs nothing to try them on.

Private Entrance for Gentlemen
No Publicity

And, as Usual,

An Unequalled Assortment of

Ladies' Hair Goods.

A. Simonson

398 FIFTH AVE., 36th & 37th Sts.
No Branch Stores No Agents

AMUSEMENTS.

Symp'ony Society of N. Y.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
Inaugural Concert Sunday Aft., Nov. 14.
New Theatre.
Soloist: KREISLER.
Fifth Symphony.....BEETHOVEN
Concerto for Violin.....BEETHOVEN
Leonore No. 2.....BEETHOVEN
Carnegie Hall.
First Tuesday Evg. Subsc. Concert
November 16 at 8:15.
Soloist: KREISLER.
"Les petits riens," MOZART; Concerto for Violin, BEETHOVEN; Fifth Symphony, BEETHOVEN. Tickets 50 cts. to $2 at 1 W. 34th St. and Box Offices of Carnegie Hall and New Theatre.

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SIX SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.
Subscription tickets and programmes now at office Musical Art Society, 1 West 34th St.

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PEPITO ARRIOLA
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(CALLED REINCARNATION OF MOZART)
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Seats at Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston.

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IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Ev. 8:15. Planquette's Operetta, "Chimes of Normandy." "Die Glocken von Corneville"; Sat. Mat. 2:15, "Die Raeyber."

GRAND Opera House. Mat. To-day 25c.-50c. J. E. DODSON. THE HOUSE NEXT DOOR

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ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.
(Also To-morrow Matinee & Fri. Night)
To-morrow Night—Premier of
THE COTTAGE IN THE AIR.
Repeated Saturday Matinee and Evening.
Next Week—Drama: Strife (new) Antony & Cleopatra, The Cottage in the Air, Lyric Opera; Tues. Evg., Werther; Wed. Mat., The Bartered Bride. Seats 2 Weeks in advance. Prices: Drama $2 to 50c. Opera $5-$1.50. (Weber Pianos Used Exclusively.)

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SUN—"Daniels and eyebrows both funny in 'The Belle of Brittany.'"
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WM. FAVERSHAM In Stephen Phillips' —250 PEOPLE— HEROD Last 2 Weeks
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day 2:30.
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SAM BERNARD THE GIRL AND THE WIZARD.
BROADWAY THEA., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15 $1.50 Mat. To-day. 2:15.
THE MIDNIGHT SONS
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-d'y & Sat., 2:15. | 10TH WEEK
Popular Matinee To-day. Box Seats, $1.50.
Whiteside in Zangwill's Great Play. THE MELTING POT
"The Little Theatre with the Big Play."—SUN.
LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQUARE $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. Evgs. 8:15.
Whitney Opera Co. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
HACKETT 42d St., W. of B'way. Last 2 Weeks. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To'm'w & Sat. 2:15.
Elsie Ferguson in SUCH A LITTLE QUEEN
MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.00 Mat. To-day 2:15.
BERT A. Williams Of Williams & Walker, in MR. LODE OF KOAL.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.50. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2.
—For Two Weeks Only—
JOHN MASON In The Witching Hour
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-day 2:15.
VIOLA ALLEN in THE WHITE SISTER
Star Cast, Including WILLIAM FARNUM, JAMES O'NEILL, Minna Gale.

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U. S. Officers vs. British.
High Jumping. Four-in-Hands. Six-in-Hands. Ladies' Riding.
Concerts by the Seventh Regiment Band.
ADMISSION, $1.
The seats in the two upper galleries are not reserved.

Astor B'way & 45th. Ev. 8:15. First Mat. Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15
Mary Roberts, Rhinehart & Avery, Hopwood's play SEVEN DAYS
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20.
W. J. LOCKE'S IDOLS
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
6TH WEEK THE FOURTH ESTATE
"One of the season's real sensations; make no mistake about that."—Eve. Sun.

CARNEGIE HALL
Boston Symphony Orchestra
Max Fiedler, Conductor.
Thurs. Ev., Nov. 11, at 8:15
Soloist: Gilbert
Sat. Aft., Nov. 13, at 2:30.
Soloist: Rachmaninoff
Res. Seats $2 to 75c., at Box Office and Tyson's

Scuola d' Industrie Italiane
Under Patronage of H. M. Queen Margherita, exhibition of ITALIAN LACES and EMBROIDERIES, copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of the Italian Colony of New York, 10 to 5, 59 West 39th Street.

Mendelssohn Hall, Thurs. Aft., Nov. 11, at 3.
GEORGIA HALL PIANO RECITAL
Tickets $1.50 & $1, at Hall and 1 E. 42d St.

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BRONX 149th St. 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. | Nat M. Wills, Clayton White & Marie Stuart, Rooney & Bent, others.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c | Irene Franklin, "The 20th Century," Macart & Bradford, others.
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AMERICAN 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c. "CONSCIENCE" Willa Holt Wakefield, Byron & Langdon, Karno's Co., etc.

THE BELASCO THEATRE, 44th St., nr B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. —LAST WEEKS— FRANCES STARR in THE EASIEST WAY.
BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

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EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"His Best Play in Years."—Eve World.
JOHN DREW INCONSTANT GEORGE

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20.
Bellew at His Best in the Greatest Success of His Career.
KYRLE BELLEW By ALFRED SUTRO
in THE BUILDER OF BRIDGES

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"A Dramatic Sensation."—Eve. World.
ISRAEL by Henri Bernstein, author of "THE THIEF" and of "SAMSON."
"A big play."—Sun.

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Ev. 8. Mat. Sat. at 2.
"A MERRY WIDOW HIT."—World.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

SAVOY B'y. & 34 St. Ev. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15.
Special Mat. To-morrow.
MISS ANGLIN in Helena Richie

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:15.
The famous Detective-Thief Play. ARSENE LUPIN

GARRICK 35th St., n'r B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"MORE POWERFUL THAN THE WITCHING HOUR."—Tribune.
AUGUSTUS THOMAS' GREATEST TRIUMPH.
THE HARVEST MOON
with GEORGE NASH.

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GENEE In THE SILVER STAR
BICKEL & WATSON and cast of 100.

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MABEL TALIAFERRO in "SPRINGTIME"
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Matinee To-day.

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HITCHCOCK
The Man WHO OWNS BROADWAY

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WINCHELL SMITH'S THE COMEDY TRIUMPH
FORTUNE HUNTER
with JOHN BARRYMORE.

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The Climax 50c. & $1. No Higher.

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Evenings at 8—Saturday Matinee at 2.
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OPENING WEEK OF THE GRAND OPERA SEASON 1909-1910.
MON. EVG., NOV. 15, LA GIOCONDA (Cond., Toscanini.)
Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meltzchik (debut); MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola.
WED. EVE., NOV. 17, OTELLO (Cond., Toscanini.)
Mme. Alda; MM. Slezak (debut,) Scotti, Witherspoon, Baua, Reschiglian.
THURS. EVE., NOV. 18, LA TRAVIATA (Cond., Podesti (debut.)
Mmes. Lipkowska (debut), Nielsen-Stone, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Reschiglian.
FRI. EVE., NOV. 19 MME. BUTTERFLY (Cond., Toscanini.)
Mmes. Destinn, Fornia; MM. Martin, Amato, Reiss, Bourgeois (debut), Muhlmann.
SAT. AFT., NOV. 20, LOHENGRIN (Conductor, Hertz.)
Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Jorn, Forsell (debut), Hinckley, Whitehill.
SAT. EVE., NOV. 20, LA BOHEME (Cond., Podesti.)
Mmes. Nielsen, Alten; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Didur, Pini-Corsi, de Segurola, Gianoli.
SALE OF SEATS for above performances will begin To-morrow, Thursday, at 9 A. M.
THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEE, Thursday, Nov. 25, at 12:45, Richard Wagner's PARSIFAL. Seats now on sale.
AT THE NEW THEATRE, Central Park West, between 62d and 63d Sts.
TUES. EVE., NOV. 16, AT 8, WERTHER
Revival of Massenet's Opera.
Mmes. Farrar, Gluck (debut;) MM. Clement (debut,) Gilly (debut,) Pini-Corsi, Devaux (debut,) Bourgeois (debut.) Con. Tango (debut)
WED. AFT., Nov. 17, at 2, THE BARTERED BRIDE
Mmes. Destinn, Mattfeld; MM. Jorn, Didur, Reiss, Witherspoon, Muhlmann. Cond., Hertz. Seats on Sale at New Theatre.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Mon. Eve., Nov. 15.....TANNHAUESER
Mmes. Gadski, Noria (debut;) MM. Burrian, Whitehill (debut,) Hinckley, Reiss, Muhlmann. Conductor, Mr. Hertz.
WEBER PIANO USED.

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MR. OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN.....Director
GRAND OPERA SEASON 1909-10.
TO-NIGHT at 8, TRAVIATA (in Italian.) Mmes. Tetrazzini, Gentle, Severina; MM. John McCormack, Sammarco, Venturini, Fossetta, De Grazia. Mus. Dir., M. Anselmi.
FRI. EVE., AIDA (in Italian.) Mmes. Mazarin, D'Alvarez, Carew; MM. Zenatello, Sammarco, Vallier, Laskin, Venturini. Mus. Dir., M. Anselmi.
SAT. AFT., THAIS (in French.) Miss Mary Garden; Mlles. Trentini, Duchene; MM. Renaud, Scott. Mus. dir., M. de la Fuente.
SAT. NIGHT (double bill,) CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA (in Italian.) Mmes. Mazarin, Duchene, Severina; MM. Dalmores, Crabbe, PAGLIACCI (in Italian.) Mlle. Cavalieri; MM. Zenatello, Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini. Mus. Dir., M. Anselmi.
SUN., NOV. 14—First Grand Operatic Concert
OPERA COMIQUE (FIRST SEASON), Tues. & Sat. Evgs.
Tues., Nov. 16, LA FILLE DE MADAME ANGOT. Sat., Nov. 20, LA MASCOTTE.
THANKSGIVING NIGHT.....Special (THURSDAY, NOV. 25, at 8.) CARMEN
Mlles. Cavalieri, Miranda, Trentini, Duchene; MM. Zenatello, Dufranne, Gilibert, Leroux. Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente.
SEAT SALE TO-DAY.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York
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TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
First Historical Concert
Soloists:
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This concert is the first of a series to be given on six Wednesday Evenings, the programs of which are arranged in chronological sequence, comprising the most famous composers from the period of Bach to the present day.
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Mr. MAHLER will play the Bach Klavier in the compositions of Bach and Handel.
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Wed'y Eve., Nov. 17, 8:30 o'clk.
Song